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Honeywell Xenon Ultra 1960g

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Honeywell

Xenon[™] Ultra 196X Series

Area-Imaging Scanners

Scanner Family: 1960g, 1960h, 1960li, 1962g, 1962h, 1962li



User Guide

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Customer Supportxv	ίi
Technical Assistancexv	ίi
Product Service and Repairxv	ίi
Limited Warrantyxv	'ii
Chapter 1 - Get Started	1
About This Manual	1
Unpack Your Device	1
Features of the Device	2
Corded	2
Cordless	2
Connect the Corded Device	3
Connect with USB	3
Connect with Keyboard Wedge	4
Connect with RS232 Serial Port	5
Connect the Cordless Device	6
Reading Techniques	7
Menu Barcode Security Settings	7
Set Custom Defaults	7
Reset the Custom Defaults	8
Chapter 2 - Program the Interface	9
Introduction	9
Program the Interface - Plug and Play	9

Keyboard Wedge	9
Laptop Direct Connect	10
RS232 Serial Port	10
USB IBM SurePos	10
USB PC or Macintosh Keyboard	11
USB HID	11
USB Serial	11
CTS/RTS Emulation	12
ACK/NAK Mode	12
High Speed USB	12
Verifone [®] Ruby Terminal	13
Gilbarco [®] Terminal	13
Honeywell Bioptic Aux Port	14
Datalogic™ Magellan [®] Aux Port	14
Wincor Nixdorf Terminal	14
Wincor Nixdorf Beetle™ Terminal	15
Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A	15
Keyboard Country Layout	16
Keyboard Wedge Modifiers	23
ALT Mode	23
Keyboard Style	23
Keyboard Conversion	25
Control Character Output	25
Keyboard Modifiers	26
RS232 Modifiers	28
RS232 Baud Rate	28
RS232 Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity	29
RS232 Receiver Time-Out	30
RS232 Handshake	
RS232 Timeout	
XON/XOFF	
ACK/NAK	

Scanner to Bioptic Communication	
Scanner-Bioptic Packet Mode	
Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Mode	
Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout	
Chapter 3 - Cordless System Operation	35
How the Cordless Charge Base/Access Point Works	
Link the Scanner to a Base	
Link the Scanner to an Access Point	
Replace a Linked Scanner	
Communication Between the Cordless System and the Host	
Program the Scanner and Base or Access Point	
RF (Radio Frequency) Module Operation	
System Conditions	
Find My Button	
Find My Button and Presentation Modes	
Temporary Streaming Presentation Timeout	
Presentation Mode in the Base	
Charge Information	
Battery Information	
Battery Recommendations	41
Safety Precautions for Lithium Batteries	
Battery-Free Supercapacitor Information	
Beeper and LED Sequences and Meaning	
Scanner Communication and Scanning	
Access Point Communication and Scanning	
Base Communication and Scanning	
Base Power Communication Indicator	
Base Charge Status	
Battery LED Status	
Battery LED Alerts	
Low Power Alerts	

Low Power Alert Range	45
Low Power Alert Flash Number	45
Low Power Alert Repeat	46
Low Power Alert Beep	46
Reset Scanner	47
Scan While in Base Cradle	47
Base Charge Modes	47
Find My Button	48
Find My Mode	48
Find My Pitch	49
Error Indicators	49
Beeper Pitch - Base Error	49
Number of Beeps - Base Error	50
Scanner Report	50
Scanner Address	50
Base or Access Point Address	50
Battery/Battery-Free Supercapacitor Information	51
Scanner Modes	51
Charge Only Mode	51
Charge and Link Mode	51
Linked Modes	52
Unlink the Scanner	52
Override Locked Scanner	53
Out-of-Range Alarm	53
Alarm Sound Type	53
Scanner Power Time-Out Timer	54
Power Save Mode	55
Scanner Power Save Time-Out Timer	56
Flexible Power Management	57
Batch Mode	58
Batch Mode Beep	59
Batch Mode Storage	59
Batch Mode Quantity	60

Enter Quantities	60
Batch Mode Output Order	62
Total Records	62
Delete Last Code	62
Clear All Codes	62
Transmit Records to Host	63
Batch Mode Transmit Delay	63
Multiple Scanner Operation	64
Scanner Name	64
Application Work Groups	65
Application Work Group Selection	66
Reset the Factory Defaults: All Application Work Groups	67
Reset the Custom Defaults: All Application Work Groups	67
Use the Scanner with Bluetooth Devices	68
Bluetooth Secure Simple Pairing (SSP)	68
Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect	68
Virtual Keyboard	69
Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect	69
Bluetooth Serial Port - PCs/Laptops	69
PDAs/Mobility Systems Devices	70
Change the Scanner's Bluetooth PIN Code	70
Minimize Bluetooth/ISM Band Network Activity	70
Auto Reconnect Mode	70
Maximum Link Attempts	71
Relink Time-Out	72
Bluetooth/ISM Network Activity Examples	72
Host Acknowledgment	73
Host ACK On/Off	75
Host ACK Timeout	75
Host ACK Responses	75
Chapter 4 - Input/Output Settings	77
Power Up Beeper	77

Beep on BEL Character	78
Trigger Click	78
Good Read and Error Indicators	78
Beeper – Good Read	78
Beeper Volume – Good Read	79
Beeper Pitch – Good Read	79
Beeper Pitch – Error	79
Beeper Duration – Good Read	80
LED – Good Read	80
Number of Beeps – Good Read	80
Number of Beeps – Error	
Good Read Delay	81
User-Specified Good Read Delay	82
Trigger Modes	82
Manual Trigger	82
Trigger Toggle	82
Serial Trigger	84
Presentation Mode	85
Camera Motion Presentation Mode	85
Object Detection Mode	85
Presentation LED Behavior after Decode	86
Presentation Centering	86
Presentation Reread Control	88
In-Stand Sensor Mode	
Poor Quality Codes	
Poor Quality 1D Codes	
Poor Quality PDF Codes	90
Low Resolution PDF Codes	90
CodeGate [™]	90
Streaming Presentation Mode	91
Streaming Presentation In-Stand	
Hands Free Time-Out	
Reread Delay	92
-	

User-Specified Reread Delay	92
2D Reread Delay	93
Character Activation	93
Activation Character	94
End Character Activation After Good Read	94
Character Activation Timeout	94
Character Deactivation	95
Deactivation Character	95
Illumination Lights	95
Aimer Delay	96
User-Specified Aimer Delay	96
Aimer Mode	96
Presentation Aimer Mode	97
Centering	97
Single Code Centering	97
Custom Centering	97
Preferred Symbology	99
High Priority Symbology	100
Low Priority Symbology	100
Preferred Symbology Time-out	100
Preferred Symbology Default	101
Output Sequence Overview	101
Output Sequence Editor	101
To Add an Output Sequence	101
Output Sequence Editor Commands	102
Enter Output Sequence	105
Partial Sequence	105
Good Read Tone - Output Sequences	110
Multiple Symbols	
Multiple Symbols Count	111
No Read	112
Video Reverse	112
Working Orientation	113

Extract Delay	114
Chapter 5 - Healthcare Settings	115
Quiet Operations - Combination Codes	115
Silent Mode with Flashing LED	115
Silent Mode with Long LED	
Very Low Beeper (Nighttime Mode)	
Low Beeper (Daytime Mode)	117
Quiet Operations - LED and Volume Settings	117
Linking LED Colors and Sound	117
Number of LED Flashes	
LED Flash Rate	
LED Solid (No Flash)	
Find My Volume Control	
Out-of-Range Alarm Volume	
Out-of-Range Delay	
Vibrate – Good Read	
Chapter 6 - Data Edit	
Prefix/Suffix Overview	
Prefix/Suffix Overview Points to Keep In Mind	
Points to Keep In Mind	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix Prefix Selections	
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix Prefix Selections Suffix Selections	123 123 124 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 126
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix Prefix Selections Suffix Selections Function Code Transmit	123 123 124 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 125 126 126 126
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix Prefix Selections Suffix Selections Function Code Transmit Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays	123 123 124 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 126 126 126 127
Points to Keep In Mind Add a Prefix or Suffix Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix Prefix Selections Suffix Selections Function Code Transmit Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays Intercharacter Delay	123 123 124 124 124 124 125 125 125 125 126 126 126 127

Chapter 7 - Data Format/Queue Busting	
Data Format Editor Introduction	
Show Data Format	130
Add a Data Format	130
Other Programming Selections	
Terminal ID Table	
Data Format Editor Commands	
Send Commands	
Move Commands	138
Search Commands	139
Miscellaneous Commands	142
Data Formatter	145
Data Format Non-Match Error Tone	146
Primary/Alternate Data Formats	147
Single Scan Data Format Change	147
Queue Busting Extraction	148
Queue Busting Symbology	148
Extraction Code ID	149
Extraction Separator	
Extraction Delay	149
Chapter 8 - Symbologies	
All Symbologies	
Message Length Description	
Codabar	
Code 39	
Interleaved 2 of 5	
NEC 2 of 5	
Code 93	
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)	
Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/stop)	
Matrix 2 of 5	
	±0J

Code 11	
Code 128	
ISBT 128 Concatenation	
GS1-128	
Telepen	
UPC-A	
UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code	
Coupon GS1 DataBar Output	
UPC-E0	
UPC-E1	
EAN/JAN-13	
ISBN Translate	
EAN/JAN-8	
MSI	
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	
GS1 DataBar Limited	
GS1 DataBar Expanded	
Trioptic Code	
Codablock A	
Codablock F	
Label Code	
PDF417	
MacroPDF417	
MicroPDF417	
GS1 Composite Codes	
GS1 Emulation	
TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)	
QR Code	
DotCode	
Digimarc Barcode™	
Data Matrix	

MaxiCode	205
Aztec Code	
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	
Postal Codes - 2D	208
Planet Code Check Digit	211
Postnet Check Digit	
Australian Post Interpretation	
Postal Codes - Linear	
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	
Korea Post	214
Chapter 9 - Imaging Commands	215
Single-Use Basis	
Command Syntax	215
Image Snap - IMGSNP	216
IMGSNP Modifiers	
Image Ship - IMGSHP	
IMGSHP Modifiers	
Image Size Compatibility	
Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX	
Signature Capture Optimize	
IMGBOX Modifiers	
RF Default Imaging Device	
Chapter 10 - Utilities	235
To Add a Test Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies	235
Show Software Revision	235
Test Menu	235
TotalFreedom	236
Application Plug-Ins (Apps)	236
EZConfig for Scanning Introduction	237
Configure with EZConfig for Scanning	
Reset the Factory Defaults	238

Chapter 11 - Serial Programming Commands	239
Conventions	239
Menu Command Syntax	239
Query Commands	240
Trigger Commands	242
Reset the Custom Defaults	243
Menu Commands	244
Chapter 12 - Product Specifications	277
Xenon Ultra Product Specifications	277
Depth of Field Charts	279
Retail/Healthcare Typical Performance	279
Retail/Healthcare Guaranteed Performance	
Light Industrial Typical Performance	
Light Industrial Guaranteed Performance	
Standard Connector Pinouts	284
Keyboard Wedge	
Serial Output	
USB	285
Required Safety Labels	
Chapter 13 - Maintenance and Troubleshooting	
Repairs	
Maintenance	
Clean the Scanner	
About Disinfectant-ready Models	
Inspect Cords and Connectors	
Replace Cables in Corded Scanners	
Replace an Interface Cable	
Replace Cables and Batteries in Cordless Systems	
Replace an Interface Cable in a Base	
Change a Contact Battery or Battery-Free Supercapacitor	

Change a Contactless Battery or Battery-Free Supercapacitor	
Troubleshoot a Corded Scanner	
Troubleshoot a Cordless System	
Troubleshoot a Base	
Troubleshoot a Cordless Scanner	
Chapter A - Reference Charts	295
Symbology Charts	
Linear Symbologies	
2D Symbologies	
Postal Symbologies	
ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252)	
Lower ASCII Reference Table	
ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements	
Keyboard Key References	
Sample Symbols	307
Programming Chart	309

Customer Support

Technical Assistance

To search our knowledge base for a solution or to log in to the Technical Support portal and report a problem, go to honeywell.com/PSStechnicalsupport.

For our latest contact information, see sps.honeywell.com.

Product Service and Repair

Honeywell International Inc. provides service for all of its products through service centers throughout the world. Go to sps.honeywell.com and select **Support** to find a service center near you or to get a Return Material Authorization number (RMA #) before returning a product.

Limited Warranty

For warranty information, go to sps.honeywell.com and then select **Support > Pro**ductivity > Warranties. GET STARTED

About This Manual

This User Guide provides installation and programming instructions for the Xenon[™] Ultra 1960 corded area-imaging scanners and the Xenon[™] Ultra 1962 cordless area-imaging scanners. Product specifications, dimensions, warranty, and customer support information are also included.

Honeywell barcode scanners are factory programmed for the most common terminal and communications settings. If you need to change these settings, programming is accomplished by scanning the barcodes in this guide.

Note: For Xenon Ultra accessories, see the Xenon Ultra 196x Series Accessories User Guide on sps.honeywell.com.

An asterisk (*) next to an option indicates the default setting.

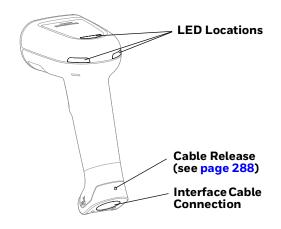
Unpack Your Device

After you open the shipping carton containing the product, take the following steps:

- Check for damage during shipment. Report damage immediately to the carrier who delivered the carton.
- Make sure the items in the carton match your order.
- Save the shipping container for later storage or shipping.

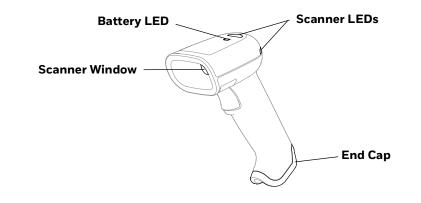
Features of the Device

Corded

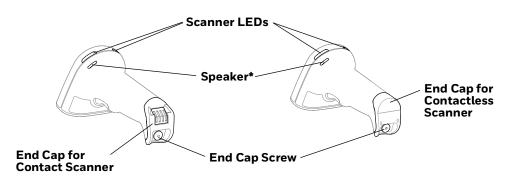


Cordless

Front



Back



* Only applies to 1962g/1962li.

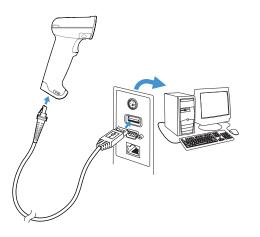
Connect the Corded Device

Connect with USB

A scanner can be connected to the USB port of a computer.

1. Connect the appropriate interface cable to the device first, then to the computer.

Corded Scanner USB Connection:



Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

- 2. The scanner beeps.
- 3. Verify the scanner operation by scanning a barcode from the Sample Symbols, beginning on page 307.

The unit defaults to a USB PC Keyboard. Refer to page 11 for other USB terminal settings.

Connect with Keyboard Wedge

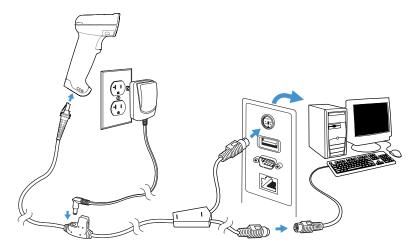
A scanner can be connected between the keyboard and PC as a "keyboard wedge," where the scanner provides data output that is similar to keyboard entries.

Note: Power must be turned off before connecting the keyboard cable.

The following is an example of a keyboard wedge connection:

- 1. Turn off power and disconnect the keyboard cable from the back of the terminal/computer.
- 2. Connect the appropriate interface cable to the device and to the terminal/ computer.

Corded Scanner Keyboard Wedge Connection:



Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

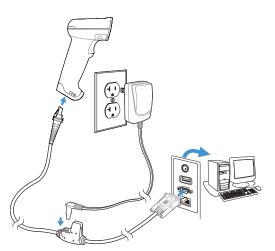
- 3. Turn the terminal/computer power back on. The scanner beeps.
- 4. Verify the scanner operation by scanning a barcode from the Sample Symbols, beginning on page 307.

The unit defaults to an IBM PC AT and compatibles keyboard wedge interface with a USA keyboard. A carriage return (CR) suffix is added to barcode data.

Connect with RS232 Serial Port

- 1. Turn off power to the terminal/computer.
- 2. Connect the appropriate interface cable to the scanner.
- **Note:** For the scanner to work properly, you must have the correct cable for your type of terminal/computer.

Corded Scanner RS232 Serial Port Connection:



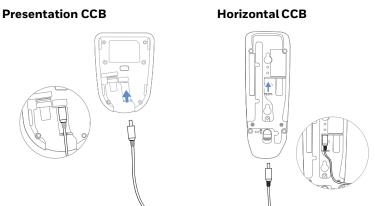
Note: The power supply must be ordered separately, if needed.

- 3. Plug the serial connector into the serial port on your computer. Tighten the two screws to secure the connector to the port.
- 4. Once the scanner has been fully connected, power up the computer.

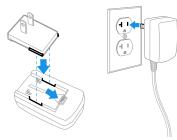
This interface programs 115,200 baud, 8 data bits, no parity, and 1 stop bit.

Connect the Cordless Device

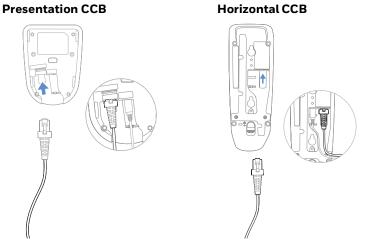
- **Note:** If you are charging the scanner using the USB cable, the current available for charging is reduced and charge times are increased. Charging via the power supply or the BC1.2 charge port is faster.
 - 1. Plug the power supply in the bottom of the base.



2. Plug the power supply into a standard wall outlet.



3. Plug the communication cable in the bottom of the base.



- 4. Plug the communication cable to the host.
- 5. Place the scanner into the base. The scanner will automatically link to the base.

Reading Techniques

The Xenon Ultra scanners have a view finder that projects a bright green aiming beam that corresponds to the scanner's horizontal field of view. The aiming beam should be centered over the barcode, but it can be positioned in any direction for a good read.



2D Matrix Symbol



Menu Barcode Security Settings

Honeywell scanners are programmed by scanning menu barcodes or by sending serial commands to the scanner. If you want to restrict the ability to scan menu codes, you can use the Menu Barcode Security settings. Contact the nearest technical support office (see Technical Assistance on page xvii) for further information.

Set Custom Defaults

You have the ability to create a set of menu commands as your own, custom defaults. To do so, scan the **Set Custom Defaults** barcode below before scanning the menu commands for your custom defaults. If a menu command requires scanning numeric codes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then a **Save** code, that entire sequence will be saved to your custom defaults. When you have entered all the commands you want to save for your custom defaults, scan the **Save Custom Defaults** barcode.





Note: When using a cordless system, the Custom Defaults settings apply to all workgroups. Scanning the **Save Defaults** barcode also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to re-establish the link before any setup codes are entered. If using an Access Point, the linking barcode must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 35 for additional information. You may have a series of custom settings and want to correct a single setting. To do so, just scan the new setting to overwrite the old one. For example, if you had previously saved the setting for Beeper Volume at Low to your custom defaults, and decide you want the beeper volume set to High, just scan the **Set Custom Defaults** barcode, then scan the Beeper Volume High menu code, and then **Save Custom Defaults**. The rest of the custom defaults will remain, but the beeper volume setting will be updated.

Reset the Custom Defaults

If you want the custom default settings restored to your scanner, scan the **Activate Custom Defaults** barcode below. This is the recommended default barcode for most users. It resets the scanner to the custom default settings. If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the scanner to the factory default settings. Any settings that have not been specified through the custom defaults will be defaulted to the factory default settings.



Activate Custom Defaults

CHAPTER

PROGRAM THE INTERFACE

Introduction

This chapter describes how to program your system for the desired interface.

Program the Interface - Plug and Play

Plug and Play barcodes provide instant scanner set up for commonly used interfaces.

Note: After you scan one of the codes, power cycle the host terminal to have the interface in effect.

Keyboard Wedge

If you want your system programmed for an IBM PC AT and compatibles keyboard wedge interface with a USA keyboard, scan the barcode below. Keyboard wedge is the default interface.

Note: The following barcode also programs a carriage return (CR) suffix.



PAP_AT. IBM PC AT and Compatibles with CR suffix

Laptop Direct Connect

For most laptops, scanning the **Laptop Direct Connect** barcode allows operation of the scanner in parallel with the integral keyboard. The following **Laptop Direct Connect** barcode also programs a carriage return (CR) suffix and turns on Emulate External Keyboard (page 24).



RS232 Serial Port

The **RS232 Interface** barcode is used when connecting to the serial port of a PC or terminal. The following **RS232 Interface** barcode also programs a carriage return (CR) and a line feed (LF) suffix, baud rate, and data format as indicated below. It also changes the trigger mode to manual.

Option	Setting
Baud Rate	115,200 bps
Data Format	8 data bits, no parity bit, 1 stop bit



USB IBM SurePos

Scan one of the following "Plug and Play" codes to program the scanner for an IBM SurePos (USB handheld scanner) or IBM SurePos (USB tabletop scanner) interface.

Note: After scanning one of these codes, you must power cycle the cash register.





USB IBM SurePos (USB Tabletop Scanner) Interface

Symbology	Suffix	Symbology	Suffix
EAN 8	OC	Code 39	00 0A 0B
EAN 13	16	Interleaved 2 of 5	00 0D 0B
UPC A	OD	Code 128 *	00 0A 0B
UPC E	OA	Code 128 **	00 18 OB
		MaxiCode	00 2F 0B

Each barcode above also programs the following suffixes for each symbology:

* Suffixes programmed for Code 128 with IBM 4683 Port 5B, IBM 4683 Port 9B HHBCR-1, and IBM 4683 Port 17 Interfaces

**Suffixes programmed for Code 128 with IBM 4683 Port 9 HHBCR-2 Interface

USB PC or Macintosh Keyboard

Scan one of the following codes to program the scanner for USB PC Keyboard or USB Macintosh Keyboard. Scanning these codes also adds a CR suffix.



PAP125. USB Keyboard (Mac)



USB HID

Scan the following code to program the scanner for USB HID Barcode scanners.



USB Serial

If you are using a Microsoft[®] Windows[®] PC, you will need to download the latest driver from the Honeywell Technical Support Downloads Portal at honeywell.com/ PSSsoftware-downloads. The driver will use the next available COM Port number. Apple[®] Macintosh computers recognize the scanner as a USB CDC class device and automatically use a class driver. After the driver is downloaded, scan the following code to program the scanner to emulate a regular RS232-based COM Port.



No extra configuration (e.g., baud rate) is necessary.

Note: If you scan the USB Serial barcode either with an older Honeywell serial driver, or no driver installed, you may no longer be able to scan barcodes. If this happens, either uninstall the older driver versions and install the latest driver, or delete the specific device entry in Device Manager.

CTS/RTS Emulation





ACK/NAK Mode





High Speed USB

Note: High Speed USB is only available with cable CBL-500-120-S00-HS and must be ordered separately.



* High Speed USB Off



Verifone[®] Ruby Terminal

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Verifone Ruby terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 1200 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, mark parity bit, 1 stop bit. It also adds a line feed (LF) suffix and programs the following prefixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	А
UPC-E	А
EAN-8	FF
EAN-13	F



Gilbarco[®] Terminal

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Gilbarco terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 2400 bps and the data format to 7 data bits, even parity, 2 stop bits. It also adds a carriage return (CR) suffix and programs the following prefixes for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix
UPC-A	А
UPC-E	EO
EAN-8	FF
EAN-13	F



Honeywell Bioptic Aux Port

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Honeywell bioptic scanner auxiliary port configuration. This barcode sets the baud rate to 38400 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



Datalogic[™] Magellan[®] Aux Port

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Datalogic Magellan auxiliary port configuration. This barcode sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



Datalogic Magellan Settings

Wincor Nixdorf Terminal

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit.



Wincor Nixdorf Terminal Settings

Wincor Nixdorf Beetle[™] Terminal

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf Beetle terminal. The following prefixes are programmed for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix	Symbology	Prefix
Aztec Code	V	Interleaved 2 of 5	1
Codabar	Ν	MaxiCode	Т
Code 93	L	MicroPDF417	S
Code 128	К	PDF417	Q
Data Matrix	R	QR Code	U
EAN-8	В	Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Н
EAN-13	А	UPC-A	AO
GS1 DataBar	E	UPC-E	С
GS1-128	Ρ	All other barcodes	М



Wincor Nixdorf Beetle Settings

Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A

Scan the following Plug and Play code to program the scanner for a Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A terminal. This barcode sets the baud rate to 9600 bps and the data format to 8 data bits, odd parity, 1 stop bit. The following prefixes are programmed for each symbology:

Symbology	Prefix	Symbology	Prefix
Code 128	K	EAN-13	А
Code 93	L	GS1-128	K
Codabar	Ν	Interleaved 2 of 5	
UPC-A	AO	Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Н
UPC-E	С	GS1 DataBar	E
EAN-8	В		
All other barcodes	М		



Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A Settings



If your interface is USB Keyboard or Keyboard Wedge, your keyboard layout default is a US keyboard. To change this layout, scan the appropriate Keyboard Country barcode below. By default, national character replacements are used for the following characters: # \$ @ [\] ^ ' { | } ~. Refer to the ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 302 to view the character replacements for each country.

Keyboard Countries





KBDCTY82. Belarus

KBDCTY33. Bosnia



KBDCTY35. Albania







KBDCTY59. Brazil (MS)











































Greek (MS)

















KBDCTY75. Iceland

KBDCTY56. Italian (142)



Hungary



Irish







KBDCTY28. Japan ASCII



































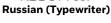




















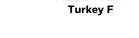


















Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide



KBDCTY85. Tatar











Keyboard Wedge Modifiers

ALT Mode

If your barcode contains special characters from the extended ASCII chart, for example, an e with an accent grave (è), you will use ALT Mode. (See Extended ASCII Characters on page 299.)

Note: Scan the ALT mode barcode after scanning the appropriate Keyboard Country code.

If your keystrokes require the ALT key and 3 or 4 characters, scan the **3 Characters** or **4 Characters** barcode. The data is then output with the special character(s) for values 00-255. *Default = Off*.



* Off



3 Characters



Keyboard Style

This programs keyboard styles, such as Caps Lock and Shift Lock. If you have used Keyboard Conversion settings, they will override any of the following Keyboard Style settings. *Default = Regular.*

Regular is used when you normally have the Caps Lock key off.



Caps Lock is used when you normally have the Caps Lock key on.



Shift Lock is used when you normally have the Shift Lock key on (not common to U.S. keyboards).



Automatic Caps Lock is used if you change the Caps Lock key on and off. The software tracks and reflects if you have Caps Lock on or off. This selection can only be used with systems that have an LED that notes the Caps Lock status (AT keyboards).



Automatic Caps Lock

Autocaps via NumLock barcode should be scanned in countries (e.g., Germany, France) where the Caps Lock key cannot be used to toggle Caps Lock. The NumLock option works similarly to the regular Autocaps, but uses the NumLock key to retrieve the current state of the Caps Lock.



Autocaps via NumLock

Emulate External Keyboard should be scanned if you do not have an external keyboard (IBM AT or equivalent).



Emulate External Keyboard

Note: After scanning the Emulate External Keyboard barcode, you must power cycle your computer.

Keyboard Conversion

Alphabetic keyboard characters can be forced to be all upper case or all lowercase. So if you have the following barcode: "abc569GK," you can make the output "ABC569GK" by scanning **Convert All Characters to Upper Case**, or to "abc569gk" by scanning **Convert All Characters to Lower Case**.

These settings override Keyboard Style selections.

Note: If your interface is a keyboard wedge, first scan the menu code for Automatic Caps Lock (page 24). Otherwise, your output may not be as expected.

Default = Keyboard Conversion Off.



* Keyboard Conversion Off





to Lower Case

Control Character Output

This selection sends a text string instead of a control character. For example, when the control character for a carriage return is expected, the output would display [CR] instead of the ASCII code of OD. Refer to ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252) on page 298. Only codes 00 through 1F are converted (the first column of the chart). *Default = Off.*

Note: Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode overrides this mode.





* Control Character Output Off

Keyboard Modifiers

This modifies special keyboard features, such as CTRL+ ASCII codes and Turbo Mode.

Control + X (Control + ASCII) Mode On: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F. Windows is the preferred mode. All keyboard country codes are supported. DOS mode is a legacy mode, and it does not support all keyboard country codes. New users should use the Windows mode. Refer to ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), page 298 for CTRL+ X Values.

Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F, but it does not translate prefix or suffix information.

Support ALT 3 Digit HEX Mode: The scanner sends key combinations for ASCII control characters for values 00-1F transmitted as the ALT key and 3 digits.

Default = Control + X Mode Off.











DOS Mode Control + X Mode On with Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix



Turbo Mode: The scanner sends characters to a terminal faster. If the terminal drops characters, do not use Turbo Mode. *Default = Off.*





Numeric Keypad Mode: Sends numeric characters as if entered from a numeric keypad. *Default = Off.*





* Numeric Keypad Mode Off

Automatic Direct Connect Mode: This selection can be used if you have an IBM AT style terminal and the system is dropping characters. *Default = Off.*





RS232 Modifiers

RS232 Baud Rate

Baud Rate sends the data from the scanner to the terminal at the specified rate. The host terminal must be set for the same baud rate as the scanner. *Default* = 115,200.



232BAD1.

32BAL 600







232BAD6. 19200 232BAD5. 9600







RS232 Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity

Data Bits sets the word length at 7 or 8 bits of data per character. If an application requires only ASCII Hex characters 0 through 7F decimal (text, digits, and punctuation), select 7 data bits. For applications that require use of the full ASCII set, select 8 data bits per character. *Default = 8*.

Stop Bits sets the stop bits at 1 or 2. *Default = 1*.

Parity provides a means of checking character bit patterns for validity. *Default = None.*



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even



7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None









* 8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None



232WRD1. 7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity None

232WRD5. 8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even





RS232 Receiver Time-Out

The unit stays awake to receive data until the RS232 Receiver Time-Out expires. A manual or serial trigger resets the time-out. When an RS232 receiver is sleeping, a character may be sent to wake up the receiver and reset the time-out. A transaction on the CTS line will also wake up the receiver. The receiver takes 300 milliseconds to completely come up. Change the RS232 receiver time-out by scanning the barcode below, then scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then scanning **Save**. The range is 0 to 300 seconds. *Default = 0 seconds (no time-out - always on).*



RS232 Handshake

RS232 Handshaking allows control of data transmission from the scanner using software commands from the host device. When RTS/CTS is turned Off, no data flow control is used.

Flow Control, No Timeout: The scanner asserts RTS when it has data to send, and will wait indefinitely for CTS to be asserted by the host.

Two-Direction Flow Control: The scanner asserts RTS when it is OK for the host to transmit. The host asserts CTS when it is OK for the device to transmit.

Flow Control with Timeout: The scanner asserts RTS when it has data to send and waits for a delay (see RS232 Timeout on page 31) for CTS to be asserted by the host. If the delay time expires and CTS is not asserted, the device transmit buffer is cleared and scanning may resume. *Default = RTS/CTS Off.*



Flow Control, No Timeout







RS232 Timeout

When using **Flow Control with Timeout**, you must program the length of the delay you want to wait for CTS from the host. Set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 1-5100 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then scanning **Save**.



XON/XOFF

Standard ASCII control characters can be used to tell the scanner to start sending data (XON/XOFF On) or to stop sending data (XON/XOFF Off). When the host sends the XOFF character (DC3, hex 13) to the scanner, data transmission stops. To resume transmission, the host sends the XON character (DC1, hex 11). Data transmission continues where it left off when XOFF was sent. *Default = XON/XOFF Off*.





ACK/NAK

After transmitting data, the scanner waits for an ACK character (hex 06) or a NAK character (hex 15) response from the host. If ACK is received, the communications cycle is completed and the scanner looks for more barcodes. If NAK is received, the

last set of barcode data is retransmitted and the scanner waits for ACK/NAK again. Turn on the ACK/NAK protocol by scanning the **ACK/NAK On** barcode below. To turn off the protocol, scan **ACK/NAK Off**. *Default = ACK/NAK Off*.





Scanner to Bioptic Communication

The following settings are used to set up communication between Honeywell scanners and bioptic scanners.

Note: The scanner's baud rate must be set to 38400 and the RS232 timeout must be set to 3000 in order to communicate with a bioptic scanner. See "RS232 Modifiers" on page 28, and RS232 Timeout on page 31 for further information.

Scanner-Bioptic Packet Mode

Packet Mode On must be scanned to set the scanner's format so it is compatible with a bioptic scanner. *Default = Packet Mode Off.*



* Packet Mode Off



232PKT2. Packet Mode On

Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Mode

Bioptic ACK/NAK On must be scanned so the scanner will wait for an ACK or NAK from a bioptic scanner after each packet is sent. The Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout (below) controls how long the scanner will wait for a response. *Default = Bioptic ACK/NAK Off.*





Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout

This allows you to set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout for a bioptic scanner's ACK/NAK response. Scan the barcode below, then set the timeout (from 1-30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then scanning **Save**. *Default = 5100*.



ACK/NAK Timeout

CHAPTER

CORDLESS SYSTEM OPERATION

This chapter is supported by 1962x Series scanners.

How the Cordless Charge Base/Access Point Works

A charge and communication base or an Access Point provides the link between the cordless scanner and the host system. The base/Access Point contains an interface assembly and an RF communication module. The RF communication module performs the data exchange between the cordless scanner and the interface assembly. The control assembly coordinates the central interface activities including: transmitting/receiving commands and data to/from the host system, performing software activities (parameter menuing, visual indicator support, power-on diagnostics), and data translation required for the host system.

The cordless base is also a scanner's battery or battery-free supercapacitor charger. Refer to Battery Recommendations, page 41, for additional information.

Link the Scanner to a Base

Turn off power before connecting a base, then power up the computer once the base is fully connected. When the base is connected and powered up, put the scanner in the base to establish a link.

If the scanner and base have previously been linked, you do not receive any feedback. If this is the first time that the scanner and base are linked, both devices emit a short chirp when their radios link. At this point, that one scanner is linked to one base.

To determine if your scanner has linked to the base correctly, scan one of the sample barcodes beginning on page 307. If the scanner provides a single good read beep and the green LED lights, the scanner has successfully linked to the base. If you receive an error tone and the red LED lights, the scanner has not linked to the base. Refer to page 293 for troubleshooting information.

Link the Scanner to an Access Point

Turn on the computer (laptop/desktop). Plug the interface cable into the Access Point first and then into the appropriate port on the computer. The page button lights up when the connection to the host is made.

Scan the linking barcode on the top of the Access Point to establish a connection between the Access Point and the scanner. The scanner emits a short beep and flashes the green LED to confirm a connection with the Access Point. The Access Point's page button remains blue.

Replace a Linked Scanner

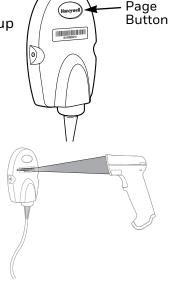
If you need to replace a broken or lost scanner that is linked to a base or an Access Point, scan the **Override Locked Scanner** barcode below with a new scanner and place that scanner in the base, or scan the Access Point linking barcode. The locked link will be overridden, the broken or lost scanner's link with the base or Access Point will be removed, and the new scanner will be linked.

Communication Between the Cordless System and the Host

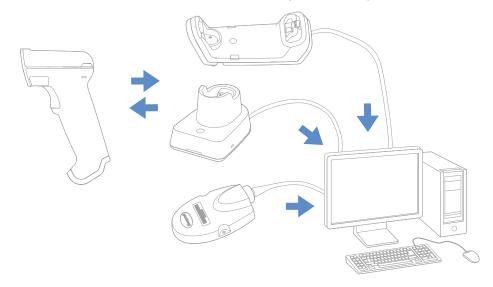
The cordless scanner provides immediate feedback in the form of a "good read" indication with a green LED on the scanner and an audible beep. The scanner also vibrates, if programmed to do so. This indicates that the barcode has been scanned correctly and the base or Access Point has acknowledged receiving the data. This is possible since the cordless system provides two-way communication between the scanner and the base or Access Point.



(Single Scanner)



When data is scanned, the data is sent to the host system via the base or Access Point. The cordless scanner recognizes data acknowledgment (ACK) from the base or Access Point. If it cannot be determined that the data has been properly sent to the base or Access Point, the scanner issues an error indication. You must then check to see if the scanned data was received by the host system.



- 1. Scanner reads code and gets ACK from base or Access Point.
- 2. Base or Access Point sends data to host.

Program the Scanner and Base or Access Point

When using the scanner and base or Access Point together as a system, menu parameters and configuration settings are stored in the base or Access Point. Therefore, when programming any menu configuration settings, the scanner must be linked to the intended base or Access Point.

Note: This only applies when the scanner is linked to a base or Access Point. If the scanner is in a non-base mode, configuration settings are stored in the scanner.

RF (Radio Frequency) Module Operation

The cordless system uses a two-way Bluetooth[™] radio to transmit and receive data between the scanner and the base or Access Point. Designed for point-to-point and multi-point-to-single point applications, the radio operates using a license free ISM band, which sends relatively small data packets at a fast data rate over a radio signal with randomly changing frequencies, makes the cordless system highly responsive to a wide variety of data collection applications and resistant to noisy RF environments. The CCB (Bluetooth Class 1, Class 2, or BLE) provides a communication range of 328 feet (100m) or 33 feet (10m) between the scanner and base or Access Point, depending on the environment. See Flexible Power Management, page 57, for information about controlling this range.

System Conditions

The components of the cordless system interact in specific ways as you associate a scanner to a base or Access Point, as you move a scanner out of range, bring a scanner back in range, or swap scanners between two cordless systems. The following information explains the cordless system operating conditions.

Link Process

Once a scanner is placed into a cordless base, the scanner's charge status is checked, and software automatically detects the scanner and links it to the base depending on the selected link mode.

Refer to Link the Scanner to an Access Point, page 36, for information about linking to an Access Point.

Scanner Is Out of Range

The cordless scanner is in communication with its base or Access Point, even when it is not transmitting barcode data. Whenever the scanner can't communicate with the base or Access Point for a few seconds, it is out of range. If the scanner is out of range and you scan a barcode, the scanner issues an error tone indicating no communication with the base or Access Point. A cordless base can also sound an alarm. Refer to Out-of-Range Alarm, page 53.

Scanner Is Moved Back Into Range

The scanner relinks if the scanner or the base or Access Point have been reset, or the scanner comes back into range. If the scanner relinks, you will hear a single chirp when the relinking process (uploading of the parameter table) is complete. Refer to Out-of-Range Alarm on page 53 for further information.

Out of Range and Back into Range with Batch Mode On

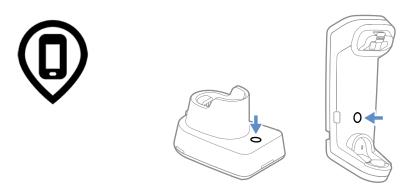
The scanner may store a number of symbols (approximately 450 U.P.C. symbols; others may vary) when it is out of range and then send them to the base or Access Point when back in range (see Batch Mode on page 58).

You will not hear a communication error tone in this mode, but you will hear a short buzz when you press the trigger if the radio communication is not working. Once the radio connection is made, the scanner produces a series of beeps while the data is being transferred to the base or Access Point.

Find My Button

When you press the Find My button on the base, the scanners associated with that base will begin beeping (3 short and 1 long beep). If you press the trigger on a scanner that is beeping in response, or press the Find My button on the base or a second time, all associated scanners will stop beeping. See Find My Mode on page 48 for further information about Find My button settings.

Find My Button and Presentation Modes



When in Streaming Presentation Mode, the scanner's aimer goes out after a short time, but the scan illumination remains on all the time to continuously search for barcodes (see Streaming Presentation Mode on page 91). When in Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode, pressing the Find My button on the base puts the scanner into Streaming Presentation Mode until the timeout occurs. If a barcode is scanned before the timeout is reached, the timer starts over.

When the scanner is in the base, press the Find My button once to put the scanner into Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode. When the scanner is in the base and the base has external power (plugged into an outlet), press the Find My button twice to put the scanner into Streaming Presentation Mode. Press it twice again to end Streaming Presentation Mode. When the base does not have external power, pressing the Find My button twice does not trigger Streaming Presentation Mode.

When the scanner is out of the base, the Find My button works normally. *Default = Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode On.*

BEPPGE2

* Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode On

To remove Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode, scan the barcode for **Find My Mode On** page 48.

Temporary Streaming Presentation Timeout

Set a timeout for the length of time the illumination remains on and searching for barcodes when using Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode. Set the length for the timeout by scanning one of the barcodes below. *Default = 10,000 ms (10 seconds)*.



*10 Second Timeout



30 Second Timeout

Presentation Mode in the Base





Charge Information

The battery or battery-free supercapacitor is designed to charge while the scanner is positioned in the cordless base unit. Refer to Scanner Communication and Scanning, page 42, for an interpretation of the Charge Status indicators. Refer to Charge Only Mode (page 51) if you need to charge a scanner without linking it to the base.

Place the scanner in the base that is connected to an appropriate power supply. Use only a Listed Limited Power Source (LPS) or Class 2 type power supply with output rated 5 to 5.2Vdc, 1A.

Note: If you are powering the base through the interface cable (for example, a USB cable) and not using an external power supply plugged into the aux port, the current available for charging is reduced and charge times are increased.

Battery Information

Power is supplied to the scanner by a rechargeable battery that is integrated in the scanner handle. Batteries are shipped only partially charged. The battery should be charged for a minimum of 4 hours before initial use to ensure optimal performance.

Battery Recommendations

- The battery is a lithium ion cell and can be used without a full charge, and can also be charged without fully discharging, without impacting the battery life. There is no need to perform any charge/discharge conditioning on this type of battery.
- Keep the base connected to power when the host is not in use.
- Replace a defective battery immediately since it could damage the scanner.
- Avoid dropping the battery or device. If you suspect the battery and/or device is damaged or if intermittent power and charging issues occur, send the relevant device(s) to a Honeywell service center for inspection of the device and/or battery.
- Although your battery can be recharged many times, it will eventually be depleted. Replace it after the battery is unable to hold an adequate charge.
- Batteries should be replaced periodically, typically two years depending on the specific device.
- If you are not sure if the battery or charger is working properly, send it to Honeywell International Inc. or an authorized service center for inspection. Refer to Customer Support on page xvii for additional information.



Caution: Use only Honeywell Li-ion battery packs, model number BAT-SCN11 or BAT-SCN11WC, rated 3.7 Vdc, 7.4Whr in this device. Use of any non-Honeywell battery may result in damage not covered by the warranty.

Safety Precautions for Lithium Batteries

- To learn more about Battery Maintenance for Portable Devices, go to honeywell.com/PSS-BatteryMaintenance.
- Do not place batteries in fire or heat the batteries.
- Do not store batteries near fire or other high temperature locations.
- Do not store or carry batteries together with metal objects.
- Do not expose batteries to water or allow the batteries to get wet.
- Do not connect (short) the positive and negative terminals, of the batteries, to each other with any metal object.
- Do not pierce, strike or step on batteries or subject batteries to strong impacts or shocks.
- Do not disassemble or modify batteries.



Caution: Danger of explosion if batteries are incorrectly replaced. Dispose of used batteries according to the recycle program for batteries as directed by the governing agency for the country where the batteries are to be discarded.

Battery-Free Supercapacitor Information



Caution: A Xenon Ultra battery-free supercapacitor can be only charged by a Xenon Ultra Presentation charge/communication base or Horizontal charge/communication base. Use of any non-Honeywell power supply may results in damage not covered by the warranty.

Power is supplied to the cordless scanner by a rechargeable battery-free supercapacitor that is integrated in the scanner handle. The battery-free supercapacitor must be charged before initial use. When the scanner is not in use, return it to the base.

Beeper and LED Sequences and Meaning

The scanner contains LEDs on the top and rear of the CCB that indicate linking status, decoding state, and battery condition or battery-free supercapacitor condition. The base has LEDs on the top of the unit that indicate its power up, communication, and battery charge condition or battery-free supercapacitor condition.

Scanner Communication and Scanning

The following feedback is provided by the scanner and indicates communication and scanning status.

LED	Beeper	Cause				
Normal Operation						
Green Flash	1 Beep	Successful communication or linking				
Red, Blinking	Razz or Error Tone	Failed communication				
Menu Operation						
Green Flash	2 Beeps	Successful menu change				
Red, Blinking	Razz or Error Tone	Unsuccessful menu change				

Access Point Communication and Scanning

The following feedback is provided by the Access Point (blue LED) and indicates communication and scanning status.

LED	Communication Condition
Off	USB suspend
On continuously	Power on, system idle
Short blinks in multiple pulses. Occurs while transferring data to/from the RF module or the Host port.	Receiving data

Base Communication and Scanning

The following feedback is provided by the base and indicates communication and scanning status.

LED	Communication Condition
Off	USB suspend
Red LED Blinking	Power on, system idle (without connected scanner)
Green LED Blinking	Power on, system idle (with connected scanner)
Green LED short blinks in multiple pulses. Occurs while transferring data to/from the RF module or the Host port.	Receiving data

Note: While Battery-free supercapacitor scanners are seated in the base, the LED status is Off.

Base Power Communication Indicator

To display the power indicator on a base or an Access Point, scan the **Base Power Communication Indicator On** barcode. To turn off the power indicator, scan the **Off** barcode. *Default = On*.





Base Power Communication Indicator Off

Base Charge Status

When charging the base indicates the progress while the scanner resides in the base.

Charge Status	Battery	Battery-Free Supcap	Wireless Charger Battery	Wireless Charger Battery-Free Supcap
Charging	Green LED Breathing	Green LED Breathing	Green LED Breathing	LED Off
Charge Complete	Green On	Green On	Green On	LED Off

Battery LED Status

The scanner contains LEDs on the top of the unit that indicate battery/battery-free supercapacitor condition.

LED	Charge Level	Battery-Free Supercapacitor Voltage
Green	70-100%	4501-5200
Amber	69-31%	3601-4500
Red	30-6%	3001-3600
Flashing Red	5-0%	0-3000

Battery LED Alerts

The battery LED can be customized based on your needs. **Always Off** will turn off the battery LED. **Always On** will turn on the battery LED and it will always display. **Always On in Base** will display white in the base, for 5 seconds while the charge level switches, and after pressing the trigger for 5 seconds. *Default = Always On in Base*.



Always Off





* Always On in Base

Low Power Alerts

Low power alerts allow you to customize battery LED to flash in different patterns when the charge level is low. Use the barcodes that follow to customize the settings for the power range being configured, the number of flashes per alert, the interval between flashes, the number of alerts, and the interval between alerts. The beeper can also be set to silent, or to sound with the flash patterns.

Low Power Alert Range

Set the power range that will trigger a low power alert. Default = 10%.



*Low Power Alert 10%



Low Power Alert 30%



Low Power Alert 30%

Low Power Alert Flash Number

You can program the battery-free scanner's LEDs to flash up to 9 times for the low power alert. If the Low Power Alert Beep (page 46) is on, a double beep will sound with each flash. To set the number of low power flashes, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.** Default = 3 flashes.



Low Power Alert Flash Number

Interval Between Flashes

Set the length of time, in seconds, between the LED flashes for a low power alert. To set the interval, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.** *Default = 2 seconds between flashes.*



Interval Between Flashes

Low Power Alert Repeat

Set how many times you want the low power flash pattern (flashes and intervals) to repeat. To set the number, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-5) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.** Default = 1.



Low Power Alert Repeat

Interval Between Alerts

If you have set the Low Power Alert Repeat (page 46) to more than 1, you can set the length of time, in seconds, between the low power alerts. To set this interval, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (10-120) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.** Default = 10 seconds between alerts.



Interval Between Alerts

Low Power Alert Beep

If you do not want the beeper to sound for a low power alert, scan the **Low Power Alert Beep Off** barcode. Any low power alert settings will still flash the scanner LEDs, whether or not the beeper sounds. **Low Power Alert Beep On** the scanner will beep when the battery is less than 5% and will beep after each scan. *Default* = *Low Power Alert Beep On*.



Low Power Alert Beep Off



Reset Scanner

Scanning this barcode reboots the scanner and causes it to relink with the base or Access Point.



Scan While in Base Cradle

If you want to be able to scan barcodes while the scanner is in the base cradle, scan the **Scan in Cradle On** barcode below. If you want to only allow scanning when the scanner is out of the base cradle, scan **Scan in Cradle Off**. If you want the scanner to shut down when in the base cradle, scan **Shut Down Scanner in Cradle**. *Default for Presentation CCB = Scan in Cradle On*. *Default for Horizontal CCB= Scan in Cradle Off*.







Base Charge Modes

When the base has both an external power supply (plugged into the auxiliary power port) and a host interface cable, it will draw its power from the external power supply. When the base does not have an external power supply, it draws its power from the interface cable. However, the scanner charges more slowly from a host interface cable than if auxiliary power were available. Using the following selections, you can specify whether the scanner is charged from power supplied via the host interface cable. When **Base Charge Off** is selected, the scanner does not charge when the scanner is in the base cradle.

When **External or Interface Cable Power** is selected, the scanner charges from the base's external power supply, if there is one. If there is no external power supply to the base, the scanner charges from the interface cable.

When **External Power Only** is selected, the scanner only charges from the base's external power supply. If there is no external power supply, the scanner does not charge.

Note: If you are using a cordless base in Presentation Mode, **External Power Only** is the only setting available.

Default = External or Interface Cable Power.







Find My Button

Find My Mode

By default, the Find My button on the base or Access Point (page button) pages the scanners associated with that base or Access Point. If you want the Find My button on your base or Access Point to be disabled, scan the **Find My Mode Off** barcode, below. When Find My Mode is off, the base or Access Point will no longer Find My scanners when the button is pressed. The red LED on the base or blue LED on the Access Point will remain lit to indicate that Find My mode is off. (This light will go out when the button is pressed, then back on when it's released.) *Default = Find My Mode On*.





Find My Pitch

When you press the Find My button on the base or Access Point, the scanners associated with that base or Access Point will begin beeping (see Find My Mode on page 48). You can set the pitch of the Find My beep for each scanner by scanning one of the following barcodes. *Default = Low.*





Medium (3250 Hz)



Error Indicators

Beeper Pitch - Base Error

The base can be configured to beep at a particular pitch when an error occurs, such as transmission problems to a host system. The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the error tone the base emits when there is an error. *Default = Low.*



* Low/Razz (250 Hz)



Medium (3250 Hz)



High (4200 Hz)

Number of Beeps - Base Error

The number of beeps and LED flashes emitted by the base for an error condition can be programmed from 1 - 9. For example, if you program this option to have five error beeps, there will be five error beeps and five LED flashes in response to an error. To change the number of error beeps, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 1*.



Number of Base Error Beeps/LED Flashes

Scanner Report

Scan the barcode below to generate a report for the connected scanners. The report indicates the port, work group, scanner name, and address. To assign a name to your scanner, refer to Menu Command Syntax, page 239.



Scanner Report

Scanner Address

Scan the barcode below to determine the address of the scanner you are using.



Scanner Address

Base or Access Point Address

Scan the barcode below to determine the address of the base or Access Point you are using.



Base Address

Battery/Battery-Free Supercapacitor Information

Scan the barcode below to determine if you have a battery or a battery-free supercapacitor.



Scanner Modes

Your scanner is capable of working in single scanner mode, multiple scanner mode, or with Bluetooth devices other than the base or Access Point.

Charge Only Mode

There may be times when you want to charge your scanner, but not link to the base. For example, if a scanner is linked to an Access Point or other Bluetooth device and you need to charge the scanner, but want to retain your existing link.

In order to program the base for Charge Only Mode, you must link a scanner to it. Once the scanner is linked to the base, scan the **Charge Only Mode** barcode. Any subsequent scanners placed in that base will charge without linking to it. The scanner used to program the base remains linked to the base. To unlink this scanner, scan Unlink Scanner on page 52.



Charge Only Mode

Note: When in Charge Only Mode, the scanner periodically wakes up and beeps. See Power Up Beeper on page 77 to change this setting.

Charge and Link Mode

If you want to charge a scanner and link to the base, use Charge and Link Mode. If the base is programmed for Charge Only Mode, you must link a scanner to it first in order to program it for Charge and Link Mode. Scan the linking barcode on the base to link the scanner, then scan **Charge and Link Mode**. *Default = Charge and Link Mode*.



* Charge and Link Mode

Linked Modes

Locked Link Mode and Open Link Mode are the link modes that accommodate different applications. Scan the appropriate barcodes included in the Open Link and Locked Link Mode explanations that follow to switch from one mode to another. *Default = Open Link Mode*.

Locked Link Mode - Single Scanner

If you link a scanner to a base or an Access Point using the Locked Link Mode, other scanners are blocked from being linked if they are inadvertently placed into the base, or if the Access Point linking barcode is scanned. If you do place a different scanner into a base, it will charge the scanner, but the scanner will not be linked.



To use a different scanner, you need to unlink the original scanner by scanning the **Unlink Scanner** barcode. (See Unlink the Scanner, page 52.)

Open Link Mode - Single Scanner

When newly shipped or defaulted to factory settings, a scanner is not linked to a base or an Access Point. A link is established when the scanner is placed into a base, or an Access Point linking barcode is scanned. When in Open Link Mode, a new link is established when a new scanner is placed in the base, or you scan an Access Point linking barcode. Each time a scanner is placed into a base or scans an Access Point linking barcode, the scanner becomes linked to the base or Access point and the old scanner is unlinked.



* Open Link Mode (Single Scanner)

Unlink the Scanner

If a base or an Access Point has a scanner linked to it, that scanner must be unlinked before a new scanner can be linked. Once the previous scanner is unlinked, it will no longer communicate with the base or Access Point. To unlink the scanner from a base or an Access Point, scan the **Unlink Scanner** barcode below.



Override Locked Scanner

If you need to replace a broken or lost scanner that is linked to a base or an Access Point, scan the **Override Locked Scanner** barcode below with a new scanner and place that scanner in the base, or scan the Access Point linking barcode. The locked link will be overridden; the broken or lost scanner's link with the base or Access Point will be removed, and the new scanner will be linked.



Out-of-Range Alarm

If your scanner is out range of the base, an alarm sounds from both your base and scanner. If your scanner is out range of an Access Point, an alarm sounds from just the scanner. The alarm stops when the scanner is moved closer to the base or Access Point, when the base or Access Point connects to another scanner, or when the alarm duration expires. To activate the alarm options for the scanner or the base and to set the alarm duration, scan the appropriate barcode below and then set the time-out duration (from 0-3000 seconds) by scanning digits on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 0 sec (no alarm)*.



Note: The Access Point does not have a base alarm.



Scanner Alarm Duration

Note: If you are out of range when you scan a barcode, you will receive an error tone even if you do not have the alarm set. You receive the error tone because the data could not be sent to the base or Access Point or the host.

Alarm Sound Type

You may change the alarm type for the scanner or base by scanning the appropriate barcode below and then scanning a digit (0-7) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 0*.

The sounds are as follows:

Setting	Sound
0	3 long beeps, medium pitch
1	3 long beeps, high pitch
2	4 short beeps, medium pitch
3	4 short beeps, high pitch
4	single chirps, medium pitch
5	2 chirps, then 1 chirp, medium pitch
6	single chirps, high pitch
7	2 chirps, then 1 chirp, high pitch





Scanner Power Time-Out Timer

When there is no activity within a specified time period, the scanner enters low power mode. Scan the appropriate scanner power time-out barcode to change the time-out duration (in seconds).

Note: Scanning zero (0) is the equivalent of setting no time-out.

If there are no trigger pulls during the timer interval, the scanner goes into power down mode. Whenever the trigger is enabled, the timer is reset. The scanner will not go into power down mode when it is in the base and charging. *Default = 3600 seconds*.



BT LPT400. 400 seconds

> BT LPT3600. * 3600 seconds





900 seconds





Note: When the scanner is in power down mode, press the trigger to power the unit back up. There will be a set of power up beeps and a delay of up to a few seconds for the radio to join. The scanner will then be ready to use.

Power Save Mode

Note: Power Save Mode only applies to Xenon Ultra battery-free scanners.

When Power Save Mode is **Enabled**, the scanner will go into sleep mode. Default = Disabled.

Note: When the scanner is in power save mode, press the trigger to power the unit back up. There will be a delay of up to two seconds for the radio to join. The scanner will then be ready to use.





Scanner Power Save Time-Out Timer

Note: Power Save Mode only applies to Xenon Ultra battery-free scanners.

When there is no activity and the scanner is out of the base within a specified time, the scanner enters Power Save Mode. Scan the appropriate barcode to change the time-out duration (in seconds). *Default = 300 seconds*.











* 300 seconds

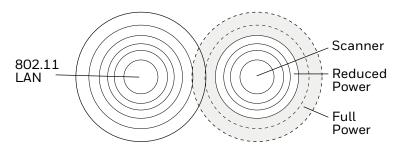




900 seconds

Flexible Power Management

If you are experiencing network performance issues, and suspect the scanner is interfering with other devices, you can turn down the power output of the scanner. This reduces the range between the scanner and a base or an Access Point as shown in the following illustration:



Scan one of the barcodes below to set the scanner's power output to **Full Power** (100%), **Medium Power** (35%), **Medium Low Power** (5%), or **Low Power** (1%). *Default = Full Power*.

For Bluetooth Class 1 operation, use Full Power.

For Bluetooth Class 2 operation, use Medium Power or lower.

For BLE operation, use Medium Power.









Batch Mode

Batch mode is used to store barcode data when a scanner is out of range of its base or Access Point, or when performing inventory. The data is transmitted to the base or Access Point once the scanner is back in range or when the records are manually transmitted.

Note: Batch Mode is only supported by the Honeywell Charge and Communication Base (CCB) and Honeywell Access Point (AP). Batch mode has limitations when using multiple scanners to one base or Access Point. If a cordless, battery system is being used in "multiple link mode," where up to 7 scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are constantly being moved in and out of range. If a cordless, battery-free supercapacitor system is being used in "multiple link mode," where up to 3 scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are to be connected to one base or Access Point, some accumulated or batched scans could be lost if scanners are constantly being moved in and out of range.

Automatic Batch Mode stores barcode data when the scanner is out of range of the base or Access Point. The data is automatically transmitted to the base or Access Point once the scanner is back in range. When the scanner's buffer space is full, any barcodes scanned generate an error tone. In order to scan barcodes again, the scanner must be moved back into range of the base or Access Point so data can be transmitted.

Inventory Batch Mode stores barcode data, whether or not you are in range of the base or Access Point. To transmit the stored data to the base or Access Point, either place the scanner in the base, or scan Transmit Inventory Records (page 63). When the scanner's buffer space is full, any barcodes scanned generate an error tone. In order to scan barcodes again, the data must be transmitted to the base or Access Point. Once the data is transmitted, it is cleared in the scanner.

Persistent Batch Mode is the same as Inventory Batch Mode, except that once the data is transmitted to the base or Access Point, it is retained in the scanner. If you want to transmit more than once, you can do so using this mode. In order to clear the scanner's buffer, you must scan Clear All Codes (see page 62).

Note: Persistent Batch Mode is not recommended for use in contactless scanners. Contact Technical Assistance for more information.

Default = Batch Mode Off.









Batch Mode Beep

When scanning in Inventory Batch Mode (page 59), the scanner beeps every time a barcode is scanned. When Batch Mode Beep is **On**, you will also hear a click when each barcode is sent to the host. If you do not want to hear these clicks, scan **Batch Mode Beep Off**. *Default = Batch Mode Beep On*.



Batch Mode Beep Off



Batch Mode Storage

When a scanner is storing data during a Batch Mode process, you can select whether the data is stored in Flash memory or in RAM.

Flash Storage: The scanner writes any untransmitted data to flash memory prior to powering down. The data will still be there when the scanner powers back up. However, the scanner will power down, even with untransmitted data, if it reaches a power down timeout or if the battery or battery-free supercapacitor power is very low.

RAM Storage: The scanner will not power down while it contains data that has not been transmitted to the base or Access Point, even if it reaches a power down timeout. However, if the scanner runs out of power, it will power down and the data will be lost.

Default = Flash Storage.





Batch Mode Quantity

When in Batch Mode, you may wish to transmit the number of multiple barcodes scanned, rather than a single barcode multiple times. For example, if you scan three barcodes called XYZ with **Batch Mode Quantity Off**, when you transmit your data it will appear as XYZ three times. Using **Batch Mode Quantity On** and the Quantity Codes (page 61), you could output your data as "XYZ, 00003" instead.

Note: If you wish to format your output, for example, place a CR or tab between the barcode data and the quantity, refer to Data Format/Queue Busting beginning on page 129.

Default = Batch Mode Quantity Off.



* Batch Mode Quantity Off



Batch Mode Quantity On

Enter Quantities

Quantity Codes (page 61) allow you to enter a quantity for the last item scanned, up to 9999 (default = 1). Quantity digits are shifted from right to left, so if a fifth digit is scanned, the first digit scanned is discarded and the second, third and fourth digits are moved to the left to accommodate the new digit.

For example, if the Quantity 5 barcode is scanned after the quantity has been set to 1234, then the 1 is dropped, the quantity will be 2345.

Example: Add a quantity of 5 for the last item scanned.

- 1. Scan the item's barcode.
- 2. Scan the quantity **5** barcode.

Example: Add a quantity of 1,500 for the last item scanned.

- 1. Scan the item's barcode.
- 2. Scan the quantity **1** barcode.
- 3. Scan the quantity **5** barcode.
- 4. Scan the quantity **0** barcode.

5. Scan the quantity **0** barcode.

Example: Change a quantity of 103 to 10.

To correct an incorrect quantity, scan the quantity O barcode to replace the incorrect digits, then scan the correct quantity barcodes.

- 1. Scan the quantity **0** barcode to change the quantity to 1030.
- 2. Scan the quantity **0** barcode to change the quantity to 0300.
- 3. Scan the quantity **1** barcode to change the quantity to 3001.
- 4. Scan the quantity **0** barcode to change the quantity to 0010.

Default = 1.













ATINUIV 7

BATNUM4. 4







Batch Mode Output Order

When batch data is transmitted, select whether you want that data sent as **FIFO** (first-in first-out), or **LIFO** (last-in first-out). *Default = Batch Mode FIFO*.





Total Records

If you wish to output the total number of barcodes scanned when in Batch Mode, scan **Total Records**.



Delete Last Code

If you want to delete the last barcode scanned when in Batch Mode, scan **Delete Last Code**.



Clear All Codes

If you want to clear the scanner's buffer of all data accumulated in Batch Mode, scan **Clear All Codes**.



Transmit Records to Host

If you are operating in Inventory Batch Mode (see Inventory Batch Mode on page 59), you must scan the following barcode to transmit all the stored data to the host system.



Batch Mode Transmit Delay

Sometimes when accumulated scans are sent to the host system, the transmission of those scans is too fast for the application to process. To program a transmit delay between accumulated scans, scan one of the following delays. *Default = Off.*

Note: In most cases, a short (250 ms (milliseconds)) delay is ideal, however, longer delays may be programmed. Contact Technical Support (page xvii) for additional information.





Batch Mode Transmit Delay Short (250 ms)



Batch Mode Transmit Delay Medium (500 ms)



Batch Mode Transmit Delay Long (1000 ms)

Multiple Scanner Operation

- **Note:** Multiple Scanner Operation Mode for battery scanners allows you to link up to 7 scanners to one base or Access Point. You cannot join a 8th scanner until you unlink one of the 7 scanners or take a scanner out of range.
- **Note:** Multiple Scanner Operation Mode for battery-free supercapacitor scanners allows you to link up to 3 scanners to one base or Access Point. You cannot join a 4th scanner until you unlink one of the 3 scanners or take a scanner out of range

To put the scanner in multiple scanner mode, scan the barcode below. Once you scan this barcode, the scanner is unlinked from the base or Access Point and must either be placed into the base, or you must scan the Access Point linking barcode in order to relink.



Scanner Name

You may assign a name to each scanner you are using for identification purposes. For example, you may want to have a unique identifier for a scanner that is receiving imaging commands sent from the base or Access Point.

The default name is in the format "ScannerName_Model_SN_XXXXXXXXXXX" If you have more than one scanner linked to a base, and they all have the same name, the first scanner linked to the base receives commands. When renaming a series of scanners with identical names, unlink all except one of the scanners from the base.

Perform the rename operation using either the barcodes on page 65, or by sending the serial command **:ScannerName:BT_NAMNewName.** where ScannerName is the current name of the scanner, and NewName is the new name for the scanner. If you wish to change the names of additional scanners, link them one at a time and repeat the **:ScannerName:BT_NAMNewName.** command for each scanner.

To rename scanners with sequential numeric names, scan the barcodes below. Scan the **Reset** code after each name change and wait for the scanner to relink to the base or Access Point before scanning a barcode to rename the next scanner.







You may also scan the **Scanner Name** barcode below and scan a number for the scanner name. For example, if you wanted to name the linked scanner "312," you would scan the barcode below, scan the **3**, **1**, and **2** barcodes on the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. Scan the **Reset** barcode and wait for the scanner to relink to the base.



Application Work Groups

Your cordless, battery system can have up to 7 scanners linked to one base or Access Point. You can also have up to 7 work groups. Your cordless, battery-free supercapacitor system can have up to 3 scanners linked to one base or Access Point. You can also have up to 3 work groups. If you want to have all of the scanners' settings programmed alike, you don't need to use more than one work group. If you want each scanner to have unique settings (e.g., beeper volume, prefix/suffix, data formatter), then you may program each scanner to its own unique work group and may program each scanner independently. For example, you might want to have multiple work groups in a retail/warehouse application where you need to have different data appended to barcodes used in the warehouse area versus the retail area. You could assign all the scanners in the retail area to one work group and those in the warehouse to another. Consequently, any desired changes to either the retail or warehouse area would apply to all scanners in that particular work group. Honeywell's online configuration tool, EZConfig-Scanning (page 236), makes it easy for you to program your system for use with multiple scanners and multiple work groups.

The scanner keeps a copy of the menu settings it is using. Whenever the scanner is connected or reconnected to a base or an Access Point, the scanner is updated with the latest settings from the base or Access Point for its work group. The scanner also receives menu setting changes processed by the base or Access Point. If a scanner is removed from a base or an Access Point and placed into another base or linked to another Access Point, it will be updated with the new base/Access Point settings for whatever work group to which that the scanner was previously assigned. For example, if the scanner was in work group 1 linked to the first base, it will be placed in work group 1 in the second base with the associated settings.

Application Work Group Selection

This programming selection allows you to assign a scanner to a work group by scanning the barcode below. You may then program the settings (e.g., beeper volume, prefix/suffix, data formatter) that your application requires. *Default = Group 0.*



GRPSEL2. Group 2











GRPSEL6. Group 6

GRPSEL4. Group 4



Reset the Factory Defaults: All Application Work Groups

The following barcode defaults all of the work groups to the factory default settings.



To see what the factory default settings are, refer to the table of Menu Commands, beginning on page 244. The standard product default settings for each of the commands are indicated by an asterisk (*).

Note: Scanning this barcode also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in the base, or the Access Point linking barcode must be scanned to re-establish the link. Refer to Scanner Modes, page 51 for additional information.

If your scanner is in multiple scanner mode, you will hear up to 30 seconds of beeping while all scanners are relinked to the base or Access Point and the settings are changed.

Reset the Custom Defaults: All Application Work Groups

If you want the custom default settings restored to all of the work groups, scan the **Custom Product Default Settings** barcode below. (If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the work groups to the factory defaults.) See "Set Custom Defaults" on page 7 for further information about custom defaults.



Custom Default Settings: All Work Groups

Note: Scanning this barcode also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base, or the Access Point linking barcode must be scanned to re-establish the link. Refer to Scanner Modes, page 51 for additional information.

If your scanner is in multiple scanner mode, you will hear up to 30 seconds of beeping while all scanners are relinked to the base or Access Point and the settings are changed.

Use the Scanner with Bluetooth Devices

The scanner can be used either with the base, an Access Point, or with other Bluetooth devices. Those devices include personal computers, laptops, PDAs, and Honeywell mobility systems devices.

Bluetooth Secure Simple Pairing (SSP)

Secure Simple Pairing (SSP) allows you to connect simply and securely to other Bluetooth devices without having to enter a PIN code (as described in Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect procedure). SSP is only available when using Bluetooth version 2.1 or higher. When SSP is on, no PIN is required for pairing. Turn SSP off if you are connecting to a Bluetooth device that is not using a compatible Bluetooth version. Default = Bluetooth SSP On.





Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect

Your scanner can be paired with Bluetooth-capable devices, such as personal computers, laptops, and tablets, so that scanned data appears on your device screen as though it was entered on the keyboard. In order to pair with the Bluetooth device:

1. Scan the appropriate Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect barcode below.





- 2. Set your personal computer, laptop or tablet so it searches for other Bluetooth devices. (Refer to your device's User Guide for pairing instructions.)
- 3. Select the scanner name on your device. Some devices will automatically pair with the scanner. If your device pairs automatically with the scanner, it displays a successful pairing message and you do not need to continue to the next step.

4. If your device does not automatically pair with the scanner, a PIN is displayed. This PIN must be scanned within 60 seconds. Quickly scan the **Bluetooth PIN Code** below and then scan the appropriate numeric barcodes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.



Virtual Keyboard

Once your scanner has been connected directly to an iPad, smart phone, or laptop, you can toggle the virtual keyboard on your device with a quick double pull of the scanner trigger.

Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect

If your scanner has been connected directly to an iPad, smart phone, or laptop, you must disconnect it in order to once again communicate with the base or Access Point. Scan the **Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect** barcode to unlink the scanner from the currently linked host. Scan the linking barcode on the base or Access Point to relink the scanner.



Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect

Bluetooth Serial Port - PCs/Laptops

Scanning the **Non-Base BT Connection** barcode below unlinks your scanner and puts it into a discoverable state. Once the scanner searches for and connects with a Bluetooth host, the scanner stores the connection to the host device address and switches virtual COM ports. This allows the scanner to automatically relink to the host if the connection is lost.



BT_TRM0;BT_DNG5. Non-Base BT Connection

PDAs/Mobility Systems Devices

You may also use the scanner with a PDA or a Honeywell Mobility Systems device. Scan the barcode below and follow the instructions supplied with your Bluetooth device to locate the scanner, and connect with it.



BT Connection - PDA/Mobility Systems Device

Change the Scanner's Bluetooth PIN Code

Some devices require a PIN code as part of the Bluetooth security features. Your scanner's default PIN is **1234**, which you may need to enter the first time you connect to your PDA or PC. The PIN code must be between 1 and 16 characters. To change the PIN, scan the barcode below and then scan the appropriate numeric barcodes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.



Minimize Bluetooth/ISM Band Network Activity

The settings described below can help you customize the relinking behavior of the cordless area-imaging system to obtain the best compromise between convenience and low interference.

Note: ISM band refers to the 2.4 to 2.48 GHz frequency band used by wireless networks, cordless phones, and Bluetooth.

Auto Reconnect Mode

Auto Reconnect controls whether or not the scanner automatically begins the relink process when a loss of connection is detected. When the **Auto Reconnect On** barcode is scanned, the scanner begins the relink process immediately, without user intervention. *Default = Auto Reconnect On*.





Event	Auto Reconnect On	Auto Reconnect Off
Scanner out of range	Relink occurs automatically. If maximum number of link attempts is unsuccessful, then the scanner must be relinked by either pulling the trigger, placing the scanner in the base, or scanning the Access Point linking barcode. (See "Maximum Link Attempts" on page 71.)	The scanner is relinked by pulling the trigger, or scanning the Access Point linking barcode.
Base or Access point reset (firmware upgrade or power cycle)	Scanner behaves as if out of range.	No attempt to relink made while base or Access Point is powered off. Trigger must be pulled to initiate relinking.
Scanner power down due to Power Time-Out Timer setting	Trigger must be pulled, Access Point linking barcode must be scanned, or the scanner must be placed in the base unit to relink. (Note: Scanner relinks on power up, but powers on due to one of the above actions.)	
Scanner reset due to firmware upgrade	Relink occurs automatically.	
Scanner reset due to battery or battery-free supercapacitor change	Relink occurs automatically.	
Scanner placed in different base unit	Relink to new base occurs automatically.	

The table below shows the results of the Auto Reconnect On and Off settings:

Maximum Link Attempts

The Maximum Link Attempts setting controls the number of times the scanner tries to form a connection with a base or an Access Point. During the connection setup process, the scanner transmits in order to search for and connect to a base or an Access Point. In order to prevent continuous transmissions that could interfere with other users of the ISM band, the number of attempts to connect is limited by this setting. After the maximum number of attempts is reached, the scanner will not attempt to reconnect to a base or an Access Point. Pressing the trigger, scanning an Access Point linking barcode, or placing the scanner in the cradle resets the attempt count and the scanner will again try to link.

Scan the **Maximum Link Attempts** barcode, then scan the number of attempts for the setting (from 0-100) from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 0*.



Note: When Auto Reconnect Mode is On, setting Maximum Link Attempts to zero will cause the scanner to try to link until the Power Time-Out Timer setting expires. When Auto Reconnect Mode is Off, setting Maximum Link Attempts to zero will cause the scanner to only attempt linking one time after a trigger press.

Relink Time-Out

Relink Time-Out controls the idle time between relink attempts. An attempt to link a scanner to a base or an Access Point typically lasts up to 5 seconds. This is the time when the scanner is actually attempting a contact. Relink Time-Out controls the amount of time, in seconds, that elapses between the end of one connection attempt and the start of the next.

Note: The length of time for an attempt depends on the number of scanners connected to a base unit or Access Point. An extra 7 seconds may be required when a connection is successful.

Scan the **Relink Time-Out** barcode, then scan the number of seconds for the setting (from 1-100) from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 3 seconds*.



Bluetooth/ISM Network Activity Examples

Default values

When the scanner goes out of range, the scanner repeatedly attempts to connect to the base unit or Access Point. Each attempt consists of approximately 5 seconds of active time followed by 3 seconds of idle time. After one hour, the scanner powers off and batch mode data is lost.

Example: Maximum Link Attempts set to 15 Other values at default setting

When the scanner goes out of range, 15 attempts are made to link to the base unit or Access Point. Each attempt consists of approximately 5 seconds of active time followed by 3 seconds of idle time. After 15 cycles (8*15 = 120), or about 2 minutes,

the scanner stops trying to connect to the base or Access Point, but retains any barcodes that may have been saved in batch mode. After one hour, the scanner powers off and batch mode data is lost.

Example: Auto Reconnect Mode set to 0 Maximum Link Attempts set to 15 Other values at default setting

When the scanner goes out of range, no action is taken to relink. When the trigger is pulled, 15 attempts are made to link to the base or Access Point. Each attempt consists of approximately 5 seconds of active time followed by 3 seconds of idle time. After 15 cycles (8*15 = 120), or about 2 minutes, the scanner stops trying to connect to the base or Access Point, but retains any barcodes that may have been saved in batch mode. After one hour, the scanner powers off and batch mode data is lost. Refer to Auto Reconnect Mode, page 70, to review other events that can start the relink process.

- **Example:** Auto Reconnect Mode set to 1 Maximum Link Attempts set to 0 Relink Time-Out set to 10 Scanner Power Time-Out Timer set to 1800
 - Note: See Scanner Power Time-Out Timer on page 54.

The scanner attempts to connect to the base or Access Point every 15 seconds, measured from one attempt start to the next attempt start. After one half hour, the scanner powers off.

Host Acknowledgment

Some applications require that the host terminal (or server) validate incoming barcode data (database look-up) and provide acknowledgment to the scanner whether or not to proceed. In Host ACK Mode, the scanner waits for this acknowledgment after each scan. Visual and audible acknowledgments provide valuable feedback to the scan operator. The Host ACK functionality is controlled via a number of pre-defined escape commands that are sent to the scanner to make it behave in different ways.

Note: System performance degrades when using Host ACK at rates lower than 9600 baud.

The following criteria must be met for the Host ACK to work correctly:

- The cordless system must be configured for Host Port RS232 (terminal ID = 000) or USB COM Emulation (terminal ID = 130).
- RTS/CTS is defaulted off. You must enable it if the host system requires it.
- Host ACK must be set to **On** (page 75).
- A comma must be used as a terminator.

• The host terminal software must be capable of interpreting the barcode data, make decisions based on the data content, and send out appropriate escape commands to the scanner.

Escape commands are addressed to the scanner via "Application Work Groups." Once a command is sent, all scanners in a group respond to that command. Because of this, it is recommended that each scanner is assigned to its own group in Host ACK mode.

The commands to which the scanner responds are listed on page 75. The **[ESC]** is a **1B** in hex. A typical command string is **y [ESC] x**, where "y" is the application work group number, "[ESC] x" is the escape command, and the comma is the terminator, which is required. (When "y" is not specified, the command is sent to the default Application Work Group 0.)

Example: Commands may be strung together to create custom response sequences. An example of a command string is listed below.

[ESC]4,[ESC]5,[ESC]6,

The above example will make a scanner that is in application work group zero beep low, then medium, then high.

Example: A good read beep is required for any item on file, but a razz or error tone is required if the item is not on file. In this case,

[ESC]7, is sent from the host to the scanner for an on-file product

[ESC]8,[ESC]8, is sent from the host to the scanner for a not-on-file product

When a barcode is scanned, the scanner enters a timeout period until either the host ACK sequence is received, or the timeout expires (in 10 seconds, by default).

Once Host ACK is enabled, the system works as follows when a barcode is scanned:

- The scanner reads the code and sends data to the base or Access Point to transmit to the host system. No audible or visual indication is emitted until the scanner receives an escape command. The scanner read illumination goes out when there's a successful read.
- Scanner operation is suspended until 1) a valid escape string is received from the host system or 2) the scanner times out.
- Once condition 1 or 2 above has been met, the scanner is ready to scan again, and the process repeats.

A time-out occurs if the scanner does not receive a valid escape command within 10 seconds. A time-out is indicated by an error tone. If a time-out occurs, the operator should check the host system to understand why a response to the scanner was not received.

Host ACK On/Off





Host ACK Timeout

You can set a timeout for the length of time the scanner waits for a valid escape command when using Host Acknowledgment Mode. Set the length (in seconds) for a timeout by scanning the following barcode, then setting the timeout (from 1-90 seconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 10*.



Host ACK Timeout

Host ACK Responses

Command	Action	
[ESC] a,	Double beeps to indicate a successful menu change was made.	
[ESC] b,	Razz or error tone to indicate a menu change was unsuccessful.	
[ESC] 1,	The green LED illuminates for 135 milliseconds followed by a pause.	
[ESC] 2,	The green LED illuminates for 2 seconds followed by a pause.	
[ESC] 3,	The green LED illuminates for 5 seconds followed by a pause.	
[ESC] 4,	Emits a beep at a low pitch.	
[ESC] 5,	Emits a beep at a medium pitch.	
[ESC] 6,	Emits a beep at a high pitch.	
[ESC] 7,	Beeps to indicate a successful decode and communication to host.	
[ESC] 8,[ESC] 8,	Razz or error tone to indicate a decode/communication to host was unsuccessful.	

CHAPTER

INPUT/OUTPUT SETTINGS

Power Up Beeper

The scanner can be programmed to beep when it's powered up. If you are using a cordless system, the base can also be programmed to beep when it is powered up. Scan the **Off** barcode(s) if you don't want a power up beep. *Default = Power Up Beeper On - Scanner.*



Power Up Beeper Off -Scanner



Scanner

BASPWR0

Power Up Beeper Off -Cordless Base



Power Up Beeper On -Cordless Base

Beep on BEL Character

You may wish to force the scanner to beep upon a command sent from the host. If you scan the **Beep on BEL On** barcode below, the scanner will beep every time a BEL character is received from the host. *Default = Beep on BEL Off.*





Trigger Click

To hear an audible click every time the scanner trigger is pressed, scan the **Trigger Click On** barcode below. Scan the **Trigger Click Off** code if you don't wish to hear the click. (This feature has no effect on serial or automatic triggering.) *Default* = *Trigger Click Off*.





Good Read and Error Indicators

Beeper – Good Read

The beeper may be programmed **On** or **Off** in response to a good read. Turning this option off only turns off the beeper response to a good read indication. All error and menu beeps are still audible. *Default = Beeper - Good Read On*.





Beeper Volume – Good Read

The beeper volume codes modify the volume of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = High for 196xg/196xli, Low for 196xh scanners.*



BEPLVL3. * High





Beeper Pitch – Good Read

The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = Medium.*







Beeper Pitch – Error

The beeper pitch codes modify the pitch (frequency) of the sound the scanner emits when there is a bad read or error. *Default = Razz*.





Medium (3250 Hz)



Beeper Duration – Good Read

The beeper duration codes modify the length of the beep the scanner emits on a good read. *Default = Normal.*





LED – Good Read

The LED indicator can be programmed **On** or **Off** in response to a good read. *Default = On.*





Number of Beeps – Good Read

The number of beeps of a good read can be programmed from 1 - 9. The same number of beeps will be applied to the beeper and LED in response to a good read. For example, if you program this option to have five beeps, there will be five beeps and five LED flashes in response to a good read. The beeps and LED flashes are in

sync with one another. To change the number of beeps, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.** *Default = 1*.



Number of Good Read Beeps/LED Flashes

Number of Beeps – Error

The number of beeps and LED flashes emitted by the scanner for a bad read or error can be programmed from 1 - 9. For example, if you program this option to have five error beeps, there will be five error beeps and five LED flashes in response to an error. To change the number of error beeps, scan the barcode below and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 1*.



Number of Error Beeps/LED Flashes

Good Read Delay

This sets the minimum amount of time before the scanner can read another barcode. *Default = 0 ms (No Delay).*







Medium Delay (1,000 ms)



User-Specified Good Read Delay

If you want to set your own length for the good read delay, scan the barcode below, then set the delay (from 0 - 30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.



Trigger Modes

Manual Trigger

When in manual trigger mode, the scanner scans until a barcode is read, or until the trigger is released. Two modes are available, **Normal** and **Enhanced**. Normal mode offers good scan speed and the longest working ranges (depth of field). Enhanced mode will give you the highest possible scan speed but slightly less range than Normal mode. Enhanced mode is best used when you require a very fast scan speed and don't require a long working range. *Default = Manual Trigger-Normal*.





Trigger Toggle

Trigger Toggle mode lets you quickly hit the trigger two or three times to put the scanner into either imaging mode or centering mode, then toggle back to scanning. So, like a double-click with a mouse, you can control what the next scanner's action will be. For example, you could double-press the trigger to go into imaging mode, then the next trigger press takes the image. The scanner then reverts to scanning mode. Use the following codes to configure what action you would like the scanner to take when in Trigger Toggle mode.







Trigger Number

This sets the number of trigger presses required to activate the Trigger Toggle Mode.







Trigger Timing

This sets the timing of the trigger presses in order to qualify as a trigger toggle, rather than a regular trigger press. After scanning the **Trigger Timing** barcode, set the time-out duration (from 50-2,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 400ms*.



Trigger Toggle Timeout

This sets the length of time the scanner stays in trigger toggle mode before reverting to scan mode. After scanning the **Trigger Toggle Timeout** barcode, set the time-out duration (from 0 to 65 seconds) by scanning digits from the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 5 seconds*.

Note: If this is set to 0, you must repeat the toggle sequence to return to the default scanning mode. For example, if 2 quick trigger presses puts the scanner into centering mode and the Trigger Timing is 0, you would have to do 2 quick presses again to go back to the default scanning mode.



Serial Trigger

You can activate the scanner either by pressing the trigger, or using a serial trigger command (see Trigger Commands on page 242). You must be in a serial interface mode in order to use serial triggering. Refer to RS232 Serial Port (page 10) or USB Serial (page 11) for further information. When in serial mode, the scanner scans until a barcode has been read or until the deactivate command is sent. The scanner can also be set to turn itself off after a specified time has elapsed (see Read Time-Out, which follows).

Read Time-Out

Use this selection to set a time-out (in milliseconds) of the scanner's trigger when using serial commands to trigger the scanner. Once the scanner has timed out, you can activate the scanner either by pressing the trigger or using a serial trigger command. After scanning the **Read Time-Out** barcode, set the time-out duration (from 0-300,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 30,000 ms*.



Presentation Mode

Presentation Mode uses ambient light and scanner illumination to detect barcodes. When in Presentation Mode, the LEDs remain dim until a barcode is presented to the scanner, then the aimer turns on and the LEDs turn up to read the code. If the light level in the room is not high enough, Presentation Mode may not work properly.

Note: If you are using an USB base in Presentation Mode, the battery will not charge unless the power supply is plugged into the base's auxiliary power port.

Scan the following barcode to program your scanner for Presentation Mode.



Presentation Mode

Camera Motion Presentation Mode

Camera Motion Presentation Mode uses the camera sensor to detect when an object is in the scanner's field of view while the scanner is in a magnetic stand. When **Off**, the scanner will return to <u>Object Detection Mode</u> using infrared (IR). *Default = Off.*





Object Detection Mode

Object Detection Mode uses an infrared (IR) beam to detect when an object is in the scanner's field of view. When an object is detected, the scanner attempts to scan the barcode. Scan the **Short Range** code for a target that's approximately 3 inches (8cm) away. Or, scan the **Mid Range** code for a target that's approximately 6 inches (15cm) away. *Default = Object Detection - Short Range*.



* Object Detection - Short Range



Object Detection - Mid Range

Presentation LED Behavior after Decode

When a scanner is in presentation mode, the LED aimer dims 30 seconds after a barcode is decoded. If you wish to dim the LED aimer immediately after a barcode is decoded, scan the **LEDs Off** barcode, below. *Default = LEDs On*.





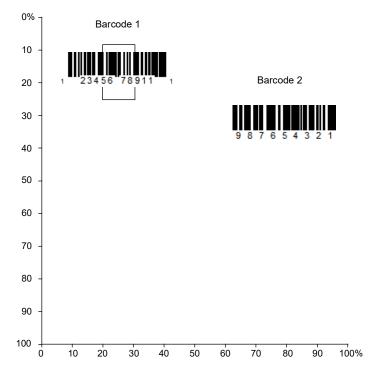
Presentation Centering

Use Presentation Centering to narrow the scanner's field of view when it is in the stand to make sure the scanner reads only those barcodes intended by the user. For instance, if multiple codes are placed closely together, Presentation Centering will insure that only the desired codes are read.

Note: To adjust centering when the scanner is hand-held, see Centering (page 97).

If a barcode is not touched by a predefined window, it will not be decoded or output by the scanner. If Presentation Centering is turned on by scanning **Presentation Centering On**, the scanner only reads codes that pass through the centering window you specify using the **Top of Presentation Centering Window**, **Bottom of Presentation Centering Window**, **Left**, and **Right of Presentation Centering Window** barcodes.

In the example below, the white box is the centering window. The centering window has been set to 20% left, 30% right, 8% top, and 25% bottom. Since Barcode 1 passes through the centering window, it will be read. Barcode 2 does not pass through the centering window, so it will not be read.



Note: A barcode needs only to be touched by the centering window in order to be read. It does not need to pass completely through the centering window.

Scan **Presentation Centering On**, then scan one of the following barcodes to change the top, bottom, left, or right of the centering window. Then scan the percent you want to shift the centering window from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default Presentation Centering = 40% for Top and Left, 60% for Bottom and Right*.



Presentation Centering On



* Presentation Centering Off



Bottom of Presentation Centering Window

PDCTOP. Top of Presentation Centering Window





Presentation Reread Control

This prevents accidental rereads of the same barcode in Presentation Mode. These commands only work when in Presentation Mode (see page 85). *Default = Do Not Forget History, Run During Scan Session.*

Forget History and Run All the Time

When the trigger ins initiated, barcode history is forgotten and the Reread Delay runs all the time, including between scan sessions.



Forget History, Run All the Time

Do Not Forget History and Run All the Time

When the trigger is initiated, barcode history is not forgotten, and the Reread Delay runs all the time, including between scan sessions.



Do Not Forget History, Run All The Time

Forget History and Run During Scan Session

When the trigger is initiated, barcode history is forgotten, and the Reread Delay runs only during the scan session.



Forget History, Run During Scan Session

Do Not Forget History and Run During Scan Session

When the trigger is initiated, barcode history is not forgotten, and the Reread Delay runs only during the scan session.



* Do Not Forget History, Run During Scan Session

In-Stand Sensor Mode

This feature senses when the scanner is removed from the stand and tells it to begin manual triggering. When **Sensor On** is enabled, the scanner defaults to Manual Trigger Mode when it is removed from the stand. *Default = Sensor On*.





Note: If you are taking images (see Imaging Commands beginning on page 215), you must set the In-Stand Sensor to **Off**.

Poor Quality Codes

Poor Quality 1D Codes

This setting improves the scanner's ability to read damaged or badly printed linear barcodes. When **Poor Quality 1D Reading On** is scanned, poor quality linear barcode reading is improved, but the scanner's snappiness is decreased, making it less aggressive when reading good quality barcodes. This setting does not affect 2D barcode reading. *Default = Poor Quality 1D Reading Off.*



Poor Quality 1D Reading On



* Poor Quality 1D Reading Off

Poor Quality PDF Codes

This setting improves the scanner's ability to read damaged or badly printed PDF codes by combining information from multiple images. It is useful when a complete barcode cannot be seen in one image. This setting does not affect 1D barcode reading. *Default = Poor Quality PDF Reading On.*



*Poor Quality PDF Reading On



Poor Quality PDF Reading Off

Low Resolution PDF Codes

This setting improves the scanner's ability to read low resolution PDF codes. When **Low Resolution PDF Codes On** is scanned, poor quality PDF code reading is improved, but the scanner's snappiness is decreased, making it less aggressive when reading good quality barcodes. This setting does not affect 1D barcode reading. *Default = Low Resolution PDF Codes Off.*



Low Resolution PDF Codes On



CodeGate[™]

When CodeGate is **On**, the trigger is used to allow decoded data to be transmitted to the host system. The scanner remains on, scanning and decoding barcodes, but the barcode data is not transmitted until the trigger is pressed. When CodeGate is **Off**, barcode data is transmitted when it is decoded. *Default = CodeGate Off Out-of-Stand*.





Streaming Presentation Mode

When in Streaming Presentation mode, the scan illumination remains on all the time to continuously search for barcodes. Two modes are available, **Normal** and **Enhanced**. Normal mode offers good scan speed and the longest working ranges (depth of field). Enhanced mode will give you the highest possible scan speed but slightly less range than Normal mode. Enhanced mode is best used when you require a very fast scan speed and don't require a long working range.





When using Preferred Symbology (page 99), a lower priority symbol must be centered on the aiming pattern to be read in Streaming Presentation Mode.

Note: If you are using an USB base, it must have an external power supply plugged into the aux port for Streaming Presentation to work properly.

Streaming Presentation In-Stand

This option is available when using In-Stand Sensor Mode, page 89. You may program a specific Streaming Presentation Mode for in-stand scanning, and a Manual Trigger mode for out-of-stand scanning. To do this, you must first scan the preferred Streaming Presentation mode (Normal or Enhanced), then scan the Manual Trigger mode (Normal or Enhanced) you want to use.

Hands Free Time-Out

The Scan Stand and Presentation Modes are referred to as "hands free" modes. If the scanner's trigger is pulled when using a hands free mode, the scanner changes to manual trigger mode. You can set the time the scanner should remain in manual trigger mode by setting the Hands Free Time-Out. Once the time-out value is reached, (if there have been no further trigger pulls) the scanner reverts to the original hands free mode. Scan the **Hands Free Time-Out** barcode, then scan the time-out duration (from 0-300,000 milliseconds) from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 5,000 ms*.



Reread Delay

This sets the time period before the scanner can read the *same* barcode a second time. Setting a reread delay protects against accidental rereads of the same barcode. Longer delays are effective in minimizing accidental rereads. Use shorter delays in applications where repetitive barcode scanning is required. Reread Delay only works when in a Presentation Mode (see page 85). *Default = Medium*.



Short (500 ms)



* Medium (750 ms)





User-Specified Reread Delay

If you want to set your own length for the reread delay, scan the barcode below, then set the delay (from 0-30,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.



User-Specified Reread Delay

2D Reread Delay

Sometimes 2D barcodes can take longer to read than other barcodes. If you wish to set a separate Reread Delay for 2D barcodes, scan one of the programming codes that follows. **2D Reread Delay Off** indicates that the time set for Reread Delay is used for both 1D and 2D barcodes. *Default = 2D Reread Delay Off*.



* 2D Reread Delay Off



Short (1000ms)

DLY2RR2000.

Medium (2000ms)





Character Activation

You may use a character sent from the host to trigger the scanner to begin scanning. When the activation character is received, the scanner continues scanning until either the Character Activation Timeout (page 94) is reached, the deactivation character is received (see Deactivation Character on page 95), or a barcode is transmitted. Scan the **On** barcode to use character activation, then use Activation Character (page 94) to select the character you will send from the host to start scanning. *Default = Off.*





Activation Character

This sets the character used to trigger scanning when using Character Activation Mode. On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), page 298, find the hex value that represents the character you want to use to trigger scanning. Scan the following barcode, then use the Programming Chart to read the alphanumeric combination that represents that ASCII character. Scan **Save** to finish. *Default = 12* [*DC2*].



Activation Character

End Character Activation After Good Read

After a barcode is successfully detected and read from the scanner, the illumination can be programmed either to remain on and scanning, or to turn off. When **End Character Activation After Good Read** is enabled, the illumination turns off and stops scanning after a good read. If you scan **Do Not End Character Activation After Good Read**, the illumination remains on after a good read.



HSTCGD1

End Character Activation After Good Read

Character Activation Timeout

You can set a timeout for the length of time the illumination remains on and attempting to decode barcodes when using Character Activation Mode. Set the length (in milliseconds) for a timeout by scanning the following barcode, then setting the timeout (from 1-300,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 30,000 ms*.



Character Activation Timeout

Character Deactivation

If you have sent a character from the host to trigger the scanner to begin scanning, you can also send a deactivation character to stop scanning. Scan the following **On** barcode to use character deactivation, then use **Deactivation Character** (following) to select the character you will send from the host to terminate scanning. *Default = Off.*





Deactivation Character

This sets the character used to terminate scanning when using Character Deactivation Mode. On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), page 298, find the hex value that represents the character you want to use to terminate scanning. Scan the following barcode, then use the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 to read the alphanumeric combination that represents that ASCII character. Scan **Save** to finish. *Default = 14 [DC4]*.



Deactivation Character

Illumination Lights

If you want the illumination lights on while reading a barcode, scan the **Lights On** barcode, below. However, if you want to turn just the lights off, scan the **Lights Off** barcode. *Default = Lights On*.

Note: This setting does not affect the aimer light. The aiming light can be set using Aimer Mode (page 96).







The aimer delay allows a delay time for the operator to aim the scanner before the picture is taken. Use these codes to set the time between when the trigger is pulled and when the picture is taken. During the delay time, the aiming light will appear, but the LEDs won't turn on until the delay time is over. *Default = Off.*









User-Specified Aimer Delay

If you want to set your own length for the duration of the delay, scan the barcode below, then set the time-out by scanning digits (0 - 4,000 ms) from the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.



Aimer Mode

This feature allows you to turn the aimer on and off. When the **Interlaced** barcode is scanned, the aimer is interlaced with the illumination LEDs. *Default = Interlaced*.





Presentation Aimer Mode

This feature allows you to turn the aimer on and off while the scanner is in Presentation Mode, Presentation – Mobile Phone, Streaming Presentation Mode, or Streaming Presentation – Mobile Phone. When the **Interlaced** bar code is scanned, the aimer is interlaced with the illumination LEDs. *Default = Aimer Off.*



Interlaced



Centering

Use Centering to narrow the scanner's field of view to make sure that when the scanner is hand-held, it reads only those barcodes intended by the user. For instance, if multiple codes are placed closely together, centering will insure that only the desired codes are read. (Centering can be used in conjunction with Aimer Delay, page 96, for the most error-free operation in applications where multiple codes are spaced closely together. Using the Aimer Delay and Centering features, the scanner can emulate the operation of older systems, such as linear laser barcode scanners.)

Note: To adjust centering when the scanner is in a stand, see Presentation Centering (page 86).

Single Code Centering

Scan **Single Code Centering** to target the barcode closest to the center of the image. Singling out a barcode in this manner increases scanning accuracy when there are multiple barcodes close together.



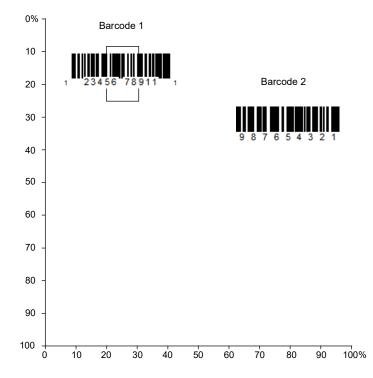
Single Code Centering

Custom Centering

Use the following settings to customize your centering window. If a barcode is not touched by a predefined window, it will not be decoded or output by the scanner. If centering is turned on by scanning **Centering On**, the scanner only reads codes

that pass through the centering window you specify using the **Top of Centering Window**, **Bottom of Centering Window**, **Left**, and **Right of Centering Window** barcodes.

Example: In the example below, the white box is the centering window. The centering window has been set to 20% left, 30% right, 8% top, and 25% bottom. Since Barcode 1 passes through the centering window, it will be read. Barcode 2 does not pass through the centering window, so it will not be read.



Note: A barcode needs only to be touched by the centering window in order to be read. It does not need to pass completely through the centering window.

Scan **Centering On**, then scan one of the following barcodes to change the top, bottom, left, or right of the centering window. Then scan the percent you want to shift the centering window using digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default Centering = 40% for Top and Left, 60% for Bottom and Right*.













Preferred Symbology

The scanner can be programmed to specify one symbology as a higher priority over other symbologies in situations where both barcode symbologies appear on the same label, but the lower priority symbology cannot be disabled.

For example, you may be using the scanner in a retail setting to read U.P.C. symbols, but have occasional need to read a code on a drivers license. Since some licenses have a Code 39 symbol as well as the PDF417 symbol, you can use Preferred Symbology to specify that the PDF417 symbol be read instead of the Code 39.

Preferred Symbology classifies each symbology as high priority, low priority, or as an unspecified type. When a low priority symbology is presented, the scanner ignores it for a set period of time (see Preferred Symbology Time-out on page 100) while it searches for the high priority symbology. If a high priority symbology is located during this period, then that data is read immediately.

If the time-out period expires before a high priority symbology is read, the scanner will read any barcode in its view (low priority or unspecified). If there is no barcode in the scanner's view after the time-out period expires, then no data is reported.

Note: A low priority symbol must be centered on the aiming pattern to be read.

Scan a barcode below to enable or disable Preferred Symbology. *Default = Preferred Symbology Off.*





High Priority Symbology

To specify the high priority symbology, scan the **High Priority Symbology** barcode below. On the Symbology Charts on page 295, find the symbology you want to set as high priority. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = None*.



High Priority Symbology

Low Priority Symbology

To specify the low priority symbology, scan the **Low Priority Symbology** barcode below. On the Symbology Charts on page 295, find the symbology you want to set as low priority. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

If you want to set additional low priority symbologies, scan **FF**, then scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, for the next symbology. You can program up to 5 low priority symbologies. Scan **Save** to save your selection. *Default = None*.



Preferred Symbology Time-out

Once you have enabled Preferred Symbology and entered the high and low priority symbologies, you must set the time-out period. This is the period of time the scanner will search for a high priority barcode after a low priority barcode has been

encountered. Scan the barcode below, then set the delay (from 1-3,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 500 ms*.



Preferred Symbology Default

Scan the barcode below to set all Preferred Symbology entries to their default values.



Preferred Symbology Default

Output Sequence Overview

Output Sequence Editor

This programming selection allows you to program the scanner to output data (when scanning more than one symbol) in whatever order your application requires, regardless of the order in which the barcodes are scanned. You can define up to 15 barcodes in an output sequence.

Note: To make Output Sequence Editor selections, you'll need to know the code I.D., code length, and character match(es) your application requires. Use the alphanumeric symbols from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. You must hold the trigger while reading each barcode in the sequence.

To Add an Output Sequence

An output sequence is created using a string of serial commands that is sent to the scanner. This string is most easily sent to the scanner using the EZConfig software tool (see EZConfig for Scanning Introduction on page 237). You can also accomplish this by scanning alphanumeric barcodes (see the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309).

- 1. If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan Enter Output Sequence on page 105.
- 2. Code I.D.

On the Symbology Charts on page 295, find the symbology to which you want to apply the output sequence format. Make a note of the hex value for that symbology. If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

3. Length

Specify what length (up to 9999 characters) of data output will be acceptable for this symbology. Make a note of the length. If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan the 4 digit data length Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. (Note: 50 characters is entered as **0050**. 9999 is a universal number, indicating all lengths.) When calculating the length, you must count any programmed prefixes, suffixes, or formatted characters as part of the length (unless using 9999).

4. Character Match Sequences

On the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), page 298, find the hex value that represents the character(s) you want to match. Make a note of the hex value for the character(s). If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, use the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 to read the alphanumeric combination that represents the ASCII characters. (99 is the universal number, indicating all characters.)

5. End Output Sequence Editor

Use **FF** to terminate this string or to begin another output sequence. If you are using barcodes, scan **F F.** Scan **Save** to save your entries.

Other Programming Selections

If you are creating an output sequence using barcodes, scan **Discard** (page 310) to exit without saving any output sequence changes.

Output Sequence Editor Commands

- **SEQBLK** Sequence editor start command.
- **SEQPRE** Add prefix to complete output sequences.
- **SEQSUF** Add suffix to complete output sequences.
- **SEQSEP** Add separators to complete output sequences.
- **SEQTTS1** Transmit partial sequence.
- **SEQSAT** Define satisfactory subsets of full output sequence.
- **SEQTIM** Timeout for sequence members when using SEQSAT.
- **SEQIPR** Add prefix to partial output sequences.
- **SEQISU** Add suffix to partial output sequences.
- **SEQISE** Add separators to partial output sequences.
- **TRGSTO** Timeout for partial output sequences.
- **FF** Termination string.
- **SEQ_EN1** Require output sequence on/not required.

- **SEQ_EN2** Require output sequence required.
- **BEPSINO** Good read beep each code in sequence.
- **BEPSIN1** Good read click each code in sequence.
- **BEPISE0** Good read beep partial sequence output.
- **BEPISE1** Error tone partial sequence output.

Examples outlining how to use these commands are shown below.

Output Sequence Example 1 - Three Symbologies







In this example, you are scanning PDF417, Code 128, and Code 39 barcodes, but you want the scanner to output Code 39 first, Code 128 second, and PDF417 third.

Set up the sequence editor with the following command line:

SEQBLK	sequence editor start command
62	code identifier for Code 39
9999	code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all lengths
43	start character match for Code 39, 43h = "C"
FF	termination string for first code
6A	code identifier for Code 128
9999	code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all lengths
54	start character match for Code 128, 54h = "T"
FF	termination string for first code
72	code identifier for PDF417
9999	code length that must match for PDF417, 9999 = all lengths
4D	start character match for PDF417, 4Dh = "M"
FF	termination string for third code

The whole command line would look like this:

SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF.



SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK6299...

SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF.

The data is output as:

CODE39SMPLTSTMSGCODE128MSGPDF417

Output Sequence Example 2 - Three Symbologies with <> Separators

In this example, you are scanning the same three barcodes, but you want <> brackets and a carriage return and line feed to separate your output.







The sequence editor would use the same command line as shown in Output Sequence Example 1 - Three Symbologies (page 103):

SEQBLK	sequence editor start command
62	code identifier for Code 39
9999	code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all lengths
43	start character match for Code 39, 43h = "C"
FF	termination string for first code
6A	code identifier for Code 128
9999	code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all lengths
54	start character match for Code 128, 54h = "T"
FF	termination string for first code
72	code identifier for PDF417
9999	code length that must match for PDF417, 9999 = all lengths
4D	start character match for PDF417, 4Dh = "M"

termination string for third code

But you would add your <> separators for each sequence:

SEQSEP99	separator for each sequence, 99 = all symbologies
3C	left bracket (<)
3E	right bracket (>)

And add the carriage return and line feed as a suffix:

SEQSUF99	separator for suffixes, 99 = all symbologies
0D	carriage return
AO	line feed

The whole command line would look like this:

SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF;SEQSEP993C3E;SEQSUF990D 0A.



SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF;SEQSEP993C3E;SEQSUF990D0A.

The data is output as:

FF

CODE39SMPL <> TSTMSGCODE128 <> MSGPDF417 [CR] [LF]

Enter Output Sequence

If you are using barcodes to create your output sequence, scan **Enter Output Sequence** to begin scanning your string.



Enter Output Sequence

Partial Sequence

If an output sequence operation is terminated before all your output sequence criteria are met, the barcode data acquired to that point is a "partial sequence." You can define how partial sequences are output using the same types of command strings you used to create output sequences.

Partial Sequence Example - Three Symbologies with <> Separators, but with a Damaged Code

In this example, you are scanning PDF417, Code 128, and Code 39 barcodes, and you want the scanner to output Code 39 first, Code 128 second, and PDF417 third, in brackets, as shown below, but the Code 39 barcode has been damaged and cannot be output.







You would use the same command line as shown in Output Sequence Example 2 - Three Symbologies with <> Separators (page 104):

	SEQBLK	sequence editor start command
	62	code identifier for Code 39
	9999	code length that must match for Code 39, 9999 = all lengths
	43	start character match for Code 39, 43h = "C"
	FF	termination string for first code
	6A	code identifier for Code 128
	9999	code length that must match for Code 128, 9999 = all lengths
	54	start character match for Code 128, 54h = "T"
	FF	termination string for first code
	72	code identifier for PDF417
	9999	code length that must match for PDF417, 9999 = all lengths
	4D	start character match for PDF417, 4Dh = "M"
	FF	termination string for third code
But you would add your <> separators for each sequence:		

SEQISE99	separator for each sequence, 99 = all symbologies
3C	left bracket (<)
3E	right bracket (>)

And add the carriage return and line feed as a suffix:

SEQISU99	separator for suffixes, 99 = all symbologies
OD	carriage return
0A	line feed

And you would add **>PARTIAL**< as the prefix to note the partial sequence:

SEQTTS1	transmit partial sequence
SEQIPR99	add partial sequence prefix, 99 = all symbologies
3E	right bracket (>)
50	P
41	А
52	R
54	т
49	I
41	А
4C	L
3C	left bracket (<)

The whole command line would look like this:

SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF;SEQISE993C3E;SEQISU990D0 A;SEQTTS1;SEQIPR993E5041525449414C3C.



SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK6299...

SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF;SEQISE993C3E;SEQISU990D0A; SEQTTS1;SEQIPR993E5041525449414C3C.

The data is output as:

>PARTIAL<TSTMSGCODE128<>MSGPDF417 [CR] [LF]

Discard Partial Output Sequence

If you want to discard partial sequences when the output sequence operation is terminated before completion, scan **Discard Partial Sequence**.



Output Sequence Timeouts

You can set a timeout for every code in the output sequence defined by the SEQBLK command. The scanner applies the shortest timeout corresponding to any of the codes that have been read during the current trigger session. When the timeout expires, the scanner sends all codes that it has been read in the order they appear in the sequence defined by SEQBLK.

To specify the timeout, use the SEQTIM command followed by a list of timeouts in milliseconds. Each timeout is specified as a 4-decimal digit terminated by FF. The timeout value 9999 is special and indicates that the timeout for that code is "infinite".

The number of timeouts specified should correspond to the number of codes in the sequence defined by SEQBLK. You can specify one additional timeout, which will apply to codes not matching any member of the sequence. This can be useful if Require Output Sequence is **On/Not Required**. If you do not specify an additional timeout for codes not in the defined sequence, the last timeout specified by SEQTIM will apply.

Output Sequence Timeout Example

For example, if SEQBLK defines a 4-code sequence, you can specify timeouts of 5, 6, 7, and 8 seconds for codes 1-4 respectively using the command **SEQTIM5000FF6000FF7000FF8000FF**. Codes that are not part of the defined sequence would have an implied timeout of 8 seconds in this case (the final timeout in the list). To explicitly specify a timeout for such codes, you can include one more timeout at the end of the list. For example, to include a timeout of 1 second for non-sequence codes, use the command **SEQTIM5000FF6000FF7000FF8000FF1000FF**.

Satisfactory Subset of Full Sequence

You can define one or more subsets of barcodes from the complete sequence specified by SEQBLK. When you scan all the codes from one of these subsets, the scanner will transmit all the codes it has read in the sequence. The scanner sends the codes in the order defined by SEQBLK.

Note: To use the satisfactory subset feature, you must supply a timeout for each code in the sequence using SEQTIM.

Satisfactory Subset of Full Sequence Timeout Example

To specify a subset, list its members using the SEQSAT command and terminate each subset with FF. The members of each subset are specified as single hex digits corresponding to their index within the full sequence, 1 being the first. For example, to specify two subsets, the first consisting of the first and second code in the sequence and the second subset consisting of the second and third code, use the command **SEQSAT12FF23FF**. To define a subset with an odd number of codes, insert a O before the final code index. For example, to define a 3-code subset consisting of the first, second, and third codes, use the command **SEQSAT1203FF**.

In this example command **SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF** will set the first code in the sequence to Code 39 "C", second code to Code 128 "T", and third code to PDF417 "M".

The command **SEQSAT01FF23FF** will satisfy the sequence if either Position 1 is scanned or Position 2 and 3 are scanned, it will send out the position 1 barcode or Position 2 and 3 barcode right away.



SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK6299...

SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF;SEQSEP993D3E;SEQSUF990D0A; SEQSAT01FF23FF;SEQTIM5000FF6000FF7000FF8000FF.

Verify the below combination output sequence:

- 1. Scan Code 39. Output CODE39SMPL
- 2. Scan Code 128, and then scan Code 39 and wait for timeout. Output **CODE39SMPLTSTMSGCODE128**
- 3. Scan PDF417, and then scan Code 39 and wait for timeout. Output **CODE39SMPLMSGPD417**
- 4. Scan Code 128, and then scan PDF417. Output **TSTMSGCODE128MSGPDF417**
- 5. Scan PDF417, and then scan Code 128. Output **TSTMSGCODE128MSGPDF417**



SEQDFT;SEQ_EN1;SEQBLK62999943FF6A999954FF7299994DFF;SEQSEP993D3E;SEQSUF990D0A; SEQSAT01FF23FF;SEQTIM5000FF6000FF7000FF8000FF;SEQTTS1.

Verify the combination with SEQTTS1:

- 1. First scan Code 39. Output CODE39SMPL
- 2. First scan Code 128, and then scan Code 39 and wait for timeout. Output **CODE39SMPLTSTMSGCODE128**
- 3. First scan PDF417, and then scan Code 39 and wait for timeout. Output **CODE39SMPLMSGPDF417**

- 4. First scan Code 128, and then scan PDF417. Output **TSTMSGCODE128MSGPDF417**
- 5. First scan PDF417, and then scan Code 128. Output **TSTMSGCODE128MSGPDF417**

Default Output Sequence

Default Sequence programs the scanner to all universal values. Be certain you want to delete or clear all formats before you read the **Default Sequence** symbol.



Require Output Sequence

When an output sequence is **Required**, all output data must conform to an edited sequence or the scanner will not transmit the output data to the host device. When it's **On/Not Required**, the scanner will attempt to get the output data to conform to an edited sequence but, if it cannot, the scanner transmits all output data to the host device as is, or formatted according to the partial sequence output format (see Partial Sequence on page 105).

When the output sequence is **Off**, the barcode data is output to the host as the scanner decodes it. *Default = Off.*

Note: This selection is unavailable when the Multiple Symbols Selection is turned on.







Good Read Tone - Output Sequences

The scanner may be programmed to either beep or click in response to a good read of each barcode in an output sequence, or to emit a beep or error tone for a partial sequence. Default = Good Read Click - Each Code in Sequence and Error Tone - Partial Sequence Output.







Good Read Beep - Partial Sequence Output



Multiple Symbols

When this programming selection is turned **On**, it allows you to read multiple symbols with a single pull of the scanner's trigger. If you press and hold the trigger, aiming the scanner at a series of symbols, it reads unique symbols once, beeping and or vibrating (if turned on) for each read. The scanner attempts to find and decode new symbols as long as the trigger is pulled. The maximum number of barcodes read is 128. When this programming selection is turned **Off**, the scanner will only read the symbol closest to the aiming beam. *Default = Off.*





Multiple Symbols Count

The Multiple Symbol Count setting controls the number of barcodes the scanner reads in one trigger pull while in Multiple Symbol mode. If the count is set to 0, Multiple Symbols mode is turned off and the scanner will turn off until the trigger is released. If the count is set to 1 or more, the scanner will turn off after the count

has been successfully decoded. Scan the **Multiple Symbol Count** barcode and then set the count (from 0-128) by scanning digits on the Programming Chart on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 0 (Off)*.



Multiple Symbols Count

No Read

With No Read turned **On**, the scanner notifies you if a code cannot be read. If using an EZConfig-Scanning Tool Scan Data Window (see page 237), an "NR" appears when a code cannot be read. If No Read is turned **Off**, the "NR" will not appear. *Default = Off.*





If you want a different notation than "NR," for example, "Error," or "Bad Code," you can edit the output message (see Data Format/Queue Busting beginning on page 129). The hex code for the No Read symbol is **9C**.

Video Reverse

Video Reverse is used to allow the scanner to read barcodes that are inverted. The **Video Reverse Off** barcode below is an example of this type of barcode. Scan **Video Reverse Only** to read *only* inverted barcodes. Scan **Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes** to read both types of codes.

- **Note:** After scanning **Video Reverse Only**, menu barcodes cannot be read. You must scan **Video Reverse Off** or **Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes** in order to read menu barcodes.
- Note: Images downloaded from the unit are not reversed. This is a setting for decoding only.



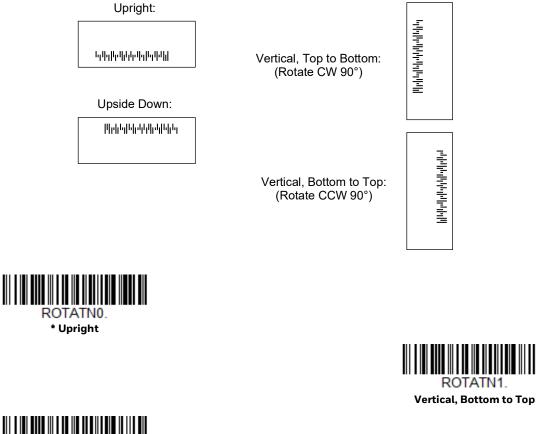


Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes



Working Orientation

Some barcodes are direction-sensitive. For example, KIX codes and OCR can misread when scanned sideways or upside down. Use the working orientation settings if your direction-sensitive codes will not usually be presented upright to the scanner. *Default = Upright*.







Extract Delay

An extract delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each barcode in the message string. Scan the **Extract Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

Note: The extract delay will be added to any existing delays set.



CHAPTER

HEALTHCARE SETTINGS

The following settings have been developed to enhance scanning in a healthcare environment. These settings are only supported by the Xenon Ultra 1960h scanner and the Xenon Ultra 1962h scanner and base. They allow you to set quickly configure streaming presentation, and to set the scanner and base to quiet modes for scanning that do not disturb resting patients.

Quiet Operations - Combination Codes

The following combination codes program your healthcare scanner and base for silent or quiet settings using a single programming code. If you wish to program some of these quiet settings individually, refer to Quiet Operations – LED and Volume Settings, beginning on page 117.

Silent Mode with Flashing LED

Scan the following barcode to completely silence the scanner and base. The scanner beep, base beep, base and scanner power up beep, and scanner linking sounds are all silenced. When a barcode is scanned, the LED and aimer flash 5 times. Green indicates a good scan, red indicates a bad scan.



Silent Mode with Flashing LED -Cordless Scanner and Base



Silent Mode with Flashing LED -Corded Scanner

Silent Mode with Long LED

Scan the following barcode to completely silence the scanner and base. The scanner beep, base beep, base and scanner power up beep, and scanner linking sounds are all silenced. When a barcode is scanned, the LED and aimer remain solidly lit for 1 second. Green indicates a good scan, red indicates a bad scan.



Silent Mode with Long LED -Cordless Scanner and Base



Silent Mode with Long LED -Corded Scanner

Very Low Beeper (Nighttime Mode)

The following barcode silences the base, and sets the scanner for a very low beep when reading barcodes. After scanning this code, the base beep, base and scanner power up beep, and scanner linking sounds are all silenced. When a barcode is scanned, the scanner emits a very soft beep.



Nighttime Mode -Cordless Scanner and Base



Nighttime Mode -Corded Scanner

Low Beeper (Daytime Mode)

The following barcode sets all sounds to on, but at a low volume. The scanner beep, base beep, base and scanner power up beep, and scanner linking sounds are all set to low volume.



Daytime Mode -Cordless Scanner and Base



To reset your scanner and base to default sounds, refer to Reset the Custom Defaults (page 243).

Quiet Operations - LED and Volume Settings

If you have silenced or muted the scanner and base sounds, you may wish to adjust the visual (LED) indicators for Bluetooth linking sounds, scanning sounds, paging sounds, and out of range alarm sounds.

Linking LED Colors and Sound

Note: This setting is not supported by the Xenon Ultra 1960h scanner.

Under normal operations, the scanner chirps when linking to a base or an access point, and the LED on both the base and scanner flash green. If you want to silence all sounds and set both devices to flash red LEDs to indicate the linking status, scan the **Red LED Flashes/Silent** barcode below. The LEDS flash red while linking, then green to indicate the base and scanner are linked. To return to the default LED colors and sound, scan **Green LED Flashes/Sound**. *Default = Green LED Flashes/Sound*.



* Green LED Flashes/Sound



Number of LED Flashes

If you have silenced the scanner's beeper, you may set the number of times the LED flashes when reading barcodes. *Default = 1 LED Flash*.

Note: If you have set LED Solid (No Flash) (page 119), to anything but **Off**, that setting will override the LED Flash settings. In that case, scan the **LED Solid Off** barcode to turn off this feature, then scan the LED Flash code you wish to use.



* 1 LED Flash







LED Flash Rate

If you have silenced the scanner's beeper, you may set the how quickly the LED flashes when reading barcodes. *Default = Fast Flash*.







LED Solid (No Flash)

Under normal operations, the scanner's LED flashes once for a good read. You may set the LED to remain on for a length of time after a good read instead of flashing. *Default = LED Solid Off (Resume Flash).*









If you have scanned a barcode and don't want to wait for the LED to turn off, press the trigger a second time and the LED turns off. You can then scan the next barcode.

Find My Volume Control

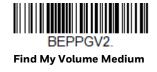
Note: This setting is not supported by the Xenon Ultra 1960h scanner.

When you press the Find My button on the base or Access Point (page button), the scanners associated with that base or Access Point will begin beeping in response. If you press the trigger on a scanner that is beeping in response, or press the Find My button on the base or Access Point a second time, all associated scanners will stop beeping. The following settings set the paging volume, independent of the volume used when scanning barcodes. *Default = Low.*





* Find My Volume Low





Out-of-Range Alarm Volume

Note: This setting is not supported by the Xenon Ultra 1960h scanner.

If your scanner is out range of the base, an alarm sounds from both your base and scanner. If your scanner is out range of an Access Point, an alarm sounds from just the scanner. The alarm stops when the scanner is moved closer to the base or Access Point, when the base or Access Point connects to another scanner, or when the alarm duration expires (see Out-of-Range Delay on page 121). The following settings set the Out-of-Range Alarm for the base and the scanner, independent of the volume used when scanning barcodes. *Default = Base Alarm Volume Low, Scanner Alarm Volume Low.*



Base Alarm Volume Off



Scanner Alarm Volume Off



* Scanner Alarm Volume Low



BASORV1. * Base Alarm Volume

Base Alarm Volume Medium



Scanner Alarm Volume Medium





Out-of-Range Delay

Note: This setting is not supported by the Xenon Ultra 1960h scanner.

When using the Out-of-Range Alarm settings, the length of the delay for the alarm is set with an **Out-of-Range Delay**. When the scanner is out of range of the base or Access Point, the alarm will delay for a set length of time before going off. Set the length (in seconds) for a timeout by scanning the following barcode, then setting the timeout (from 0-3,000 seconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = No Delay*.



Out-of-Range Delay

Vibrate – Good Read

The scanner vibrates once when a barcode is successfully read, and twice when a programming barcode is successfully read. When a programming barcode is unsuccessful, the scanner emits one long vibration (2 times the Vibrate Duration length). Scan **Vibrate – Good Read Off** to keep the scanner from vibrating. *Default = Vibrate – Good Read Off*.





Vibrate Duration

If you want to set the length for the good read vibration, scan the barcode below, then set the duration (from 100 - 2,000 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**. *Default = 100 ms*.



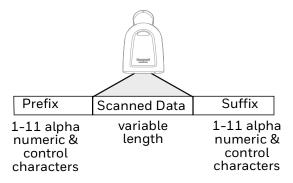
CHAPTER

6 DATA EDIT

Prefix/Suffix Overview

When a barcode is scanned, additional information is sent to the host computer along with the barcode data. This group of barcode data and additional, user-defined data is called a "message string." The selections in this section are used to build the user-defined data into the message string.

Prefix and Suffix characters are data characters that can be sent before and after scanned data. You can specify if they should be sent with all symbologies, or only with specific symbologies. The following illustration shows the breakdown of a message string:



Points to Keep In Mind

- It is not necessary to build a message string. The selections in this chapter are only used if you wish to alter the default settings. *Default prefix* = *None*. *Default suffix* = *None*.
- A prefix or suffix may be added or cleared from one symbology or all symbologies.
- You can add any prefix or suffix from the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298, plus Code I.D. and AIM I.D.
- You can string together several entries for several symbologies at one time.

- Enter prefixes and suffixes in the order in which you want them to appear on the output.
- When setting up for specific symbologies (as opposed to all symbologies), the specific symbology ID value counts as an added prefix or suffix character.
- The maximum size of a prefix or suffix configuration is 200 characters, which includes header information.

Add a Prefix or Suffix

- Step 1. Scan the Add Prefix or Add Suffix symbol (page 125).
- Step 2. Determine the 2 digit hex value from the Symbology Charts (beginning on page 295) for the symbology to which you want to apply the prefix or suffix. For example, for Code 128, Code ID is "j" and Hex ID is "6A".
- Step 3. Scan the 2 hex digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, or scan **9**, **9** for all symbologies.

To add the Code I.D., scan **5, C, 8, 0**. To add the AIM I.D., scan **5, C, 8, 1**. To add the serial number, scan **5, C, 8, 8**. To add a backslash (\), scan **5, C, 5, C**.

- **Note:** When adding a backslash (\), you must scan 5C twice once to create the leading backslash and then to create the backslash itself.
 - Step 4. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for every prefix or suffix character.
 - Step 5. Scan **Save** to exit and save, or scan **Discard** to exit without saving.

Repeat the steps above to add a prefix or suffix for another symbology.

Example: Add a Tab Suffix to All Symbologies

- Step 1. Scan Add Suffix.
- Step 2. Scan **9**, **9** from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 to apply this suffix to all symbologies.
- Step 3. Scan **0**, **9** from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. This corresponds with the hex value for a horizontal tab, shown in the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298.
- Step 4. Scan **Save**, or scan **Discard** to exit without saving.

Clear One or All Prefixes or Suffixes

You can clear a single prefix or suffix, or clear all prefixes/suffixes for a symbology. If you have been entering prefixes and suffixes for single symbologies, you can use **Clear One Prefix (Suffix)** to delete a specific character from a symbology. When you **Clear All Prefixes (Suffixes**), all the prefixes or suffixes for a symbology are deleted.

- Step 1. Scan the Clear One Prefix or Clear One Suffix symbol.
- Step 2. Determine the 2 digit hex value from the Symbology Chart (included in the Symbology Charts, beginning on page 295) for the symbology from which you want to clear the prefix or suffix.
- Step 3. Scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 or scan **9**, **9** for all symbologies.

Your change is automatically saved.

Add a Carriage Return Suffix to All Symbologies

Scan the following barcode if you wish to add a carriage return suffix to all symbologies at once. This action first clears all current suffixes, then programs a carriage return suffix for all symbologies.



All Symbologies

Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix

To reset to custom/factory default settings and add a carriage return after the barcode, scan the **Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix** barcode.



Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix

Prefix Selections









Suffix Selections







Function Code Transmit

By default, all ASCII control characters are transmitted with barcode data. These non-printable characters are translated into predefined key strokes, or CTRL+X functions (see ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298). If these key strokes interfere with your host's software application, scan **Disable** to keep these ASCII control characters from being transmitted. *Default = Enable*.





Note: You can also use a custom data format (see Data Format/Queue Busting beginning on page 129) to translate these characters into a more meaningful output.

Intercharacter, Interfunction, and Intermessage Delays

Some terminals drop information (characters) if data comes through too quickly. Intercharacter, interfunction, and intermessage delays slow the transmission of data, increasing data integrity.

Intercharacter Delay

An intercharacter delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each character of scanned data. Scan the **Intercharacter Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.



To remove this delay, scan the **Intercharacter Delay** barcode, then set the number of delays to 0. Scan the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

Note: Intercharacter delays are not supported in USB serial emulation.

User Specified Intercharacter Delay

An intercharacter delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed after the transmission of a particular character of scanned data. Scan the **Delay Length** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save**.

Next, scan the **Character to Trigger Delay** barcode, then the 2-digit hex value for a printable character to trigger the delay (see Lower ASCII Reference Table, page 299.)

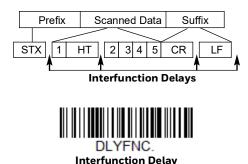




To remove this delay, scan the **Delay Length** barcode, and set the number of delays to **0**. Scan the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

Interfunction Delay

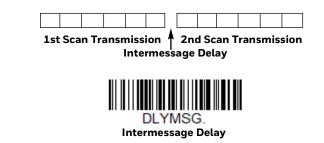
An interfunction delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each control character in the message string. Scan the **Interfunction Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** barcode from the **Programming Chart**, beginning on page 309.



To remove this delay, scan the **Interfunction Delay** barcode, then set the number of delays to 0. Scan the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

Intermessage Delay

An intermessage delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between each scan transmission. Scan the **Intermessage Delay** barcode below, then scan the number of 5ms delays, and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.



To remove this delay, scan the **Intermessage Delay** barcode, then set the number of delays to **0**. Scan the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

CHAPTER

DATA FORMAT/QUEUE BUSTING

Data Format Editor Introduction

You may use the Data Format Editor to change the scanner's output. For example, you can use the Data Format Editor to insert characters at certain points in barcode data as it is scanned. The selections in the following pages are used only if you wish to alter the output. *Default Data Format setting = None.*

Normally, when you scan a barcode, it is output automatically. However, when you create a format, you must use a "send" command (see <u>Send Commands</u> on page 132) within the format program to output data.

Multiple formats may be programmed into the scanner. They are stacked in the order in which they are entered. However, the following list presents the order in which formats are applied:

- 1. Specific Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Actual Length
- 2. Specific Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Universal Length
- 3. Specific Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Actual Length
- 4. Specific Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Universal Length
- 5. Universal Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Actual Length
- 6. Universal Terminal ID, Actual Code ID, Universal Length
- 7. Universal Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Actual Length
- 8. Universal Terminal ID, Universal Code ID, Universal Length

The maximum size of a data format configuration is 2000 bytes, which includes header information.

If a barcode is read that fails the first data format, the next data format, if there is one, will be used on the barcode data. If there is no other data format, the raw data is output. If you have changed data format settings, and wish to clear all formats and return to the factory defaults, scan the **Default Data Format** code below.



Show Data Format

Scan the barcode below to show current data format settings.



Data Format Settings

Add a Data Format

Step 1. Scan the **Enter Data Format** symbol (page 131).

Step 2. Select Primary/Alternate Format

Determine if this will be your primary data format, or one of 3 alternate formats. This allows you to save a total of 4 different data formats. To program your primary format, scan **0** from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. If you are programming an alternate format, scan **1**, **2**, or **3**, depending on which alternate format you are programming. (See Primary/Alternate Data Formats on page 147 for further information.)

Step 3. Terminal Type

Refer to Terminal ID Table (page 132) and locate the Terminal ID number for your PC. Scan three numeric barcodes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, to program the scanner for your terminal ID (you must enter 3 digits). For example, scan **003** for an AT wedge.

Note: 099 indicates all terminal types.

Step 4. Code I.D.

In the Symbology Charts, beginning on page 295, find the symbology to which you want to apply the data format. Locate the Hex value for that symbology and scan the 2 digit hex value from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.

If you wish to create a data format for all symbologies, with the exception of some specific symbologies, refer to B8 (page 145).

If you are creating a data format for Batch Mode Quantity, use ${\bf 35}$ for the Code I.D.

Note: 99 indicates all symbologies.

Step 5. Length

Specify what length (up to 9999 characters) of data will be acceptable for this symbology. Scan the four digit data length from the Programming

Chart, beginning on page 309. For example, 50 characters is entered as **0050**.

- Note: 9999 indicates all lengths.
 - Step 6. Editor Commands

Refer to Data Format Editor Commands (page 132). Scan the symbols that represent the command you want to enter.

Step 7. Scan **Save** to save your data format, or **Discard** to exit without saving your changes.



Enter Data Format



Save



Discard

Other Programming Selections

• Clear One Data Format

This deletes one data format for one symbology. If you are clearing the primary format, scan **0** from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. If you are clearing an alternate format, scan **1**, **2**, or **3**, depending on the format you are clearing. Scan the Terminal Type and Code I.D. (see Symbology Charts on page 295), and the barcode data length for the specific data format that you want to delete. All other formats remain unaffected.

- Clear all Data Formats This clears all data formats.
- Save Exit and save your data format changes.
- Discard

Exit without saving any data format changes.



Clear One Data Format







Terminal ID Table

Terminal	Model(s)	Terminal ID				
USB	PC keyboard (HID)	124				
	Mac Keyboard	125				
	PC Keyboard (Japanese)	134				
	Serial (COM driver required)	130				
	HID POS	131				
	USB SurePOS Handheld	128				
	USB SurePOS Tabletop	129				
Serial	RS232 TTL	000				
	RS232 True	000				
	RS485 (IBM-HHBCR 1+2, 46xx)	Reserved				
Keyboard	PS2 compatibles	003				
	AT compatibles	002				

Data Format Editor Commands

When working with the Data Format Editor, a virtual cursor is moved along your input data string. The following commands are used to both move this cursor to different positions, and to select, replace, and insert data into the final output.

Send Commands

Send all characters

F1 Include in the output message all of the characters from the input message, starting from current cursor position, followed by an insert character. Syntax = F1xx where xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Send a number of characters

F2 Include in the output message a number of characters followed by an insert character. Start from the current cursor position and continue for "nn" characters or through the last character in the input message, followed by character "xx." Syntax = F2nnxx where nn stands for the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters, and xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

F2 Example: Send a number of characters



Send the first 10 characters from the barcode above, followed by a carriage return. Command string: F2100D

- F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command
- 10 is the number of characters to send

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890

F2 and F1 Example: Split characters into 2 lines

Send the first 10 characters from the barcode above, followed by a carriage return, followed by the rest of the characters.

Command string: F2100DF10D

- F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command
- 10 is the number of characters to send for the first line

OD is the hex value for a CR

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890 ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>

Send all characters up to a particular character

F3 Include in the output message all characters from the input message, starting with the character at the current cursor position and continuing to, but not including, the search character "ss," followed by an insert character. The cursor is moved forward to the "ss" character. *Syntax = F3ssxx* where ss stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code, and xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

F3 Example: Send all characters up to a particular character

1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Using the barcode above, send all characters up to but not including "D," followed by a carriage return.

Command string: F3440D

F3 is the "Send all characters up to a particular character" command

44 is the hex value for a 'D"

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890ABC <CR>

Send all characters up to a string

B9 Include in the output message all characters from the input message, starting with the character at the current cursor position and continuing to, but not including, the search string "s...s." The cursor is moved forward to the beginning of the "s...s" string. *Syntax = B9nnns...s* where nnnn stands for the length of the string, and s...s stands for the string to be matched. The string is made up of hex values for the characters in the string. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

B9 Example: Send all characters up to a defined string



Using the barcode above, send all characters up to but not including "AB."

Command string: B900024142

B9 is the "Send all characters up to a string" command

0002 is the length of the string (2 characters)

41 is the hex value for A

42 is the hex value for B

The data is output as: 1234567890

Send all but the last characters

E9 Include in the output message all but the last "nn" characters, starting from the current cursor position. The cursor is moved forward to one position past the last input message character included. *Syntax = E9nn* where nn stands for the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters that will not be sent at the end of the message.

Insert a character multiple times

F4 Send "xx" character "nn" times in the output message, leaving the cursor in the current position. *Syntax = F4xxnn* where xx stands for the insert character's hex value for its ASCII code, and nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of times it should be sent. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

E9 and F4 Example: Send all but the last characters, followed by 2 tabs



Send all characters except for the last 8 from the barcode above, followed by 2 tabs.

Command string: E908F40902

E9 is the "Send all but the last characters" command

08 is the number of characters at the end to ignore

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

09 is the hex value for a horizontal tab

02 is the number of times the tab character is sent

The data is output as: 1234567890AB <tab><tab>

Insert a string

BA Send "ss" string of "nn" length in the output message, leaving the cursor in the current position. *Syntax = BAnnns...s* where nnnn stands for the length of the string, and s...s stands for the string. The string is made up of hex values for the characters in the string. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

B9 and BA Example: Look for the string "AB" and insert 2 asterisks (**)

1234567890ABCDEFGHJ

Using the barcode above, send all characters up to but not including "AB." Insert 2 asterisks at that point, and send the rest of the data with a carriage return after.

Command string: B900024142BA00022A2AF10D

B9 is the "Send all characters up to a string" command

0002 is the length of the string (2 characters)

41 is the hex value for A

42 is the hex value for B

BA is the "Insert a string" command

0002 is the length of the string to be added (2 characters)

2A is the hex value for an asterisk (*)

2A is the hex value for an asterisk (*)

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234567890**ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>

Insert symbology name

B3 Insert the name of the barcode's symbology in the output message, without moving the cursor. Only symbologies with a Honeywell ID are included (see Symbology Charts on page 295). Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Insert barcode length

B4 Insert the barcode's length in the output message, without moving the cursor. The length is expressed as a numeric string and does not include leading zeros.

B3 and B4 Example: Insert the symbology name and length



Send the symbology name and length before the barcode data from the barcode above. Break up these insertions with spaces. End with a carriage return.

Command string: B3F42001B4F42001F10D

B3 is the "Insert symbology name" command

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

20 is the hex value for a space

O1 is the number of times the space character is sent

B4 is the "Insert barcode length" command

F4 is the "Insert a character multiple times" command

20 is the hex value for a space

O1 is the number of times the space character is sent

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: Code128 20 1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>

Insert key strokes

B5 Insert a key stroke or combination of key strokes. Key strokes are dependent on your keyboard (see Keyboard Key References on page 305). Any key can be inserted, including arrows and functions. Syntax = 5CB5xxssnn where xx is the number of keys pressed (without key modifiers), ss is the key modifier from the table below, and nn is the key number from the Keyboard Key References, page 305.

Key Modifiers	Hex				
No Key Modifier	00				
Shift Left	01				
Shift Right	02				
Alt Left	04				
Alt Right	08				
Control Left	10				
Control Right	20				

For example, B501021F inserts an "A" on a 104 key, U.S. style keyboard. B5 = the command, 01 = number of key press events (without the key modifier), 02 is the key modifier for Shift Right, and 1F is the "a" key. If a lower case "a" were to be inserted, B501001F would be entered.

If there are three keystrokes, the syntax would change from B5xxssnn for one keystroke to B5xxssnnssnnssnn. An example that would insert "abc" is as follows: B503001F00320030F833.

Note: Key modifiers can be added together when needed. The sum is converted to hexadecimals.

Example: Control Left+Shift Left = 17, converted to hexadecimal = 11.

Move Commands

Move the cursor forward a number of characters

F5 Move the cursor ahead "nn" characters from current cursor position. Syntax = F5nn where nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters the cursor should be moved ahead.

F5 Example: Move the cursor forward and send the data

1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ						

Move the cursor forward 3 characters, then send the rest of the barcode data from the barcode above. End with a carriage return.

Command string: F503F10D

F5 is the "Move the cursor forward a number of characters" command

03 is the number of characters to move the cursor

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 4567890ABCDEFGHIJ <CR>

Move the cursor backward a number of characters

F6 Move the cursor back "nn" characters from current cursor position. *Syntax = F6nn* where nn is the numeric value (00-99) for the number of characters the cursor should be moved back.

Move the cursor to the beginning

F7 Move the cursor to the first character in the input message. Syntax = F7.

FE and F7 Example: Manipulate barcodes that begin with a 1

1234567890ABCDEFGHJ

Search for barcodes that begin with a 1. If a barcode matches, move the cursor back to the beginning of the data and send 6 characters followed by a carriage return. Using the barcode above:

Command string: FE31F7F2060D

FE is the "Compare characters" command

31 is the hex value for 1

F7 is the "Move the cursor to the beginning" command

F2 is the "Send a number of characters" command

06 is the number of characters to send

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 123456 <CR>

Move the cursor to the end

EA Move the cursor to the last character in the input message. Syntax = EA.

Search Commands

Search forward for a character

F8 Search the input message forward for "xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the "xx" character. Syntax = F8xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code.
Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

F8 Example: Send barcode data that starts after a particular character



Search for the letter "D" in barcodes and send all the data that follows, including the "D." Using the barcode above:

Command string: F844F10D

F8 is the "Search forward for a character" command

44 is the hex value for "D"

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: DEFGHIJ <CR>

Search backward for a character

F9 Search the input message backward for "xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the "xx" character. Syntax = F9xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Search forward for a string

BO Search forward for "s" string from the current cursor position, leaving cursor pointing to "s" string. Syntax = BOnnnnS where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, BO000454657374 will search forward for the first occurrence of the 4 character string "Test."

Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

BO Example: Send barcode data that starts after a string of characters



1234567890ABCDEFGHIJ

Search for the letters "FGH" in barcodes and send all the data that follows, including "FGH." Using the barcode above:

Command string: B00003464748F10D

BO is the "Search forward for a string" command

0003 is the string length (3 characters)

46 is the hex value for "F"

47 is the hex value for "G"

48 is the hex value for "H"

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: FGHIJ <CR>

Search backward for a string

B1 Search backward for "s" string from the current cursor position, leaving cursor pointing to "s" string. Syntax = B1nnnnS where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B1000454657374 will search backward for the first occurrence of the 4 character string "Test."

Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Search forward for a non-matching character

E6 Search the input message forward for the first non-"xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the non-"xx" character. Syntax = E6xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

E6 Example: Remove zeros at the beginning of barcode data



This example shows a barcode that has been zero filled. You may want to ignore the zeros and send all the data that follows. E6 searches forward for the first character that is not zero, then sends all the data after, followed by a carriage return. Using the barcode above:

Command string: E630F10D

E6 is the "Search forward for a non-matching character" command

30 is the hex value for 0

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 37692 <CR>

Search backward for a non-matching character

 E7 Search the input message backward for the first non-"xx" character from the current cursor position, leaving the cursor pointing to the non-"xx" character. Syntax = E7xx where xx stands for the search character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Miscellaneous Commands

Suppress characters

FB Suppress all occurrences of up to 15 different characters, starting at the current cursor position, as the cursor is advanced by other commands. When the FC command is encountered, the suppress function is terminated. The cursor is not moved by the FB command.

Syntax = FBnnxxyy . .zz where nn is a count of the number of suppressed characters in the list, and xxyy .. zz is the list of characters to be suppressed.

FB Example: Remove spaces in barcode data



This example shows a barcode that has spaces in the data. You may want to remove the spaces before sending the data. Using the barcode above:

Command string: **FB0120F10D**

FB is the "Suppress characters" command

01 is the number of character types to be suppressed

20 is the hex value for a space

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 34567890 <CR>

Stop suppressing characters

FC Disables suppress filter and clear all suppressed characters. *Syntax = FC*.

Replace characters

E4 Replaces up to 15 characters in the output message, without moving the cursor. Replacement continues until the E5 command is encountered. Syntax = $E4nnxx_1xx_2yy_1yy_2...zz_1zz_2$ where nn is the total count of the number of characters in the list (characters to be replaced plus replacement characters); xx₁ defines characters to be replaced and xx₂ defines replacement characters, continuing through zz₁ and zz₂.

E4 Example: Replace zeros with CRs in barcode data



If the barcode has characters that the host application does not want included, you can use the E4 command to replace those characters with something else. In this example, you will replace the zeros in the barcode above with carriage returns.

Command string: E402300DF10D

E4 is the "Replace characters" command

O2 is the total count of characters to be replaced, plus the replacement characters (0 is replaced by CR, so total characters = 2)

30 is the hex value for 0

OD is the hex value for a CR (the character that will replace the 0)

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

The data is output as: 1234 5678 ABC <CR>

Stop replacing characters

E5 Terminates character replacement. Syntax = E5.

Compare characters

FE Compare the character in the current cursor position to the character "xx." If characters are equal, move the cursor forward one position. *Syntax = FExx* where xx stands for the comparison character's hex value for its ASCII code. Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Compare string

B2 Compare the string in the input message to the string "s." If the strings are equal, move the cursor forward past the end of the string. Syntax = B2nnnS where nnnn is the string length (up to 9999), and S consists of the ASCII hex value of each character in the match string. For example, B2000454657374 will compare the string at the current cursor position with the 4 character string "Test." Refer to the ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252), beginning on page 298 for decimal, hex and character codes.

Check for a number

EC Check to make sure there is an ASCII number at the current cursor position. The format is aborted if the character is not numeric.

EC Example: Only output the data if the barcode begins with a number

If you want only data from barcodes that begin with a number, you can use EC to check for the number.

Command string: ECF10D

EC is the "Check for a number" command

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

If this barcode is read,



the next data format, if there is one, will

be used on the data. If there is no other format, the format fails and the raw data is output as AB1234.

If this barcode is read:

1234AB

the data is output as:

1234AB <CR>

Check for non-numeric character

ED Check to make sure there is a non-numeric ASCII character at the current cursor position. The format is aborted if the character is numeric.

ED Example: Only output the data if the barcode begins with a letter

If you want only data from barcodes that begin with a letter, you can use ED to check for the letter.

Command string: EDF10D

ED is the "Check for a non-numeric character" command

F1 is the "Send all characters" command

OD is the hex value for a CR

If this barcode is read.



the next data format, if there is one, will be

used on this data. If there is no other format, the format fails and the raw data is output as 1234AB.



If this barcode is read:

AB1234 <CR>

Insert a delay

EF Inserts a delay of up to 49,995 milliseconds (in multiples of 5), starting from the current cursor position. Syntax = EFnnnn where nnnn stands for the delay in 5ms increments, up to 9999. This command can only be used with keyboard emulation.

Discard Data

- **B8** Discards types of data. For example, you may want to discard Code 128 barcodes that begin with the letter A. In step 4 (page 130), select 6A (for Code 128), and in step 5, select 9999 (for all lengths). Enter FE41B8 to compare and discard Code 128 barcodes that begin with the letter A. Syntax = B8.
- **Note:** The B8 command must be entered after all other commands. The Data Format must be **Required** (see page 145) in order for the B8 command to work.

If Data Format is On, but Not Required (page 146), barcode data that meets the B8 format is scanned and output as usual.

Because the data format needs to be **On** and **Required** (page 146) for the B8 command, you must input data formats for all barcodes you wish to discard as well as all barcodes you wish to output.

Other data format settings impact the B8 command. If Data Format Non-Match Error Tone is On (page 146), the scanner emits an error tone. If Data format Non-Match Error Tone is Off, the code is disabled for reading and no tone is sounded.

Data Formatter

When Data Formatter is turned Off, the barcode data is output to the host as read, including prefixes and suffixes.

DFM_EN0	-
	~ **

Data Formatter Off

You may wish to require the data to conform to a data format you have created and saved. The following settings can be applied to your data format:

- Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix Scanned data is modified according to your data format, and prefixes and suffixes are transmitted.
- Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format. If a data format is found for a particular symbol, those prefixes and suffixes are not transmitted. If a data format is *not* found for that symbol, the prefixes and suffixes *are* transmitted.

• Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix Scanned data is modified according to your data format, and prefixes and suffixes are transmitted. Any data that does not match your data format requirements generates an error tone and the data in that barcode is not transmitted. If you wish to process this type of barcode without generating an error tone, see Data Format Non-Match Error Tone.

• Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix

Scanned data is modified according to your data format. If a data format is found for a particular symbol, those prefixes and suffixes are not transmitted. Any data that does not match your data format requirements generates an error tone. If you wish to process this type of barcode without generating an error tone, see Data Format Non-Match Error Tone.

Choose one of the following options. *Default = Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix.*









Data Format Non-Match Error Tone

When a barcode is encountered that doesn't match your required data format, the scanner normally generates an error tone. However, you may want to continue scanning barcodes without hearing the error tone. If you scan the **Data Format Non-Match Error Tone Off** barcode, data that doesn't conform to your data format is not transmitted, and no error tone will sound. If you wish to hear the error tone when a non-matching barcode is found, scan the **Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On** barcode. *Default = Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On*.



* Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On



Primary/Alternate Data Formats

You can save up to four data formats, and switch between these formats. Your primary data format is saved under **0**. Your other three formats are saved under **1**, **2**, and **3**. To set your device to use one of these formats, scan one of the barcodes below.









Single Scan Data Format Change

You can also switch between data formats for a single scan. The next barcode is scanned using an alternate data format, then reverts to the format you have selected above (either Primary, 1, 2, or 3).

For example, you may have set your device to the data format you saved as Data Format 3. You can switch to Data Format 1 for a single trigger pull by scanning the **Single Scan-Data Format 1** barcode below. The next barcode that is scanned uses Data Format 1, then reverts back to Data Format 3.









Queue Busting Extraction

The following section allows you to create a Queue Busting barcode. Queue Busting takes multiple 1D barcodes and collates them with a separator to create a 2D barcode. This section also allows you to extract the 1D barcodes from the 2D barcode to the host system. *Default = Disabled*.

Queue Busting Symbology

Select the 2D barcode symbology the collated barcode will be. Scan the **Queue Busting Symbology** barcode that you want to create for the collated barcode.











Extraction Code ID

Select 1D barcode symbology the barcodes to be collated. Scan the **Extract Code ID** barcode and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.**



Extract Code ID

Extraction Separator

This sets the separator to be used between each barcode. Scan the **Extract Separator** barcode below, and then scan a digit (1-9) barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309, then **Save.**



Extraction Delay

An extract delay of up to 5000 milliseconds (in 5ms increments) may be placed between the transmission of each barcode in the message string. Scan the **Extraction Delay** barcode below, the scan the number of 5ms delays, and the Save barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309.



Extraction Delay

CHAPTER

SYMBOLOGIES

This programming section contains the following menu selections. Refer to Chapter 11 for settings and defaults.

- All Symbologies
- Aztec Code
- China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)
- Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code
- Codabar
- Codablock A
- Codablock F
- Code 11
- Code 128
- Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)
- Code 39
- Code 93
- Coupon GS1 DataBar Output
- Data Matrix
- Digimarc Barcode[™]
- DotCode
- EAN/JAN-13
- EAN/JAN-8
- GS1 Composite Codes
- GS1 DataBar Expanded
- GS1 DataBar Limited
- GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional
- GS1 Emulation
- GS1-128

- Interleaved 2 of 5
- Korea Post
- Label Code
- Matrix 2 of 5
- MacroPDF417
- MaxiCode
- MicroPDF417
- MSI
- NEC 2 of 5
- Postal Codes 2D
- Postal Codes Linear
- PDF417
- QR Code
- Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/ stop)
- Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)
- TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)
- Telepen
- Trioptic Code
- UPC-A
- UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code
- UPC-E0
- UPC-E1

All Symbologies

For best scanner performance, you should only enable the symbologies that you need. Scan **All Symbologies Off** to disable all symbologies, then enable the symbologies you need by scanning the **On** barcode for each symbology.



Message Length Description

You are able to set the valid reading length of some of the barcode symbologies. You may wish to set the same value for minimum and maximum length to force the scanner to read fixed length barcode data. This helps reduce the chances of a misread.

Example: Decode only those barcodes with a count of 9-20 characters.

Min. length = 09 Max. length = 20

Example: Decode only those barcodes with a count of 15 characters.

Min. length = 15 Max. length = 15

For a value other than the minimum and maximum message length defaults, scan the barcodes included in the explanation of the symbology, then scan the digit value of the message length and **Save** barcodes from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The minimum and maximum lengths and the defaults are included with the respective symbologies.

Codabar

<Default All Codabar Settings>



Codabar On/Off





Codabar Start/Stop Characters

Start/Stop characters identify the leading and trailing ends of the barcode. You may either transmit, or not transmit Start/Stop characters. *Default = Don't Transmit*.





Codabar Check Character

Codabar check characters are created using different "modulos." You can program the scanner to read only Codabar barcodes with Modulo 16 check characters. *Default = No Check Character.*

No Check Character indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check character.

When Check Character is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner will only read Codabar barcodes printed with a check character, and will transmit this character at the end of the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit will only read Codabar barcodes printed *with* a check character, but will not transmit the check character with the scanned data.





Validate Modulo 16, but Don't Transmit



Codabar Concatenation

Codabar supports symbol concatenation. When you enable concatenation, the scanner looks for a Codabar symbol having a "D" start character, adjacent to a symbol having a "D" stop character. In this case the two messages are concatenated into one with the "D" characters omitted.



Select **Require** to prevent the scanner from decoding a single "D" Codabar symbol without its companion. This selection has no effect on Codabar symbols without Stop/Start D characters.







Codabar Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-60. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 60.*



Minimum Message Length



Code 39

< Default All Code 39 Settings >



Code 39 On/Off





If you are reading Code 39 barcodes, Codablock A should remain disabled. If you are enabling Codablock A (see Codablock A on page 192), you should disable Code 39.

Code 39 Start/Stop Characters

Start/Stop characters identify the leading and trailing ends of the barcode. You may either transmit, or not transmit Start/Stop characters. *Default* = *Don't Transmit*.





Code 39 Check Character

No Check Character indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check character.

When Check Character is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads Code 39 barcodes printed with a check character, but will not transmit the check character with the scanned data. When Check Character is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads Code 39 barcodes printed with a check character, and will transmit this character at the end of the scanned data. *Default = No Check Character*.





Validate, but Don't Transmit



Validate and Transmit

Code 39 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-48. *Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 48*.



C39MIN. Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Code 39 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 39 barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a Code 39 barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers Code 39 barcodes until it reads a Code 39 barcode that does not have the append trigger. The data is then transmitted in the order in which the barcodes were read (FIFO). *Default = Off.*





* Off

Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)

Code 32 Pharmaceutical is a form of the Code 39 symbology used by Italian pharmacies. This symbology is also known as PARAF.

Note: Trioptic Code (page 192) must be turned off while scanning Code 32 Pharmaceutical codes.





Full ASCII

If Full ASCII Code 39 decoding is enabled, certain character pairs within the barcode symbol will be interpreted as a single character. For example: \$V will be decoded as the ASCII character SYN, and /C will be decoded as the ASCII character #. Default = Off.

Full ASCII Table														
NUL	-%U	DLE \$P	SP	SPACE	0	0	a	%V	Р	Р	"	%W	р	+P
SO⊢	I\$A	DC1 \$Q	!	/A	1	1	А	А	Q	Q	а	+A	q	+Q
STX	\$B	DC2 \$R	"	/B	2	2	В	В	R	R	b	+B	r	+R
ETX	\$C	DC3 \$S	#	/C	3	3	С	С	S	S	С	+C	s	+S
EOT	\$D	DC4 \$T	\$	/D	4	4	D	D	Т	Т	d	+D	t	+T
ENG)\$E	NAK \$U	%	/E	5	5	Е	Е	U	U	е	+E	u	+U
ACK	\$F	SYN \$V	&	/F	6	6	F	F	V	V	f	+F	V	+V
BEL	\$G	ETB \$W	ŕ	/G	7	7	G	G	W	W	g	+G	W	+W
BS	\$H	CAN \$X	(/H	8	8	Н	Н	X	Х	h	+H	X	+X
HT	\$1	EM \$Y)	/I	9	9	1	I	Y	Y	i	+	у	+Y
LF	\$J	SUB \$Z	*	/J	:	/Z	J	J	Z	Z	j	+J	z	+Z
VT	\$K	ESC %A	+	/K	;	%F	Κ	K	[%K	k	+K	{	%P
FF	\$L	FS %B	,	/L	<	%G	L	L	\setminus	%L	l	+L		%Q
CR	\$M	GS %C		-	-	%Н	М	Μ]	%M	m	+M	}	%R
SO	\$N	RS %D			>	%I	Ν	Ν	^	%N	n	+N	~	%S
SI	\$O	US %E	/	/0	?	%J	0	0	_	%0	0	+0	DEL	_ %T

Character pairs /M and /N decode as a minus sign and period respectively. Character pairs /P through /Y decode as 0 through 9.





Code 39 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 302), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The data characters should then appear properly.



Suppress Code 39

It is recommended not to mix Code 39 barcodes with Codablock A barcodes, however if you need to scan Code 39 and Codablock A barcodes at the same time, scan the **Do Not Suppress Code 39** barcode. *Default = Suppress Code 39*.



* Suppress Code 39



Interleaved 2 of 5

< Default All Interleaved 2 of 5 Settings >



Interleaved 2 of 5 On/Off





Check Digit

No Check Digit indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check digit.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads Interleaved 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, but will not transmit the check digit with the scanned data.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads Interleaved 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, and will transmit this digit at the end of the scanned data. *Default = No Check Digit*.



* No Check Digit





Interleaved 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. *Minimum Default = 6, Maximum Default = 80*.





FEBRABAN Decode

Scan the barcodes below to turn FEBRABAN Boleto decoding on or off. *Default = Off.*



FEBRABAN Decode On



*FEBRABAN Decode Off

NEC 2 of 5

< Default All NEC 2 of 5 Settings >



NEC 2 of 5 On/Off





Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

Check Digit

No Check Digit indicates that the scanner reads and transmits barcode data with or without a check digit.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate, but Don't Transmit**, the unit only reads NEC 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, but will not transmit the check digit with the scanned data.

When Check Digit is set to **Validate and Transmit**, the scanner only reads NEC 2 of 5 barcodes printed with a check digit, and will transmit this digit at the end of the scanned data. *Default* = **No Check Digit**.



* No Check Digit





NEC 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80*.





Code 93

< Default All Code 93 Settings >



Code 93 On/Off





Code 93 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-80. *Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 80*.





Code 93 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 93 barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When this function is enabled, the scanner stores those Code 93 barcodes that start with a space (excluding the start and stop symbols), and does not immediately transmit the data. The scanner stores the data in the order in which the barcodes are read, deleting the first space from each. The scanner transmits the appended data when it reads a Code 93 barcode that starts with a character other than a space. *Default = Off.*





Code 93 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 302), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The data characters should then appear properly.



Straight 2 of 5 Industrial (three-bar start/stop)

< Default All Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Settings>



Straight 2 of 5 Industrial On/Off





Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-48. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48*.





Straight 2 of 5 IATA (two-bar start/stop)

<Default All Straight 2 of 5 IATA Settings>



Straight 2 of 5 IATA On/Off





Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy

If you are encountering errors when reading Straight 2 of 5 IATA barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To adjust the redundancy, scan the Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy barcode below, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. Then scan the **Save** barcode. *Default* = 0.



Straight 2 of 5 IATA Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-48. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48*.



Minimum Message Length



Matrix 2 of 5

<Default All Matrix 2 of 5 Settings>



Matrix 2 of 5 On/Off





Matrix 2 of 5 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80.*





Code 11

<Default All Code 11 Settings>



Code 11 On/Off





Check Digits Required

This option sets whether 1 or 2 check digits are required with Code 11 barcodes. *Default = Two Check Digits.*





Code 11 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80*.





Code 128

<Default All Code 128 Settings>



Code 128 On/Off





If you are reading Code 128 barcodes, Codablock F should remain disabled. If you are enabling Codablock F (see Codablock F on page 193), you should disable Code 128.

ISBT 128 Concatenation

In 1994 the International Society of Blood Transfusion (ISBT) ratified a standard for communicating critical blood information in a uniform manner. The use of ISBT formats requires a paid license. The ISBT 128 Application Specification describes 1) the critical data elements for labeling blood products, 2) the current recommendation to use Code 128 due to its high degree of security and its spaceefficient design, 3) a variation of Code 128 that supports concatenation of neighboring symbols, and 4) the standard layout for barcodes on a blood product label. Use the barcodes below to turn concatenation on or off. *Default =Off.*





Code 128 Redundancy

If you are encountering errors when reading Code 128 barcodes, you may want to adjust the redundancy count. Redundancy adjusts the number of times a barcode is decoded before transmission, which may reduce the number of errors. Note that the higher the redundancy count, the longer it will take to decode the barcode. To adjust the redundancy, scan the Code 128 Redundancy barcode below, then scan a redundancy count between 0 and 10 on the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. Then scan the **Save** barcode. *Default = 0*.



Code 128 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 0-80. *Minimum Default = 0, Maximum Default = 80*.



Minimum Message Length



Code 128 Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Code 128 barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters a Code 128 barcode with the append trigger character(s), it

buffers Code 128 barcodes until it reads a Code 128 barcode that does not have the append trigger. The data is then transmitted in the order in which the barcodes were read (FIFO). *Default = Off.*





Code 128 Code Page

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 302), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The data characters should then appear properly.



Code 128 Code Page

GS1-128

<Default All GS1-128 Settings>



GS1-128 On/Off





GS1-128 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-80. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 80*.





GS1 Digital Link

Per the Sunrise 2027 initiative, Honeywell has created a setting to convert Web URI barcodes (i.e., QR Code, Data Matrix) into GS1 element strings to be easily read by most host systems. To create a GS1 element string, first scan the **GS1 Digital Link** barcode and then the Web URI barcode. *Default = Off.*

Note: Currently the only Web URI barcodes supported are QR Code and Data Matrix barcodes.





Telepen

<Default All Telepen Settings>



Telepen On/Off





Telepen Output

Using **AIM Telepen Output**, the scanner reads symbols with start/stop pattern 1 and decodes them as standard full ASCII (start/stop pattern 1). When **Original Telepen Output** is selected, the scanner reads symbols with start/stop pattern 1 and decodes them as compressed numeric with optional full ASCII (start/stop pattern 2). *Default = AIM Telepen Output*.





Original Telepen Output

Telepen Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-60. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 60*.



Minimum Message Length



TELMAX. Maximum Message Length UPC-A

<Default All UPC-A Settings>



UPC-A On/Off





Note: To convert UPC-A barcodes to EAN-13, see Convert UPC-A to EAN-13 on page 179.

UPC-A Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On*.





UPC-A Number System

The numeric system digit of a U.P.C. symbol is normally transmitted at the beginning of the scanned data, but can be programmed so it is not transmitted (**Off**). *Default = On*.





UPC-A Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned UPC-A data. *Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.*









UPC-A Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read UPC-A barcodes that have addenda. You must then turn on a 2 or 5 digit addenda listed on page 173. *Default = Not Required.*





Addenda Timeout

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for UPC-A Addenda Required. Set the length (in

milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 of this manual, then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

Note: The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



UPC-A Addenda Separator

When this feature is **On**, there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned **Off**, there is no space. *Default = On*.





UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code

Use the following codes to enable or disable UPC-A and EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code. When left on the default setting (**Off**), the scanner treats Coupon Codes and Extended Coupon Codes as single barcodes.

If you scan the **Allow Concatenation** code, when the scanner sees the coupon code and the extended coupon code in a single scan, it transmits both as one symbologies. Otherwise, it transmits the first coupon code it reads.

If you scan the **Require Concatenation** code, the scanner must see and read the coupon code and extended coupon code in a single read to transmit the data. No data is output unless both codes are read. *Default = Off.*







Addenda Timeout

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 of this manual, then **Save**. *Default* = 120.

Note: The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



Coupon GS1 DataBar Output

If you scan coupons that have both UPC and GS1 Databar codes, you may wish to scan and output only the data from the GS1 Databar code. Scan the **GS1 Output On** code below to scan and output only the GS1 Databar code data. *Default* = *GS1 Output Off.*





CPNGS11. GS1 Output On

UPC-E0

<Default All UPC-E Settings>



UPC-E0 On/Off

Most U.P.C. barcodes lead with the 0 number system. To read these codes, use the **UPC-E0 On** selection. If you need to read codes that lead with the 1 number system, use UPC-E1 (page 178). *Default = On*.





UPC-EO Expand

UPC-E Expand expands the UPC-E code to the 12 digit, UPC-A format. *Default = Off.*





UPC-EO Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read UPC-E barcodes that have addenda. *Default* = *Not Required*.





Addenda Timeout

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for UPC-EO Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 of this manual, then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

Note: The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



UPC-EO Addenda Separator

When this feature is **On**, there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned **Off**, there is no space. *Default = On*.





UPC-E0 Check Digit

Check Digit specifies whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On.*





Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

UPC-EO Leading Zero

This feature allows the transmission of a leading zero (0) at the beginning of scanned data. To prevent transmission, scan **Off**. *Default = On*.





UPC-EO Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned UPC-E data. *Default = Off* for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.



2 Digit Addenda On







UPC-E1

Most U.P.C. barcodes lead with the 0 number system. For these codes, use UPC-E0 (page 176). If you need to read codes that lead with the 1 number system, use the **UPC-E1 On** selection. *Default = Off.*





EAN/JAN-13

<Default All EAN/JAN Settings>



EAN/JAN-13 On/Off





Convert UPC-A to EAN-13

When **UPC-A Converted to EAN-13** is selected, UPC-A barcodes are converted to 13 digit EAN-13 codes by adding a zero to the front. When **Do not Convert UPC-A** is selected, UPC-A codes are read as UPC-A.



UPC-A Converted to EAN-13



Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data or not. *Default = On.*





EAN/JAN-13 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned EAN/JAN-13 data. *Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.*









EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read EAN/JAN-13 barcodes that have addenda. *Default* = *Not Required*.





EAN-13 Beginning with 290 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require a 5 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "290." The following settings can be programmed:

Require 5 Digit Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "290" must have a 5 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 5 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 5 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Note: If you are using EAN-13 Beginning with 290 Addenda Required (page 181), this setting will take precedence.

Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda: If you have selected Require 5 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda.



* Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda



EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require any combination of a 2 digit addenda or a 5 digit addenda on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "378" or "379." The following settings can be programmed:

Require Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "378" or "379" must have a 2 digit addenda, a 5 digit addenda, or a combination of these addenda. The EAN-13 barcode with the addenda is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If the required addenda is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Don't Require Addenda: If you have selected Require Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require Addenda.









Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda

EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require any combination of a 2 digit addenda or a 5 digit addenda on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "414" or "419." The following settings can be programmed:

Require Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "414" or "419" must have a 2 digit addenda, a 5 digit addenda, or a combination of these addenda. The EAN-13 barcode with the addenda is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If the required addenda is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Don't Require Addenda: If you have selected Require Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require Addenda.



* Don't Require Addenda







EAN-13 Beginning with 434/439 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require any combination of a 2 digit addenda or a 5 digit addenda on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "434" or "439." The following settings can be programmed:

Require Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with a "434" or "439" must have a 2 digit addenda, a 5 digit addenda, or a combination of these addenda. The EAN-13 barcode with the addenda is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If the required addenda is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Don't Require Addenda: If you have selected Require Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require Addenda.









Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda

EAN-13 Beginning with 977 Addenda Required

This setting programs the scanner to require a 2 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "977." The following settings can be programmed:

Require 2 Digit Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "977" must have a 2 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 2 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 2 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda: If you have selected Require 2 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda.





EAN-13 Beginning with 978 Addenda Required

These settings program the scanner to require a 5 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "978." The following settings can be programmed:

Require 5 Digit Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "978" must have a 5 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 5 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 5 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda: If you have selected Require 5 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda.



* Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda



EAN-13 Beginning with 979 Addenda Required

These settings program the scanner to require a 5 digit addenda only on EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "979." The following settings can be programmed:

Require 5 Digit Addenda: All EAN-13 barcodes that begin with "979" must have a 5 digit addendum. The EAN-13 barcode with the 5 digit addendum is then transmitted as a single, concatenated barcode. If a 5 digit addendum is not found within the Addenda Timeout period, the EAN-13 barcode is discarded.

Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda: If you have selected Require 5 Digit Addenda, and you want to disable this feature, scan **Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda**. EAN-13 barcodes are transmitted, depending on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required.

Default = Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda.



* Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda



Addenda Timeout

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 of this manual, then **Save**. *Default = 120*.

Note: The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Separator

When this feature is On, there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned Off, there is no space. *Default = On*.





Note: If you want to enable or disable EAN13 with Extended Coupon Code, refer to UPC-A/ EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code (page 174).



When **On** is scanned, EAN-13 Bookland symbols are translated into their equivalent ISBN number format. *Default = Off.*





EAN/JAN-8

<Default All EAN/JAN-8 Settings>



EAN/JAN-8 On/Off





EAN/JAN-8 Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether or not the check digit should be transmitted at the end of the scanned data. *Default = On.*





EAN/JAN-8 Addenda

This selection adds 2 or 5 digits to the end of all scanned EAN/JAN-8 data. *Default = Off for both 2 Digit and 5 Digit Addenda.*









EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required

When **Required** is scanned, the scanner will only read EAN/JAN-8 barcodes that have addenda. *Default = Not Required*.





Addenda Timeout

You can set a time during which the scanner looks for an addenda. If an addenda is not found within this time period, the data can be either transmitted or discarded, based on the setting you are using for EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required. Set the length (in milliseconds) for this timeout by scanning the barcode below, then

setting the timeout (from 0-500 milliseconds) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309 of this manual, then **Save**. *Default* = 120.

Note: The Addenda Timeout setting is applied to all addenda and coupon code searches.



EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Separator

When this feature is **On**, there is a space between the data from the barcode and the data from the addenda. When turned **Off**, there is no space. *Default* = *On*.





MSI

<Default All MSI Settings>



MSI On/Off





MSI Check Character

Different types of check characters are used with MSI barcodes. You can program the scanner to read MSI barcodes with Type 10 check characters. *Default = Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit.*

When Check Character is set to **Validate Type 10/11 and Transmit**, the scanner will only read MSI barcodes printed with the specified type check character(s), and will transmit the character(s) at the end of the scanned data.

When Check Character is set to **Validate Type 10/11**, **but Don't Transmit**, the unit will only read MSI barcodes printed with the specified type check character(s), but will not transmit the check character(s) with the scanned data.



* Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit



Validate Type 10 and Transmit



Validate 2 Type 10 Characters, but Don't Transmit



MSICHK3. Validate 2 Type 10 Characters and Transmit

MSICHK5. Validate Type 11 then Type 10 Character and Transmit



Validate Type 11 then Type 10 Character, but Don't Transmit







MSI Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 4-48. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48.*





GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional

< Default All GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional Settings >



GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional On/Off





GS1 DataBar Limited

< Default All GS1 DataBar Limited Settings >



GS1 DataBar Limited On/Off





GS1 DataBar Expanded

< Default All GS1 DataBar Expanded Settings >



GS1 DataBar Expanded On/Off





Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

GS1 DataBar Expanded Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 4-74. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 74*.





Trioptic Code

Note: If you are going to scan Code 32 Pharmaceutical codes (page 157), Trioptic Code must be off.

Trioptic Code is used for labeling magnetic storage media.





Codablock A

<Default All Codablock A Settings>



Codablock A On/Off





Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

If you are reading Code 39 barcodes, Codablock A should remain disabled. If you are enabling Codablock A, you should disable Code 39 (see Code 39 on page 155).

Codablock A Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-600. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 600*.



Minimum Message Length



Maximum Message Length

Codablock F

<Default All Codablock F Settings>



Codablock F On/Off





If you are reading Code 128 barcodes, Codablock F should remain disabled. If you are enabling Codablock F, you should disable Code 128 (see Code 128 on page 167).

Codablock F Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2048. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2048*.





Label Code

The standard Label Code is used in libraries. Default = Off.



On



PDF417

< Default All PDF417 Settings >



PDF417 On/Off





PDF417 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2750. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2750*.





MacroPDF417

MacroPDF417 is an implementation of PDF417 capable of encoding very large amounts of data into multiple PDF417 barcodes. When this selection is enabled, these multiple barcodes are assembled into a single data string. Default = On.





MicroPDF417

< Default All MicroPDF417 Settings >



MicroPDF417 On/Off





MicroPDF417 Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-366. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 366*.





Maximum Message Length

GS1 Composite Codes

Linear codes are combined with a unique 2D composite component to form a new class called GS1 Composite symbology. GS1 Composite symbologies allow for the co-existence of symbologies already in use. *Default = Off.*



COMENA0.

Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide



Scan the **UPC/EAN Version On** barcode to decode GS1 Composite symbols that have a U.P.C. or an EAN linear component. (This does not affect GS1 Composite symbols with a GS1-128 or GS1 linear component.) *Default = UPC/EAN Version Off.*





Note: If you scan coupons that have both UPC and GS1 Databar codes, you may wish to scan and output only the data from the GS1 Databar code. See Coupon GS1 DataBar Output (page 175) for further information.

GS1 Composite Code Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2435. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2435*.





GS1 Emulation

The scanner can automatically format the output from any GS1 data carrier to emulate what would be encoded in an equivalent GS1-128 or GS1 DataBar symbol. GS1 data carriers include UPC-A and UPC-E, EAN-13 and EAN-8, ITF-14, GS1-128, and GS1 DataBar and GS1 Composites. (Any application that accepts GS1 data can be simplified since it only needs to recognize one data carrier type.)

If **GS1-128 Emulation** is scanned, all retail codes (U.P.C., UPC-E, EAN8, EAN13) are expanded out to 16 digits. If the **AIM ID** is enabled, the value will be the GS1-128 AIM ID,]C1 (see Symbology Charts on page 295).

If **GS1 DataBar Emulation** is scanned, all retail codes (U.P.C., UPC-E, EAN8, EAN13) are expanded out to 16 digits. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-DataBar AIM ID,]em (see Symbology Charts on page 295).

If **GS1 Code Expansion Off** is scanned, retail code expansion is disabled, and UPC-E expansion is controlled by the UPC-EO Expand (page 176) setting. If the AIM ID is enabled, the value will be the GS1-128 AIM ID,]C1 (see Symbology Charts on page 295).

If **EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion** is scanned, all EAN8 barcodes are converted to EAN13 format.

Default = GS1 Emulation Off.











TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)

This code is a composite code since it has a Code 39 linear component and a MicroPDF417 stacked code component. All barcode readers are capable of reading the Code 39 linear component. The MicroPDF417 component can only be decoded if TLC39 **On** is selected. The linear component may be decoded as Code 39 even if TLC39 is off. *Default = Off.*



T39ENA0. * Off

QR Code

< Default All QR Code Settings >



QR Code On/Off

This selection applies to both QR Code and Micro QR Code.





QR Code Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-7089. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 7089*.





Maximum Message Length

QR Code Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several QR Code barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an QR Code barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of QR Code barcodes determined by information encoded in those barcodes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the barcodes. There are 3 ways to scan appended QR Code:

One Scan: Pull the trigger one time and all appended QR Codes in the same image are decoded.

Swipe: Pull and hold down the trigger and scan all appended QR Codes while keeping the trigger pressed. The scanner emits short beeps for each partial QR Code that is scanned and buffered. One long beep is emitted after the last QR Code is scanned and the data is complete. Not compatible with Presentation mode.

Point and Shoot: Pull the trigger one time for each image. The scanner emits a short beep for each partial QR Code that is scanned and buffered. One long beep is emitted after the last QR Code is scanned and the data is complete. Not compatible with Presentation mode.

Default = One Scan.



QRCAPP2. Swipe





QR Code Page

QR Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 302), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The data characters should then appear properly.



Prohibit QR Code with Web Link

Use this function to disable or enable the scanning of QR codes that contain "http" or "https".





Off (Allow QR codes with web links)

DotCode

< Default All DotCode Settings >



DotCode On/Off





Poor Quality DotCodes

This setting improves the scanner's ability to read damaged or badly printed DotCodes. *Default = Poor Quality DotCodes Off.*



Poor Quality DotCodes On



* Poor Quality DotCodes Off

DotCode Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-2400. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 2400*.





Digimarc Barcode[™]

Digimarc Decoder Attempts

Set the number of attempts by scanning the barcode below, then setting the number of attempts (0-10) by scanning digits from the Programming Chart beginning on page 309 of this manual, the **Save**. *Minimum to Maximum attempts = 0-10. Default = 3.*



Digimarc Decoder Attempts

Digimarc Barcode

This setting programs the scanner to decode Digimarc Barcode using Digimarc and ID decoders. When Digimarc Barcode is set to **On**, the Digimarc decoder is used on most frames and the ID decoder will read every fifth frame.

When Digimarc Barcode is set to **Uses ID Decoder then Both Decoders**, the ID decoder will read the number of attempts set by the Digimarc Decoder Attempts and then will use both ID and Digimarc decoders. When Digimarc Barcode is set to **Uses Digimarc Decoder then Both Decoders**, the Digimarc decoder will read the number of attempts set by the Digimarc Decoder Attempts and then will use both ID and Digimarc Decoders.

When Digimarc Barcdoe is set to **Uses ID Decoder then Alternates Decoders**, the ID decoder will read the number of attempts set by the Digimarc Decoder Attempts and then will alternate between ID and Digimarc decoders. When Digimarc Barcode is set to **Uses Digimarc Decoder then Alternates Decoders**, the Digimarc decoder will read the number of attempts set by the Digimarc Decoder Attempts and then will alternate between ID and Digimarc decoders.

Default = Uses Digimarc Decoder then Both Decoders.





Uses ID Decoder then Both Decoders



On



* Uses Digimarc Decoder then Both Decoders



Uses Digimarc Decoder then Alternates Decoders



Uses ID Decoder then Alternates Decoders



< Default All Data Matrix Settings >



Data Matrix On/Off





Direct Part Marking Decoding

If you are having trouble reading Direct Part Marking (DPM) barcodes, scan **Dotpeen DPM Decoding** for Dotpeen codes or scan **Reflective (Etched) DPM Decoding** for reflective (etched) codes. *Default = Disable DPM Decoding*.





DPMENA2. Reflective (Etched) DPM

Data Matrix Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-3116. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 3116*.





Data Matrix Code Page

Data Matrix Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646

Character Replacements on page 302), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The data characters should then appear properly.



MaxiCode

< Default All MaxiCode Settings >



MaxiCode On/Off





MaxiCode Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-150. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 150*.





Aztec Code

< Default All Aztec Code Settings >



Aztec Code On/Off





Aztec Code Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-3832. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 3832*.





Aztec Append

This function allows the scanner to append the data from several Aztec barcodes together before transmitting them to the host computer. When the scanner encounters an Aztec barcode with the append trigger character(s), it buffers the number of Aztec barcodes determined by information encoded in those barcodes. Once the proper number of codes is reached, the data is output in the order specified in the barcodes. *Default = On*.





Aztec Code Page

Aztec Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, scan the barcode below, select the code page with which the barcodes were created (see ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements on page 302), and scan the value and the **Save** barcode from the Programming Chart, beginning on page 309. The data characters should then appear properly.



Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code

< Default All Han Xin Settings >



Han Xin Code On/Off





Han Xin Code Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 1-7833. *Minimum Default = 1, Maximum Default = 7833*.





Postal Codes - 2D

The following lists the possible 2D postal codes, and 2D postal code combinations that are allowed. Only one 2D postal code selection can be active at a time. If you scan a second 2D postal code selection, the first selection is overwritten. *Default = 2D Postal Codes Off.*



* 2D Postal Codes Off

Single 2D Postal Codes:





British Post On











POSTAL5. Planet Code On Also see Planet Code Check Digit, page 211.





Postnet On Also see Postnet Check Digit, page 212.





Combination 2D Postal Codes:



InfoMail and British Post On

POSTAL20. Intelligent Mail Barcode and Postnet with B and B' Fields On







Postal-4i and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL15. Planet Code and Intelligent Mail Barcode



Planet Code, Postnet, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On

Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide







Planet Code and Postal-4i On



Planet Code, Postnet, and Postal-4i On



POSTAL23. Planet Code, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On



POSTAL24. Postnet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On



Planet Code, Postal-4i, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL26. Planet Code, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



POSTAL28. Planet Code, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet On



Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On



Planet Code, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On

Planet Code Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of Planet Code data. *Default = Don't Transmit.*





Postnet Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted at the end of Postnet data. *Default = Don't Transmit.*





Australian Post Interpretation

This option controls what interpretation is applied to customer fields in Australian 4-State symbols.

Bar Output lists the bar patterns in "0123" format.

Numeric N Table causes that field to be interpreted as numeric data using the N Table.

Alphanumeric C Table causes the field to be interpreted as alphanumeric data using the C Table. Refer to the Australian Post Specification Tables.

Combination C and N Tables causes the field to be interpreted using either the C or N Tables.



* Bar Output





Alphanumeric C Table



Postal Codes - Linear

The following lists linear postal codes. Any combination of linear postal code selections can be active at a time.

China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)

<Default All China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Settings>



China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) On/Off





China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 80*.



Minimum Message Length



Korea Post

<Default All Korea Post Settings>



Korea Post





Korea Post Message Length

Scan the barcodes below to change the message length. Refer to Message Length Description (page 152) for additional information. Minimum and Maximum lengths = 2-80. *Minimum Default = 4, Maximum Default = 48*.





Korea Post Check Digit

This selection allows you to specify whether the check digit should be transmitted or not. *Default = Don't Transmit*.



Transmit Check Digit



* Don't Transmit Check Digit

CHAPTER

IMAGING COMMANDS

The scanner is like a digital camera in the way it captures, manipulates, and transfers images. The following commands allow you to alter the way the scanner performs these functions.

Note: If you are using the scanner in a stand, you must set the In-Stand Sensor Mode to Off in order to take images (see In-Stand Sensor Mode on page 89).

Single-Use Basis

Imaging Commands with their modifiers send instructions to the scanner on a single-use basis, and take effect for a single image capture. Once that capture is complete, the scanner reverts to its imaging default settings. If you want to permanently change a setting, you must use the serial default commands (see Chapter 11). When the serial default command is used, that selection becomes the new, permanent setting for the scanner.

Command Syntax

Multiple modifiers and commands can be issued within one sequence. If additional modifiers are to be applied to the same command, just add the modifiers to that command. For example, to add 2 modifiers to the Image Snap command, such as setting the Imaging Style to 1P and the Wait for Trigger to 1T, you would enter **IMGSNP1P1T**.

Note: After processing an image capture command (IMGSNP or IMGBOX), you must follow it with an IMGSHP command if you want to see it on your terminal.

To add a command to a sequence, each new command is separated with a semicolon. For example, to add the Image Ship command to the above sequence, you would enter IMGSNP1P1T;IMGSHP.

The imaging commands are:

Image Snap - IMGSNP (page 216)

Image Ship - IMGSHP (page 219)

Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX (page 228)

The modifiers for each of these commands follow the command description.

Note: The images included with each command description are examples only. The results you achieve may be different from those included in this manual. The quality of the output you receive will vary depending on lighting, quality of the initial image/object being captured, and distance of the scanner from the image/object. To achieve a high quality image, it is recommended that you position your scanner 4-6" (10.2-15.2 cm) away from the image/object you are capturing.

Step 1 - Take a Picture Using IMGSNP

Image Snap - IMGSNP

An image is taken whenever the hardware trigger is pressed, or when the Image Snap (IMGSNP) command is processed.

The image snap command has many different modifiers that can be used to change the look of the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGSNP command.

Example: You can use the following command to snap an image, increase the gain, and have the beeper sound once the snap is complete: **IMGSNP2G1B**

IMGSNP Modifiers

P - Imaging Style

This sets the Image Snap style.

- OP **Decoding Style.** This processing allows a few frames to be taken until the exposure parameters are met. The last frame is then available for further use.
- 1P **Photo Style (default)**. This mimics a simple digital camera, and results in a visually optimized image.
- 2P **Manual Style**. This is an advanced style that should only be used by an experienced user. It allows you the most freedom to set up the scanner, and has no auto-exposure.

Causes a beep to sound after an image is snapped.

- OB No beep (default)
- 1B Sounds a beep when the image is captured

T - Wait for Trigger

Waits for a hardware trigger press before taking the image. This is only available when using Photo Style (1P).

- OT Takes image immediately (default)
- 1T Waits for a trigger press, then takes the image

L - LED State

Determines if the LEDs should be on or off, and when. Ambient illumination (OL) is preferred for taking pictures of color documents, such as ID cards, especially when the scanner is in a stand. LED illumination (1L) is preferred when the scanner is handheld. LED State is not available when using Decoding Style (OP).

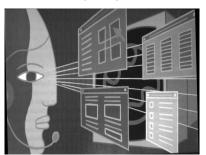
- OL LEDs off (default)
- 1L LEDs on

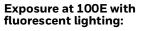
E - Exposure

Exposure is used in Manual Style only (2P), and allows you to set the exposure time. This is similar to setting a shutter speed on a camera. The exposure time determines how long the scanner takes to record an image. On a bright day, exposure times can be very short because plenty of light is available to help record an image. At nighttime, exposure time can increase dramatically due to the near absence of light. Units are 127 microseconds. (*Default = 7874*)

*n*E Range: 1 - 7874

Example: Exposure at 7874E with fluorescent lighting:







G - Gain

Gain is used in Manual Style only (2P). Like a volume control, the gain modifier boosts the signal and multiplies the pixel value. As you increase the gain, the noise in an image is also amplified.

- 1G No gain (default)
- 2G Medium gain
- 4G Heavy gain
- 8G Maximum gain

Example: Gain at 1G:

Gain at 4G:

Gain at 8G:



W - Target White Value

Sets the target for the median grayscale value in the captured image. For capturing close-up images of high contrast documents, a lower setting, such as 75, is recommended. Higher settings result in longer exposure times and brighter images, but if the setting is too high, the image may be overexposed. Target White Value is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 125)

*n*W Range: 0 - 255



D - Delta for Acceptance

This sets the allowable range for the white value setting (see W - Target White Value). Delta is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 25)

nD Range: 0 - 255

U - Update Tries

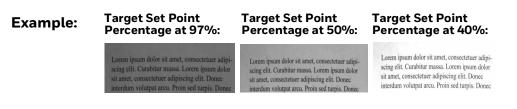
This sets the maximum number of frames the scanner should take to reach the D – Delta for Acceptance. Update Tries is only available when using Photo Style (1P). (Default = 6)

*n*U Range: 0 - 10

% - Target Set Point Percentage

Sets the target point for the light and dark values in the captured image. A setting of 75% means 75% of the pixels are at or below the target white value, and 25% of the pixels are above the target white value. Altering this setting from the default is not recommended under normal circumstances. To alter grayscale values, W - Target White Value should be used. (*Default = 50*)

n% Range: 1 - 99



Step 2 - Ship a Picture Using IMGSHP

Image Ship - IMGSHP

An image is taken whenever the trigger is pressed or when the Image Snap (IMGSNP) command is processed. The last image is always stored in memory. You can "ship" the image by using the IMGSHP command.

The image ship commands have many different modifiers that can be used to change the look of the image output. Modifiers affect the image that is transmitted, but do not affect the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGSHP command.

Example: You can use the following command to snap and ship a bitmap image with gamma correction and document image filtering: IMGSNP;IMGSHP8F75K26U.

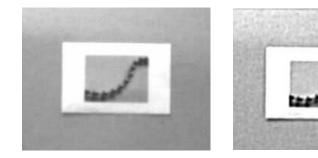
IMGSHP Modifiers

A - Infinity Filter

Enhances pictures taken from very long distances (greater than 10 feet or 3m). The Infinity Filter should not be used with IMGSNP Modifiers (page 216).

- OA Infinity filter off (default)
- 1A Infinity filter on

Example: Infinity Filter off (0A) from approximately 12 feet (3.66m) away: Infinity Filter on (1A) from approximately 12 feet (3.66m) away:



C - Compensation

Flattens the image to account for variations in illumination across the image.

- OC Compensation disabled (default)
- 1C Compensation enabled

Example:



Compensation at 1C:



D - Pixel Depth

Indicates the number of bits per pixel in the transmitted image (KIM or BMP format only).

- 8D 8 bits per pixel, grayscale image (default)
- 1D 1 bit per pixel, black and white image

E - Edge Sharpen

An edge sharpen filter cleans up the edges of an image, making it look cleaner and sharper. While edge sharpening does make the image look cleaner, it also removes some fine detail from the original image. The strength of the edge sharpen filter can be entered from 1 to 24. Entering a **23E** gives the sharpest edges, but also increases noise in the image.

- OE Don't sharpen image (default)
- 14E Apply edge sharpen for typical image
- *ne* Apply edge sharpen using strength n (n = 1-24)

Example: Edge Sharpen at OE:





F - File Format

Indicates the desired format for the image.

- OF KIM format
- 1F TIFF binary
- 2F TIFF binary group 4, compressed
- 3F TIFF grayscale
- 4F Uncompressed binary (upper left to lower right, 1 pixel/bit, 0 padded end of line)
- 5F Uncompressed grayscale (upper left to lower right, bitmap format)
- 6F JPEG image (default)
- 8F BMP format (lower right to upper left, uncompressed)
- 15F BMP Uncompressed raw image

H - Histogram Stretch

Increases the contrast of the transmitted image. Not available with some image formats.

- OH No stretch (default)
- 1H Histogram stretch

Example:

Histogram Stretch at 1H:





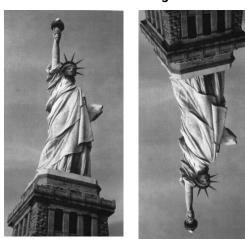
I - Invert Image

Invert image is used to rotate the image around the X or Y axis.

- 1ix Invert around the X axis (flips picture upside down)
- 1iy Invert around the Y axis (flips picture left to right)

Example: Image not inverted:

Image with Invert Image set to 1ix: Image with Invert Image set to 1iy:





IF-Noise Reduction

Used to reduce the salt and pepper noise in an image.

- Oif No salt and pepper noise reduction (default)
- 1if Salt and pepper noise reduction

Example: Noise Reduction Off (0if):



IR - Image Rotate

- Oir Image as snapped (rightside up) (default)
- 1ir Rotate image 90 degrees to the right
- 2ir Rotate image 180 degrees (upside down)
- 3ir Rotate image 90 degrees to the left

Example: Image Rotate set to 0ir:



Image Rotate set to 1ir:



Image Rotate set to 2ir:

Noise Reduction On (1if):



Image Rotate set to 3ir:



J - JPEG Image Quality

Sets the desired quality when the JPEG image format is selected. Higher numbers result in higher quality, but larger files. Smaller numbers result in greater amounts of lossy compression, faster transmission times, lower quality, but smaller files. (Default = 50)

- *nJ* Image is compressed as much as possible while preserving quality factor of n (n = 0 100)
- OJ worst quality (smallest file)
- 100J best quality (largest file)

K - Gamma Correction

Gamma measures the brightness of midtone values produced by the image. You can brighten or darken an image using gamma correction. A higher gamma correction yields an overall brighter image. The lower the setting, the darker the image. The optimal setting for text images is 50K.

- OK Gamma correction off (default)
- 50K Apply gamma correction for brightening typical document image
- nK Apply gamma correction factor n (n = 0.1,000)



L, R, T, B, M - Image Cropping

Ships a window of the image by specifying the left, right, top, and bottom pixel coordinates. Device columns are numbered 0 through 1279, and device rows are numbered 0 through 959.

- *n*L The left edge of the shipped image corresponds to column *n* of the image in memory. Range: 000 843. (*Default = 0*)
- *n*R The right edge of the shipped image corresponds to column *n* 1 of the image in memory. Range: 000 843. (*Default = all columns*)
- *n*T The top edge of the shipped image corresponds to row *n* of the image in memory. Range: 000 639. (*Default = 0*)

*n*B The bottom edge of the shipped image corresponds to row *n* - 1 of the image in memory. Range: 000 - 639. (*Default = all rows*)



Alternately, specify the number of pixels to cut from the outside margin of the image; thus only the center pixels are transmitted.

*n*M Margin: cut *n* columns from the left, *n* + 1 columns from the right, *n* rows from the top, and *n* + 1 rows from the bottom of the image. Ship the remaining center pixels. Range: 0 - 238.
(Default = 0, or full image)

Example: Image Crop set to 238M:



P - Protocol

Used for shipping an image. Protocol covers two features of the image data being sent to the host. It addresses the protocol used to send the data (Hmodem, which is an Xmodem 1K variant that has additional header information), and the format of the image data that is sent.

- OP None (raw data)
- 2P None (default for USB)
- 3P Hmodem compressed (default for RS232)
- 4P Hmodem

S - Pixel Ship

Pixel Ship sizes an image in proportion to its original size. It decimates the image by shipping only certain, regularly spaced pixels.

Example: 4S would transmit every fourth pixel from every fourth line.

The smaller number of pixels shipped, the smaller the image, however, after a certain point the image becomes unusable.

- 1S ship every pixel (*default*)
- 2S ship every 2nd pixel, both horizontally and vertically
- 3S ship every 3rd pixel, both horizontally and vertically

Example:



Pixel Ship set to 1S:







U - Document Image Filter

Allows you to input parameters to sharpen the edges and smooth the area between the edges of text in an image. This filter should be used with gamma correction (see page 224), with the scanner in a stand, and the image captured using the command:

IMGSNP1P0L168W90%32D

This filter typically provides better JPEG compression than the standard E - Edge Sharpen command (see page 227). This filter also works well when shipping pure black and white images (1 bit per pixel). The optimal setting is 26U.

- OU Document image filter off (default)
- 26U Apply document image filter for typical document image
- *n*U Apply document image filter using grayscale threshold n. Use lower numbers when the image contrast is lower. 1U will have a similar effect to setting E Edge Sharpen (page 221) to 22e. Range: 0-255.

Example: Document Image Filter set to OU:



Document Image Filter set to 26U:



V - Blur Image

Smooths transitions by averaging the pixels next to the hard edges of defined lines and shaded areas in an image.

- OV Don't blur (default)
- 1V Blur

Example: Blur Image Off (0V): Blur Image On (1V):

W - Histogram Ship

A histogram gives a quick picture of the tonal range of an image, or key type. A lowkey image has detail concentrated in the shadows; a high-key image has detail concentrated in the highlights; and an average-key image has detail concentrated in the midtones. This modifier ships the histogram for an image.

- OW Don't ship histogram (default)
- 1W Ship histogram

Example: Image used for histogram:



Histogram of image:



Image Size Compatibility

If you have applications that expect an image ship to return exactly 640x480 pixels, scan the Force VGA Resolution barcode. *Default = Native Resolution*.





Intelligent Signature Capture - IMGBOX

IMGBOX allows you to configure the size and location of a signature capture area relative to its proximity to a barcode. This allows you to tailor a signature capture area to a specific form. In order to use IMGBOX, you need a set form where the signature box location is in a known location relative to a barcode. You can input the overall size of the signature area, as well as specify how far the signature area is from the barcode, vertically and horizontally. You can also set the resolution and file format for the final output of the signature capture image.

Note: IMGBOX commands can only be triggered by one of the following types of barcodes: PDF417, Code 39, Code 128, Aztec, Codabar, and Interleaved 2 of 5. Once one of these symbologies has been read, the image is retained for a possible IMGBOX command.

Signature Capture Optimize

If you will be using your scanner to capture signatures frequently, you should optimize it for this purpose. However, the speed of scanning barcodes may be slowed when this mode is enabled. *Default = Off.*





Below is an example of a signature capture application. In this example, the aimer is centered over the signature capture area and the trigger is pressed. A single beep is emitted, indicating that the scanner has read a Code 128 barcode and the data has been transferred to the host. An IMGBOX command may now be sent from the host to specify the coordinates of the signature capture area below that code, and indicating that only that area containing the signature should be transferred as an image to the host.

To see this example, align the aimer with the signature area (not with the barcode), then press the trigger.



Send the following IMGBOX command string after the trigger press:

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55y.

Note: Case is not important in the command string. It is used here only for clarity.

The following image is captured:

Signature Capture Area

The IMGBOX commands have many different modifiers that can be used to change the size and appearance of the signature image output by the scanner. Modifiers affect the image that is transmitted, but do not affect the image in memory. Any number of modifiers may be appended to the IMGBOX command.

Note: The IMGBOX command will return a NAK unless a window size (width and height) are specified. See H - Height of Signature Capture Area (page 231) and W - Width of Signature Capture Area (page 232).

IMGBOX Modifiers

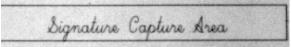
A - Output Image Width

This option is used to size the image horizontally. If using this option, set the resolution (R) to zero.

Example: Image Width set to 200A:



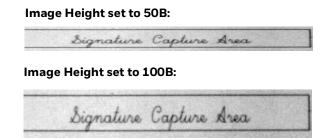
Image Width set to 600A:



B - Output Image Height

This option is used to size the image vertically. If using this option, set the resolution (R) to zero.

Example:



D - Pixel Depth

This indicates the number of bits per pixel in the transmitted image, which defines whether it will be grayscale or black and white.

- 8D 8 bits per pixel, grayscale image (default)
- 1D 1 bit per pixel, black and white image

F - File Format

This option indicates the type of file format in which to save the image.

- OF KIM format
- 1F TIFF binary
- 2F TIFF binary group 4, compressed
- 3F TIFF grayscale
- 4F Uncompressed Binary
- 5F Uncompressed grayscale
- 6F JPEG image (default)
- 7F Outlined image
- 8F BMP format

H - Height of Signature Capture Area

The height of the signature capture area must be measured in inches divided by .01. In the example, the height of the area to be captured is 3/8 inch, resulting in a value of H = .375/0.01 = 37.5.

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55y.

K - Gamma Correction

Gamma measures the brightness of midtone values produced by the image. You can brighten or darken an image using gamma correction. A higher gamma correction yields an overall brighter image. The lower the setting, the darker the image. The optimal setting for text images is 50K.

- OK Gamma correction off (default)
- 50K Apply gamma correction for brightening typical document image
- nK Apply gamma correction factor n (n = 1-255)

Example: Gamma Correction set to OK:

Signature Capture Aria

Gamma Correction set to 50K:



R - Resolution of Signature Capture Area

The resolution is the number of pixels that the scanner outputs per each minimum bar width. The higher the value for R, the higher the quality of the image, but also the larger the file size. Values begin at 1000. The scanner automatically inserts a

decimal point between the first and second digit. For example, use 2500 to specify a resolution of 2.5. Set to zero when using the A and B modifiers (see A - Output Image Width and B - Output Image Height on page 230).



Signature	Capture	Area
Resolution set to 1000R:		
Signature Capture Area		
Resolution set to 2000R:		

S - Barcode Aspect Ratio

All dimensions used in IMGBOX are measured as multiples of the minimum element size of the barcode. The barcode aspect ratio allows you to set the ratio of the barcode height to the narrow element width. In the example, the narrow element width is .010 inches and the barcode height is 0.400 inches, resulting in a value of S = 0.4/0.01 = 40.

W - Width of Signature Capture Area

The width of the signature capture area must be measured in inches divided by .01. In the example, the width of the area to be captured is 2.4 inches, resulting in a value of W = 2.4/0.01 = 240. (A value of 245 was used in the example to accommodate a slightly wider image area.)

Example: IMGBOX245w37h55y.

X - Horizontal Barcode Offset

The horizontal barcode offset allows you to offset the horizontal center of the signature capture area. Positive values move the horizontal center to the right and negative values to the left. Measurements are in multiples of the minimum bar width.

Example:

Horizontal Offset set to 75X:



Y - Vertical Barcode Offset

The vertical barcode offset allows you to offset the vertical center of the signature capture area. Negative numbers indicate that the signature capture is above the barcode, and positive numbers indicate that the area is below the barcode. Measurements are in multiples of the minimum bar width.



RF Default Imaging Device

The scanner supports imaging command processing (IMGSHP, IMGSNP, IMGBOX) so that EZConfig for Scanning (see page 237) and other applications are able to perform imaging functions as if they were communicating directly with a scanner. To accomplish this, the scanner uses a menu command called RF_DID (RF Default Imaging Device). RF_DID is the name of the scanner (BT_NAM) that is to receive imaging commands. The default for RF_DID is "*"indicating that imaging commands are to be sent to all associated scanners. Change this setting to RF_DID*scanner_name* to ensure that they are sent to a particular scanner. Refer to "Scanner Report" on page 50 to generate a report containing the port, work group, scanner name, and address for each scanner. Refer to "Scanner Name" on page 64 set a unique name for each scanner.

UTILITIES

To Add a Test Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies

This selection allows you to turn on transmission of a Code I.D. before the decoded symbology. (See the Symbology Charts, beginning on page 295 for the single character code that identifies each symbology.) This action first clears all current prefixes, then programs a Code I.D. prefix for all symbologies. This is a temporary setting that will be removed when the unit is power cycled.



Add Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbologies (Temporary)

Show Software Revision

Scan the barcode below to output the current software revision, unit serial number, and other product information for the scanner and base.



Show Software Revision

Test Menu

When you scan the **Test Menu On** code, then scan a programming code in this manual, the scanner displays the content of a programming code. The programming function will still occur, but in addition, the content of that programming code is output to the terminal.

Note: This feature should not be used during normal scanner operation.





TotalFreedom

TotalFreedom is an open system architecture that makes it possible for you create applications that reside on your scanner. Decoding apps and Data Formatting apps can be created using TotalFreedom. For further information about TotalFreedom, go to our website at sps.honeywell.com.

Application Plug-Ins (Apps)

Any apps that you are using can be turned off or on by scanning the following barcodes. Apps are stored in groups: Decoding, and Formatting. You can enable and disable these groups of apps by scanning that group's On or Off barcode below. You can also scan the List Apps barcode to output a list of all your apps.











Note: You must reset your device in order for the apps setting to take effect.

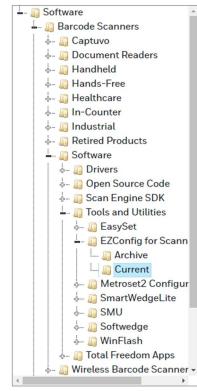
EZConfig for Scanning Introduction

EZConfig for Scanning provides a wide range of PC-based programming functions that can be performed on the scanner connected to your PC. EZConfig for Scanning allows you to download upgrades to the scanner's firmware, change programmed parameters, and create and print programming barcodes. Using EZConfig for Scanning, you can even save/open the programming parameters. This saved file can be e-mailed or, if required, you can create a single barcode that contains all the customized programming parameters and mail or fax that barcode to any location. Users in other locations can scan the barcode to load in the customized programming.

Configure with EZConfig for Scanning

Use the EZConfig for Scanning tool to configure your scanner online:

- 1. Access the Honeywell Technical Support Downloads Portal at honeywell.com/ PSSsoftware-downloads.
- 2. Go to Software > Barcode Scanners > Software > Tools and Utilities > EZConfig for Scanning > Current.



- 3. Download the Setup version of EZConfig for Scanning.
- 4. Open EZConfig to configure your scanner.

Reset the Factory Defaults



Caution: This selection erases all your settings and resets the scanner to the original factory defaults. It also disables all plugins.

If you aren't sure what programming options are in your scanner, or you've changed some options and want to restore the scanner to factory default settings, first scan the **Remove Custom Defaults** barcode, then scan **Activate Defaults**. This resets the scanner to the factory default settings.





Note: If using a cordless system, scanning the **Activate Defaults** barcode also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to re-establish the link before any setup codes are entered. If using an Access Point, the linking barcode must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 35 for additional information.

The Menu Commands, beginning on page 244, list the factory default settings for each of the commands (indicated by an asterisk (*) on the programming pages).

11 SERIAL PROGRAMMING COMMANDS

The serial programming commands can be used in place of the programming barcodes. Both the serial commands and the programming barcodes will program the scanner. For complete descriptions and examples of each serial programming command, refer to the corresponding programming barcode in this manual.

The device must be set to an RS232 interface (see page 10). The following commands can be sent via a PC COM port using terminal emulation software.

Conventions

The following conventions are used for menu and query command descriptions:

- *parameter* A label representing the actual value you should send as part of a command.
- [option] An optional part of a command.
- {Data} Alternatives in a command.
- **bold** Names of menus, menu commands, buttons, dialog boxes, and windows that appear on the screen.

Menu Command Syntax

Menu commands have the following syntax (spaces have been used for clarity only):

Prefix [:Name:] Tag SubTag {Data} [, SubTag {Data}] [; Tag SubTag {Data}] [...] Storage

- Prefix Three ASCII characters: SYN M CR (ASCII 22,77,13).
- :Name: This command is only used with cordless devices. It is used to specify whether you're communicating with the base or the scanner. To send information to the scanner (with the base connected to host), use :Xenon: The default factory setting for a Xenon XP scanner is Xenon

scanner. This setting is changed by using the BT_NAM command, which accepts alphanumeric values. If the name is not known, a wild-card (*) can be used :*

- **Note:** Since the base stores all work group settings and transfers to them to scanner once they are linked, changes are typically done to the base and not to the scanner.
 - TagA 3 character case-insensitive field that identifies the desired menu
command group. For example, all RS232 configuration settings are
identified with a Tag of **232**.
 - SubTag A 3 character case-insensitive field that identifies the desired menu command within the tag group. For example, the SubTag for the RS232 baud rate is **BAD**.
 - Data The new value for a menu setting, identified by the Tag and SubTag.
 - Storage A single character that specifies the storage table to which the command is applied. An exclamation point (!) performs the command's operation on the device's volatile menu configuration table. A period (.) performs the command's operation on the device's non-volatile menu configuration table. Use the non-volatile table only for semipermanent changes you want saved through a power cycle.

Query Commands

Several special characters can be used to query the device about its settings.

- What is the default value for the setting(s).
- > What is the PAP sub command.

Note: When using the >, all other commands will return NAK.

- **?** What is the device's current value for the setting(s).
- What is the range of possible values for the setting(s). (The device's response uses a dash (-) to indicate a continuous range of values. A pipe (|) separates items in a list of non-continuous values.)

:Name: Field Usage (Optional)

This command returns the query information from the scanner.

Tag Field Usage

When a query is used in place of a Tag field, the query applies to the *entire* set of commands available for the particular storage table indicated by the Storage field of the command. In this case, the SubTag and Data fields should not be used because they are ignored by the device.

SubTag Field Usage

When a query is used in place of a SubTag field, the query applies only to the subset of commands available that match the Tag field. In this case, the Data field should not be used because it is ignored by the device.

Data Field Usage

When a query is used in place of the Data field, the query applies only to the specific command identified by the Tag and SubTag fields.

Concatenation of Multiple Commands

Multiple commands can be issued within one Prefix/Storage sequence. Only the Tag, SubTag, and Data fields must be repeated for each command in the sequence. If additional commands are to be applied to the same Tag, then the new command sequence is separated with a comma (,) and only the SubTag and Data fields of the additional command are issued. If the additional command requires a different Tag field, the command is separated from previous commands by a semicolon (;).

Responses

The device responds to serial commands with one of three responses:

- **ACK** Indicates a good command which has been processed.
- **ENQ** Indicates an invalid Tag or SubTag command.
- **NAK** Indicates the command was good, but the Data field entry was out of the allowable range for this Tag and SubTag combination, e.g., an entry for a minimum message length of 100 when the field will only accept 2 characters.

When responding, the device echoes back the command sequence with the status character inserted directly before each of the punctuation marks (the period, exclamation point, comma, or semicolon) in the command.

Examples of Query Commands

In the following examples, a bracketed notation [] depicts a non-displayable response.

Example: What is the range of possible values for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter:	cbrena*.
--------	----------

Response: CBRENA0-1[ACK]

This response indicates that Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) has a range of values from 0 to 1 (off and on).

Example: What is the default value for Codabar Coding Enable?

Enter: cbrena^.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK]

This response indicates that the default setting for Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is 1, or on.

Example: What is the device's current setting for Codabar Coding Enable?

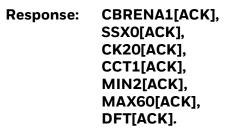
Enter: cbrena?.

Response: CBRENA1[ACK]

This response indicates that the device's Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is set to 1, or on.

Example: What are the device's settings for all Codabar selections?

or?.



This response indicates that the device's Codabar Coding Enable (CBRENA) is set to 1, or on;

the Start/Stop Character (SSX) is set to 0, or Don't Transmit; the Check Character (CK2) is set to 0, or Not Required; concatenation (CCT) is set to 1, or Enabled; the Minimum Message Length (MIN) is set to 2 characters; the Maximum Message Length (MAX) is set to 60 characters; and the Default setting (DFT) has no value.

Trigger Commands

You can activate and deactivate the scanner with serial trigger commands. First, the scanner must be put in Manual Trigger Mode by scanning a Manual Trigger Mode barcode (page 82), or by sending a serial menu command for triggering (page 84). Once the scanner is in serial trigger mode, the trigger is activated and deactivated by sending the following commands:

Activate:	SYN T CR
Deactivate:	SYN U CR

The scanner scans until a barcode has been read, until the deactivate command is sent, or until the serial time-out has been reached (see Read Time-Out on page 84 for a description, and the serial command on page 255).

Reset the Custom Defaults

If you want the custom default settings restored to your scanner, scan the **Activate Custom Defaults** barcode below. This resets the scanner to the custom default settings. If there are no custom defaults, it will reset the scanner to the factory default settings. Any settings that have not been specified through the custom defaults will be defaulted to the factory default settings.



Activate Custom Defaults

Note: If using a cordless system, scanning this barcode also causes both the scanner and the base or Access Point to perform a reset and become unlinked. The scanner must be placed in its base to re-establish the link. If using an Access Point, the linking barcode must be scanned. See Cordless System Operation beginning on page 35 for additional information.

The charts on the following pages list the factory default settings for each of the commands (indicated by an asterisk (*) on the programming pages).

Menu Commands

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Product Default Settings			
Set Custom Defaults	Set Custom Defaults	MNUCDP	7
	Save Custom Defaults	MNUCDS	7
Reset the Custom Defaults	Activate Custom Defaults	DEFALT	8
Reset the Factory Defaults - cordless scanners	Factory Default Settings: All Application Groups	PAPDFT&	67
Reset the Custom Defaults - cordless scanners	Custom Default Settings: All Application Groups	PAPDFT	67
Program the Interface			
Plug and Play Codes	Keyboard Wedge: IBM PC AT and Compatibles with CR suffix	PAP_AT	9
	Laptop Direct Connect with CR suffix	PAPLTD	10
	RS232 Serial Port	PAP232	10
Plug and Play Codes: IBM SurePos	USB IBM SurePos Handheld	PAPSPH	10
	USB IBM SurePos Tabletop	PAPSPT	10
Plug and Play Codes: USB	USB Keyboard (PC)	PAP124	11
	USB Keyboard (Mac)	PAP125	11
	USB Japanese Keyboard (PC)	TRMUSB134	11
	USB HID	PAP131	11
	USB Serial	TRMUSB130	12
	CTS/RTS Emulation On	USBCTS1	12
	*CTS/RTS Emulation Off	USBCTSO	12
	ACK/NAK Mode On	USBACK1	12
	*ACK/NAK Mode Off	USBACKO	12
	*High Speed Off	USBSPDO	12
	High Speed On	USBSPD1	12
Plug and Play Codes	Verifone Ruby Terminal	PAPRBY	12
	Gilbarco Terminal	PAPGLB	13
	Honeywell Bioptic Aux Port	PAPBIO	14
	Datalogic Magellan Aux Port	PAPMAG	14
	Wincor Nixdorf Terminal	PAPWNX	14
	Wincor Nixdorf Beetle	PAPBTL	15
	Wincor Nixdorf RS232 Mode A	PAPWMA	15
Program Keyboard Country	*U.S.A.	KBDCTYO	16
	Albania	KBDCTY35	16

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Azeri (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY81	16
	Azeri (Latin)	KBDCTY80	16
	Belarus	KBDCTY82	16
	Belgium	KBDCTY1	16
	Bosnia	KBDCTY33	16
	Brazil	KBDCTY16	16
	Brazil (MS)	KBDCTY59	16
	Bulgaria (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY52	16
	Bulgaria (Latin)	KBDCTY53	17
	Canada (French legacy)	KBDCTY54	17
	Canada (French)	KBDCTY18	17
	Canada (Multilingual)	KBDCTY55	17
	Croatia	KBDCTY32	17
	Czech	KBDCTY15	17
	Czech (Programmers)	KBDCTY40	17
	Czech (QWERTY)	KBDCTY39	17
	Czech (QWERTZ)	KBDCTY38	17
	Denmark	KBDCTY8	17
	Dutch (Netherlands)	KBDCTY11	17
	Estonia	KBDCTY41	17
	Faroese	KBDCTY83	18
	Finland	KBDCTY2	18
	France	KBDCTY3	18
	Gaelic	KBDCTY84	18
	Germany	KBDCTY4	18
	Greek	KBDCTY17	18
	Greek (220 Latin)	KBDCTY64	18
	Greek (220)	KBDCTY61	18
	Greek (319 Latin)	KBDCTY65	18
	Greek (319)	KBDCTY62	18
	Greek (Latin)	KBDCTY63	18
	Greek (MS)	KBDCTY66	18
	Greek (Polytonic)	KBDCTY60	19
	Hebrew	KBDCTY12	19
	Hungarian (101 key)	KBDCTY50	19
	Hungary	KBDCTY19	19
	Iceland	KBDCTY75	19

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Irish	KBDCTY73	19
	Italian (142)	KBDCTY56	19
	Italy	KBDCTY5	19
	Japan ASCII	KBDCTY28	19
	Kazakh	KBDCTY78	19
	Kyrgyz (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY79	19
	Latin America	KBDCTY14	19
	Latvia	KBDCTY42	20
	Latvia (QWERTY)	KBDCTY43	20
	Lithuania	KBDCTY44	20
	Lithuania (IBM)	KBDCTY45	20
	Macedonia	KBDCTY34	20
	Malta	KBDCTY74	20
	Mongolian (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY86	20
	Norway	KBDCTY9	20
	Poland	KBDCTY20	20
	Polish (214)	KBDCTY57	20
	Polish (Programmers)	KBDCTY58	20
	Portugal	KBDCTY13	20
	Romania	KBDCTY25	21
	Russia	KBDCTY26	21
	Russian (MS)	KBDCTY67	21
	Russian (Typewriter)	KBDCTY68	21
	SCS	KBDCTY21	21
	Serbia (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY37	21
	Serbia (Latin)	KBDCTY36	21
	Slovakia	KBDCTY22	21
	Slovakia (QWERTY)	KBDCTY49	21
	Slovakia (QWERTZ)	KBDCTY48	21
	Slovenia	KBDCTY31	21
	Spain	KBDCTY10	21
	Spanish variation	KBDCTY51	22
	Sweden	KBDCTY23	22
	Switzerland (French)	KBDCTY29	22
	Switzerland (German)	KBDCTY6	22
	Tatar	KBDCTY85	22
	Turkey F	KBDCTY27	22

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Turkey Q	KBDCTY24	22
	Ukrainian	KBDCTY76	22
	United Kingdom	KBDCTY7	22
	United Stated (Dvorak right)	KBDCTY89	22
	United States (Dvorak left)	KBDCTY88	22
	United States (Dvorak)	KBDCTY87	22
	United States (International)	KBDCTY30	23
	Uzbek (Cyrillic)	KBDCTY77	23
ALT Mode	* Off	KBDALTO	23
	3 Characters	KBDALT6	23
	4 Characters	KBDALT7	23
Keyboard Style	*Regular	KBDSTYO	24
	Caps Lock	KBDSTY1	24
	Shift Lock	KBDSTY2	24
	Automatic Caps Lock	KBDSTY6	24
	Autocaps via Num Lock	KBDSTY7	24
	Emulate External Keyboard	KBDSTY5	24
Keyboard Conversion	*Keyboard Conversion Off	KBDCNVO	25
	Convert all Characters to Upper Case	KBDCNV1	25
	Convert all Characters to Lower Case	KBDCNV2	25
Control Character Output	*Control Character Output Off	KBDNPEO	25
	Control Character Output On	KBDNPE1	25

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Keyboard Modifiers	*Control + X Off	KBDCASO	26
	DOS Mode Control + X	KBDCAS1	26
	Windows Mode Control + X	KBDCAS2	26
	Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix Off	KBDCAS3	26
	DOS Mode Control + X Mode On with Windows Mode Prefix/Suffix	KBDCAS4	26
	Supports ALT 3 Digit HEX Mode	KBDCAS5	26
	*Turbo Mode Off	KBDTMDO	27
	Turbo Mode On	KBDTMD1	27
	*Numeric Keypad Off	KBDNPSO	27
	Numeric Keypad On	KBDNPS1	27
	*Auto Direct Connect Off	KBDADCO	27
	Auto Direct Connect On	KBDADC1	27
Baud Rate	300 BPS	232BAD0	28
	600 BPS	232BAD1	28
	1200 BPS	232BAD2	28
	2400 BPS	232BAD3	28
	4800 BPS	232BAD4	28
	9600 BPS	232BAD5	29
	19200 BPS	232BAD6	28
	38400 BPS	232BAD7	28
	57600 BPS	232BAD8	28
	*115200 BPS	232BAD9	29
Word Length: Data Bits, Stop Bits, and Parity	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD3	29
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None	232WRD0	29
	7 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD6	29
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD4	29
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity None	232WRD1	29
	7 Data, 2 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD7	29
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Even	232WRD5	29
	*8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity None	232WRD2	29
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Odd	232WRD8	30
	8 Data, 1 Stop, Parity Mark	232WRD14	30
RS232 Receiver Time-out	Range 0 - 300 seconds *0	232LPT###	30

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
RS232 Handshaking	*RTS/CTS Off	232CTS0	31
	Flow Control, No Timeout	232CTS1	30
	Two-Direction Flow Control	232CTS2	30
	Flow Control with Timeout	232CTS3	31
	RS232 Timeout (1-5100 milliseconds)	232DEL####	31
	*XON/XOFF Off	232XON0	31
	XON/XOFF On	232XON1	31
	*ACK/NAK Off	232ACK0	32
	ACK/NAK On	232ACK1	32
Scanner-Bioptic Packet Mode	*Packet Mode Off	232PKT0	32
	Packet Mode On	232PKT2	32
Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Mode	*Bioptic ACK/NAK Off	232NAKO	33
	Bioptic ACK/NAK On	232NAK1	33
Scanner-Bioptic ACK/NAK Timeout	ACK/NAK Timeout (1-30000 milliseconds) *5100	232DLK#####	33
Cordless System Operation	·	·	
Replace a Linked Scanner	Override locked Scanner (Single Scanner)	BT_RPL1	36
Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode	*Temporary Streaming Presentation Mode On	BEPPGE2	39
	*10 Second Timeout	TRGTPM10000	40
	30 Second Timeout	TRGTPM30000	40
Presentation Mode in Base	*Disabled	BT_PIBO	40
	Enabled	BT_PIB1	40
Base Power Communication	*On	:*:BASRED1	43
Indicator	Off	:*:BASREDO	43
Battery LED Alerts	Always Off	BTRLEDO	44
	Always On	BTRLED1	44
	Always On in Base	BTRLED4	44
Low Power Alerts	*Low Power Alert 10%	LPIRG210	45
	Low Power Alert 20%	LPIRG220	45
	Low Power Alert 30%	LPIRG230	45
	Low Power Alert Flash Number (1- 9) *3	LPIFNO#	45
	Interval Between Flashes (1-9) *2	LPIFDL#	46
	Low Power Alert Repeat (1-5) *1	LPI_NO#	46
	Interval Between Alerts (10-120) *10	LPI_DL###	46

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Low Power Alert Beep Off	LPIBEPO	46
	*Low Power Alert Beep On	LPIBEP1	47
Reset Scanner	Reset Scanner	RESET_	47
Scan While in Base Cradle	Scan in Cradle Off (Horizontal CCB default)	BT_SICO	47
	Scan in Cradle On (Presentation CCB default)	BT_SIC1	47
	Shut Down Scanner in Cradle	BT_SIC2	47
Base Charge Modes	Base Charge Off	BTRCHGO	48
	*External or Interface Cable Power	BTRCHG1	48
	External Power Only	BTRCHG2	48
Find My Mode	*On	BEPPGE1	48
	Off	BEPPGEO	48
Page Pitch	*Low (1000 Hz)	BEPPFQ1000	49
	Medium (3250 Hz)	BEPPFQ3250	49
	High (4200 Hz)	BEPPFQ4200	49
Beeper Pitch - Base Error	*Low/Razz (250 Hz) (min 200 Hz)	BASFQ2250	49
	Medium (3250 Hz)	BASFQ23250	49
	High (4200 Hz) (max 9000 Hz)	BASFQ24200	49
Number of Beeps - Base Error	*1 (Range 1 - 9)	BASERR#	50
Scanner Report	Scanner Report	RPTSCN	50
Scanner Address	Scanner Address	BT_LDA	50
Base Address	Base Address	BASLDA	50
Battery/Battery-Free Supercapaci	tor Information	BTRINF	51
Scanner Modes	Charge Only Mode	BASLNKO	51
	*Charge and Link Mode	BASLNK1	51
	Locked Link Mode	BASCONO,DNG1	52
	*Open Link Mode	BASCON1,DNG1	52
	Unlink Scanner	BT_RMV	52
	Override Locked Scanner	BT_RPL1	53
Out-of-Range Alarm	Base Alarm Duration (Range 1 - 3000 sec) *0	BASORD####	53
	Scanner Alarm Duration (Range 1 - 3000 sec) *0	BT_ORD####	53
Alarm Sound Type	Base Alarm Type (0-7) *0	BASORW#	54
	Scanner Alarm Type (0-7) *0	BT_ORW#	54

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Scanner Power Time-Out Timer	0 Seconds	BT_LPT0	55
	200 Seconds	BT_LPT200	55
	400 Seconds	BT_LPT400	55
	900 Seconds	BT_LPT900	55
	*3600 Seconds	BT_LPT3600	55
	7200 Seconds	BT_LPT7200	55
Power Save Mode	*Disabled	PWRDWNO	55
	Enabled	PWRDWN1	55
Scanner Power Save Time-Out	0 seconds	BLESDTO	56
Timer	60 seconds	BLESDT60	56
	120 seconds	BLESDT120	56
	200 seconds	BLESDT200	56
	300 seconds	*BLESDT300	56
	600 seconds	BLESDT600	56
	900 seconds	BLESDT900	56
Flexible Power Management for	*Full Power (100%)	BT_TXP100	57
Xenon XP 1952g/1952h	Medium Power (35%)	BT_TXP35	57
	Medium Low Power (5%)	BT_TXP5	57
	Low Power (1%)	BT_TXP1	57
Batch Mode	Automatic Batch Mode	BATENA1	58
	*Batch Mode Off	BATENAO	58
	Inventory Batch Mode	BATENA2	59
	Persistent Batch Mode	BATENA3	59
Batch Mode Beep	Off	ВАТВЕРО	59
	*On	BATBEP1	59
Batch Mode Storage	*Flash Storage	BATNVS1	59
	RAM Storage	BATNVSO	60
Batch Mode Quantity	*Off	BATQTYO	60
	On	BATQTY1	60

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Quantity Codes	0	BATNUMO	61
	*1	BATNUM1	61
	2	BATNUM2	61
	3	BATNUM3	61
	4	BATNUM4	61
	5	BATNUM5	61
	6	BATNUM6	61
	7	BATNUM7	61
	8	BATNUM8	62
	9	BATNUM9	62
Batch Mode Output Order	*FIFO	BATLIFO	62
	LIFO	BATLIF1	62
Total Records	Total Records	BATNRC	62
Delete Last Code	Delete Last Code	BATUND	62
Clear All Codes	Clear All Codes	BATCLR	63
Transmit Records to Host	Transmit Inventory Records	BAT_TX	63
Batch Mode Transmit Delay	*Off (No Delay)	BATDLYO	63
	Short (250 ms)	BATDLY250	63
	Medium (500 ms)	BATDLY500	63
	Long (1000 ms)	BATDLY1000	63
Multiple Scanner Operation	Multiple Scanner Operation	BASCON2,DNG3	64
Scanner Name	0001	BT_NAM0001	64
	0002	BT_NAM0002	64
	0003	BT_NAM0003	65
	0004	BT_NAM0004	64
	0005	BT_NAM0005	64
	0006	BT_NAM0006	64
	0007	BT_NAM0007	64
	Reset	RESET_	64
	Scanner Name	BT_NAM	65

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Application Work Group	*Group 0	GRPSELO	65
Selections	Group 1	GRPSEL1	65
	Group 2	GRPSEL2	65
	Group 3	GRPSEL3	65
	Group 4	GRPSEL4	65
	Group 5	GRPSEL5	65
	Group 6	GRPSEL6	65
	Group 7	GRPSEL7	65
Reset the Factory Defaults: All Application Work Groups	Factory Default Settings: All Work Groups	PAPDFT&	67
Reset the Custom Defaults: All Application Work Groups	Custom Default Settings: All Work Groups	PAPDFT	67
Bluetooth Connection	*Bluetooth SSP On	BT_SSP1	68
	Bluetooth SSP Off	BT_SSPO	68
	Bluetooth HID Keyboard Connect	РАРВТН	68
	Bluetooth HID Japanese Keyboard Connect	РАРЈКВ	68
	Bluetooth HID Keyboard Disconnect	PAPSPP	69
Bluetooth Serial Port - PCs/ Laptops	Non-Base BT Connection	BT_TRM0;BT_DNG5	69
PDA's/Mobility Systems Devices	BT Connection - PDA/Mobility Systems Device	BT_TRM0;BT_DNG1	69
Change the Scanner's Bluetooth PIN Code	Bluetooth PIN Code	BT_PIN	70
Auto Reconnect Mode	*Auto Reconnect On	BT_ACM1	70
	Auto Reconnect Off	BT_ACM0	70
Maximum Link Attempts	Maximum Link Attempts (0-100) *0	BT_MLA###	72
Relink Time-Out	Relink Time-Out (1-100) *3	BT_RLT###	72
Host Command Acknowledgment	Host ACK On	HSTACK1	75
	*Host ACK Off	НЅТАСКО	75
	Host ACK Timeout (1-90) *10	HSTATO##	75
Input/Output Selections			1
Power Up Beeper	Power Up Beeper Off - Scanner	BEPPWRO	77
	*Power Up Beeper On - Scanner	BEPPWR1	77
	Power Up Beeper Off - Cordless Base	BASPWRO	77
	Power Up Beeper On - Cordless Base	BASPWR1	77

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Beep on BEL Character	Beep on BEL On	BELBEP1	78
	*Beep on BEL Off	BELBEPO	78
Trigger Click	On	BEPTRG1	78
	*Off	BEPTRGO	78
Beeper - Good Read	Off	ВЕРВЕРО	78
	*On	BEPBEP1	78
Beeper Volume - Good Read	Off	BEPLVLO	78
	*Low (Default-196xh)	BEPLVL1	79
	Medium	BEPLVL2	79
	*High (Default - 196xg/196xli)	BEPLVL3	79
Beeper Pitch - Good Read (Frequency)	Low (1600 Hz) (min 400 Hz)	BEPFQ11600	79
	*Medium (2700 Hz)	BEPFQ12700	79
	High (4200 Hz) (max 9000 Hz)	BEPFQ14200	79
Beeper Pitch - Error (Frequency)	*Razz (250 Hz) (min 200 Hz)	BEPFQ2250	79
	Medium (3250 Hz)	BEPFQ23250	80
	High (4200 Hz) (max 9000 Hz)	BEPFQ24200	80
Beeper Duration - Good Read	*Normal Beep	BEPBIPO	80
	Short Beep	BEPBIP1	80
LED - Good Read	Off	BEPLEDO	80
	*On	BEPLED1	80
Number of Beeps - Good Read	(Range 1 - 9) *1	BEPRPT#	80
Number of Beeps - Error	(Range 1 - 9) *1	BEPERR#	81
Good Read Delay	*No Delay	DLYGRDO	81
	Short Delay (500 ms)	DLYGRD500	81
	Medium Delay (1000 ms)	DLYGRD1000	81
	Long Delay (1500 ms)	DLYGRD1500	81
User-Specified Good Read Delay	Range 0 - 30,000 ms	DLYGRD#####	82
Trigger Modes	*Manual Trigger - Normal	PAPHHF	82
	Manual Trigger - Enhanced	PAPHHS	82
Trigger Toggle	*Trigger Toggle Off	TRGTGMO	82
	Trigger Toggle - Image Capture	TRGTGM1	83
	Trigger Toggle Off - Centering	TRGTGM3	83
Trigger Number	2 Quick Triggers	TRGTPC2	83
	3 Quick Triggers	TRGTPC3	83
	4 Quick Triggers	TRGTPC4	83
Trigger Timing	Trigger Timing (Range 50 - 2000) *400	TRGTTI####	83

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Trigger Toggle Timeout	Trigger Toggle Timeout (Range 0 - 65) *5	TRGTGT##	84
Serial Trigger Mode	Read Time-Out (0 - 300,000 ms) *30,000	TRGSTO####	84
Presentation Mode	Presentation Mode	PAPTPR	85
Camera Motion Presentation Mode	Camera Motion On	TRGCAM1	85
	*Off	TRGCAMO	85
Object Detection Mode	*Short Range	AOSRNG1	85
	Mid Range	AOSRNG2	85
Presentation Mode Aimer	Ambient Light Only	PDCLEDO	97
	*Ambient and Scanner Light	PDCLED1	97
Presentation LED Behavior After	*LEDs On	TRGPCK1	86
Decode	LEDs Off	ТКСРСКО	86
Presentation Centering Window	Presentation Centering On	PDCWIN1	87
	*Presentation Centering Off	PDCWINO	87
	Left of Presentation Centering Window (*40%)	PDCLFT###	88
	Right of Presentation Centering Window (*60%)	PDCRGT###	88
	Top of Presentation Centering Window (*40%)	PDCTOP###	87
	Bottom of Presentation Centering Window (*60%)	PDCBOT###	87
Presentation Reread Control	Forget History & Run All the Time	TRGRRCO	88
	Do Not Forget History & Run All the Time	TRGRRC1	88
	Forget History & Run During Scan Session	TRGRRC2	88
	Do Not Forget History & Run During Scan Session	TRGRRC3	88
In-Stand Sensor Mode	*Sensor On	TRGSSW1	89
	Sensor Off	TRGSSWO	89
Poor Quality Codes	Poor Quality 1D Reading On	DECLDI1	89
	*Poor Quality 1D Reading Off	DECLDIO	89
	*Poor Quality PDF Reading On	PDFXPR10	89
	Poor Quality PDF Reading Off	PDFXPRO	90
	Low Resolution PDF Codes On	PDFDMI1	90
	*Low Resolution PDF Codes Off	PDFDMIO	90
CodeGate	*CodeGate Off Out-of-Stand	AOSCGDO	90
	CodeGate On Out-of-Stand	AOSCGD1	91

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Streaming Presentation	Streaming Presentation Mode - Normal	PAPSPN	91
	Streaming Presentation Mode - Enhanced	PAPSPE	91
Hands Free Time-Out	Range (0 - 300,000 ms) *5000 ms	TRGPTO######	92
Reread Delay	Short (500 ms)	DLYRRD500	92
	*Medium (750 ms)	DLYRRD750	92
	Long (1000 ms)	DLYRRD1000	92
	Extra Long (2000 ms)	DLYRRD2000	92
User-Specified	Range 0 - 30,000 ms	DLYRRD#####	92
2D Reread Delay	*2D Reread Delay Off	DLY2RR0	93
	Short (1000ms)	DLY2RR1000	93
	Medium (2000ms)	DLY2RR2000	93
	Long (3000ms)	DLY2RR3000	93
	Extra Long (4000ms)	DLY2RR4000	93
Character Activation Mode	*Off	HSTCENO	93
	On	HSTCEN1	93
	Activation Character (Range 0- 255) *12 [DC2]	HSTACH###	94
	Do Not End Character Activation After Good Read	HSTCGDO	94
	End Character Activation After Good Read	HSTCGD1	94
	Character Activation Timeout (Range 1 - 300,000) *30,000 ms	HSTCDT######	94
Character Deactivation Mode	*Off	HSTDENO	95
	On	HSTDEN1	95
	Deactivation Character (Range 0- 255) *14 [DC4]	HSTDCH###	95
Illumination Lights	*Lights On	SCNLED1	95
	Lights Off	SCNLEDO	95
Aimer Delay	1 millisecond	SCNDLY1	96
	250 milliseconds	SCNDLY250	96
	500 milliseconds	SCNDLY500	96
	*Off (no delay)	SCNDLYO	96
User-Specified Aimer Delay	Range 0 - 4,000 ms	SCNDLY####	96
Aimer Mode	Off	SCNAIMO	96
	*Interlaced	SCNAIM2	96
Single Code Centering	Single Code Centering	DECWIN1;DECTOP49;DECBOT 51;DECRGT51;DECLFT49	97

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Centering Window	Centering On	DECWIN1	98
	*Centering Off	DECWINO	98
	Left of Centering Window (*40%)	DECLFT###	99
	Right of Centering Window (*60%)	DECRGT###	99
	Top of Centering Window (*40%)	DECTOP###	99
	Bottom of Centering Window (*60%)	DECBOT###	99
Preferred Symbology	On	PRFENA1	100
	*Off	PRFENAO	100
	High Priority Symbology *None	PRFCOD##	100
	Low Priority Symbology *None	PRFBLK##	100
	Preferred Symbology Timeout (Range 100-3000) *500	PRFPTO####	101
	Preferred Symbology Default	PRFDFT	101
Output Sequence Editor	Enter Output Sequence	SEQBLK	102
	Add Prefix to Complete Output Sequences	SEQPRE	102
	Add Suffix to Complete Output Sequences	SEQSUF	102
	Add Separators to Complete Output Sequences	SEQSEP	102
	Terminate String	FF	102
Partial Sequence	Transmit Partial Output Sequence	SEQTTS1	102
	Add Prefix to Partial Output Sequences	SEQIPR	102
	Add Suffix to Partial Output Sequences	SEQISU	102
	Add Separators to Partial Output Sequences	SEQISE	102
	Terminate String	FF	102
	Define Satisfactory Subsets	SEQSAT	102
	Timeout for SEQSAT	SEQTIM	102
	*Discard Partial Output Sequence	SEQTTSO	107
	Default Output Sequence	SEQDFT	110
Require Output Sequence	Required	SEQ_EN2	110
	On/Not Required	SEQ_EN1	110
	*Off	SEQ_ENO	110
Good Read Tone - Output Sequences	Good Read Beep - Each Code in Sequence	BEPSINO	111
	*Good Read Click - Each Code in Sequence	BEPSIN1	111

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Good Read Beep - Partial Sequence Output	BEPISEO	111
	*Error Tone - Partial Sequence Output	BEPISE1	111
Multiple Symbols	On	SHOTGN1	111
	*Off	SHOTGNO	111
Multiple Symbols Count	Multiple Symbols Count (Range 0 - 128) *0	SHOCNT	111
No Read	On	SHWNRD1	112
	*Off	SHWNRDO	112
Video Reverse	Video Reverse Only	VIDREV1	112
	Video Reverse and Standard Barcodes	VIDREV2	113
	*Video Reverse Off	VIDREVO	113
Working Orientation	*Upright	ROTATNO	113
	Vertical, Bottom to Top (Rotate CCW 90°)	ROTATN1	113
	Upside Down	ROTATN2	113
	Vertical, Top to Bottom (Rotate CW 90°)	ROTATN3	114
Extract Delay	Extract Delay	EXTDLY	114
Healthcare Selections		•	•
Quiet Operations - Combination Codes	Silent Mode with Flashing LED - Cordless Scanner and Base	beplfn5;beplfr50;beppar0;basp wr0;beppwr0;baslvl0;beplvl0;be pbip0;bepFQ12700;beplot0.	115
	Silent Mode with Flashing LED - Corded Scanner	beplfn5;beplfr50;beppwr0;beplv l0;bepbip0;bepFQ12700;beplot 0.	115
	Silent Mode with Long LED - Cordless Scanner and Base	beplfn0;beplfr10;beppar0;basp wr0;beppwr0;baslvl0;beplvl0;be pbip0;bepFQ12700;beplot1.	116
	Silent Mode with Long LED - Corded Scanner	beplfn0;beplfr10;beppwr0;beplv l0;bepbip0;bepFQ12700;beplot 1.	116
	Very Low Beeper (Nighttime Mode) - Cordless Scanner and Base	beplfn0;beplfr10;beppar0;basp wr0;beppwr1;baslvl1;beplvl1;be pbip1;bepFQ14200;beplot0.	116
	Very Low Beeper (Nighttime Mode) - Corded Scanner	beplfn0;beplfr10;beppwr1;beplv l1;bepbip1;bepFQ14200;beplot 0.	116
	Low Beeper (Daytime Mode) - Cordless Scanner and Base	beplfn0;beplfr10;beppar1;basp wr1;beppwr1;baslvl1;beplvl1;be pbip0;bepFQ12700;beplot0.	117

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	Low Beeper (Daytime Mode) - Corded Scanner	beplfn0;beplfr10;beppwr1;beplv l1;bepbip0;bepFQ12700;beplot 0.	117
Quiet Operations - LED and Vo	olume Settings		
Linking LED Colors and Sound	*Green LED Flashes/Sound	BEPPAR1	117
	Red LED Flashes/Silent	BEPPARO	117
Number of LED Flashes	*1 LED Flash	BEPLFNO	118
	5 LED Flashes	BEPLFN5	118
	10 LED Flashes	BEPLFN10	118
	25 LED Flashes	BEPLFN25	118
LED Flash Rate	*Fast Flash	BEPLFR50	118
	Medium Flash	BEPLFR250	118
	Slow Flash	BEPLFR500	118
LED Solid (No Flash)	*LED Solid Off (Resume Flash)	BEPLOTO	119
	LED Solid 1 Second	BEPLOT1	119
	LED Solid 3 Seconds	BEPLOT3	119
	LED Solid 5 Seconds	BEPLOT5	119
Page Volume Control	Page Volume Off	BEPPGVO	119
	*Page Volume Low	BEPPGV1	119
	Page Volume Medium	BEPPGV2	120
	Page Volume High	BEPPGV3	120
Out-of-Range Alarm Volume	Base Alarm Volume Off	BASORVO	120
	Scanner Alarm Volume Off	BT_ORVO	120
	*Base Alarm Volume Low	BASORV1	120
	*Scanner Alarm Volume Low	BT_ORV1	120
	Base Alarm Volume Medium	BASORV2	120
	Scanner Alarm Volume Medium	BT_ORV2	121
	Base Alarm Volume High	BASORV3	121
	Scanner Alarm Volume High	BT_ORV3	121
Out-of-Range Delay	Out-of-Range Delay (Range 0- 3000) *0	BT_ORY####	121
Vibrate - Good Read	*Good Read Off	TFBGRDO	121
	Good Read On	TFBGRD1	121
	Vibrate Duration	TFBGRD2	122
Prefix/Suffix Selections			
Add CR Suffix to All Symbologies		VSUFCR	125
Activate Defaults and Add CR Suffix		DEFALT;VSUFCR	125

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Prefix	Add Prefix	PREBK2##	125
	Clear One Prefix	PRECL2	125
	Clear All Prefixes	PRECA2	125
Suffix	Add Suffix	SUFBK2##	126
	Clear One Suffix	SUFCL2	126
	Clear All Suffixes	SUFCA2	126
Function Code Transmit	*Enable	RMVFNCO	126
	Disable	RMVFNC1	126
Intercharacter Delay	Range 0 - 5000 (5ms increments)	DLYCHR####	127
User Specified Intercharacter Delay	Delay Length 0 - 5000 (5ms increments)	DLYCRX####	127
	Character to Trigger Delay	DLY_XX##	127
Interfunction Delay	Range 0 - 5000 (5ms increments)	DLYFNC####	128
Intermessage Delay	Range 0 - 5000 (5ms increments)	DLYMSG####	128
Data Formatter Selections			
Data Format Editor	*Default Data Format (None)	DFMDF3	130
	Show Data Format Settings	DFMBK3?	130
	Enter Data Format	DFMBK3##	131
	Clear One Data Format	DFMCL3	131
	Clear All Data Formats	DFMCA3	131
Data Formatter	Data Formatter Off	DFM_ENO	145
	*Data Formatter On, Not Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN1	146
	Data Format Required, Keep Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN2	146
	Data Formatter On, Not Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN3	146
	Data Format Required, Drop Prefix/Suffix	DFM_EN4	146
Data Format Non-Match Error Tone	*Data Format Non-Match Error Tone On	DFMDECO	146
	Data Format Non-Match Error Tone Off	DFMDEC1	147
Primary/Alternate Data Formats	Primary Data Format	ALTFNMO	147
	Data Format 1	ALTFNM1	147
	Data Format 2	ALTFNM2	147
	Data Format 3	ALTFNM3	147

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Single Scan Data Format Change	Single Scan-Primary Data Format	VSAF_0	147
	Single Scan-Data Format 1	VSAF_1	148
	Single Scan-Data Format 2	VSAF_2	148
	Single Scan-Data Format 3	VSAF_3	148
Queue Busting Extraction	*Disabled	EXTBARO	148
	PDF417	EXTBAR1	148
	Aztec	EXTBAR2	148
	Data Matrix	EXTBAR3	148
	QR Code	EXTBAR4	148
	Extraction Code ID	EXTCID	149
	Extraction Separator	EXTSEP	149
	Extraction Delay	EXTDLY	149
Symbologies			
All Symbologies	All Symbologies Off	ALLENAO	152
Codabar	Default All Codabar Settings	CBRDFT	152
	Off	CBRENAO	152
	*On	CBRENA1	152
Codabar Start/Stop Char.	*Don't Transmit	CBRSSXO	153
	Transmit	CBRSSX1	153
Codabar Check Char.	*No Check Char.	CBRCK20	153
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	CBRCK21	153
	Validate, and Transmit	CBRCK22	153
Codabar Concatenation	*Off	CBRCCTO	154
	On	CBRCCT1	154
	Require	CBRCCT2	154
Codabar Message Length	Minimum (2 - 60) *4	CBRMIN##	154
	Maximum (2 - 60) *60	CBRMAX##	154
Code 39	Default All Code 39 Settings	C39DFT	155
	Off	C39ENA0	155
	*On	C39ENA1	155
Code 39 Start/Stop Char.	*Don't Transmit	C39SSX0	155
	Transmit	C39SSX1	155

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Code 39 Check Char.	*No Check Char.	C39CK20	155
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	C39CK21	155
	Validate, and Transmit	C39CK22	155
Code 39 Message Length	Minimum (0 - 48) *0	C39MIN##	156
	Maximum (0 - 48) *48	C39MAX##	156
Code 39 Append	*Off	СЗЭАРРО	156
	On	C39APP1	156
Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)	*Off	C39B320	157
	On	C39B321	157
Code 39 Full ASCII	*Off	C39ASCO	157
	On	C39ASC1	157
	Code 39 Code Page	C39DCP	157
Suppress Code 39	*Suppress Code 39	C39SCC1	158
	Do Not Suppress Code 39	C39SCC0	158
Interleaved 2 of 5	Default All Interleaved 2 of 5 Settings	I25DFT	159
	Off	I25ENAO	159
	*On	I25ENA1	159
Interleaved 2 of 5 Check Digit	*No Check Digit	I25CK20	159
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	I25CK21	159
	Validate and Transmit	I25CK22	159
Interleaved 2 of 5 Message Length	Minimum (2 - 80) *6	I25MIN##	160
	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	I25MAX##	160
	*FEBRABAN Decode Off	125PAY0	160
	FEBRABAN Decode On	125PAY1	160
NEC 2 of 5	Default All NEC 2 of 5 Settings	N25DFT	160
	Off	N25ENAO	160
	*On	N25ENA1	160
NEC 2 of 5 Check Digit	*No Check Digit	N25CK20	161
	Validate, But Don't Transmit	N25CK21	161
	Validate and Transmit	N25CK22	161
NEC 2 of 5 Message Length	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	N25MIN##	161
	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	N25MAX##	161

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Code 93	Default All Code 93 Settings	C93DFT	162
	Off	C93ENAO	162
	*On	C93ENA1	162
Code 93 Message Length	Minimum (0 - 80) *0	C93MIN##	162
	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	C93MAX##	162
Code 93 Append	On	C93APP1	162
	*Off	С9ЗАРРО	162
Code 93 Code Page	Code 93 Code Page	C93DCP	163
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial	Default All Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Settings	R25DFT	163
	*Off	R25ENAO	163
	On	R25ENA1	163
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial Message	Minimum (1 - 48) *4	R25MIN##	164
Length	Maximum (1 - 48) *48	R25MAX##	164
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	Default All Straight 2 of 5 IATA Settings	A25DFT	164
Straight 2 of 5 IATA	*Off	A25ENA0	164
	On	A25ENA1	164
Straight 2 of 5 IATA Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	A25VOT##	165
Straight 2 of 5 IATA Message	Minimum (1 - 48) *4	A25MIN##	165
Length	Maximum (1 - 48) *48	A25MAX##	165
Matrix 2 of 5	Default All Matrix 2 of 5 Settings	X25DFT	165
	*Off	X25ENAO	165
	On	X25ENA1	165
Matrix 2 of 5 Message Length	Minimum (1 - 80) *4	X25MIN##	166
	Maximum (1 - 80) *80	X25MAX##	166
Code 11	Default All Code 11 Settings	C11DFT	166
	*Off	C11ENAO	166
	On	C11ENA1	166
Code 11 Check Digits Required	1 Check Digit	C11CK20	166
	*2 Check Digits	C11CK21	166
Code 11 Message Length	Minimum (1 - 80) *4	C11MIN##	167
	Maximum (1 - 80) *80	C11MAX##	167

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Code 128	Default All Code 128 Settings	128DFT	167
	Off	128ENA0	167
	*On	128ENA1	167
ISBT Concatenation	*Off	ISBENAO	167
	On	ISBENA1	167
Code 128 Redundancy	Range (0 - 10) *0	128VOT##	168
Code 128 Message Length	Minimum (0 - 80) *0	128MIN##	168
	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	128MAX##	168
Code 128 Append	On	128APP1	168
	*Off	128APP0	168
Code 128 Code Page	Code 128 Code Page (*2)	128DCP##	169
GS1-128	Default All GS1-128 Settings	GS1DFT	169
	*On	GS1ENA1	169
	Off	GS1ENA0	169
GS1-128 Message Length	Minimum (1 - 80) *1	GS1MIN##	170
	Maximum (0 - 80) *80	GS1MAX##	170
GS1 Digital Link	GS1 Digit Link	GS1DLE1	170
	*Off	GS1DLE0	170
Telepen	Default All Telepen Settings	TELDFT	170
	*Off	TELENAO	170
	On	TELENA1	170
Telepen Output	*AIM Telepen Output	TELOLDO	171
	Original Telepen Output	TELOLD1	171
Telepen Message Length	Minimum (1 - 60) *1	TELMIN##	171
	Maximum (1 - 60) *60	TELMAX##	171
UPC-A	Default All UPC-A Settings	UPADFT	172
	Off	UPBENAO	172
	*On	UPBENA1	172
UPC-A Check Digit	Off	UPACKXO	172
	*On	UPACKX1	172
UPC-A Number System	Off	UPANSXO	172
	*On	UPANSX1	172
UPC-A 2 Digit Addenda	*Off	UPAAD20	173
	On	UPAAD21	173

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
UPC-A 5 Digit Addenda	*Off	UPAAD50	173
	On	UPAAD51	173
UPC-A Addenda Required	*Not Required	UPAARQO	173
	Required	UPAARQ1	173
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD#####	173
UPC-A Addenda	Off	UPAADSO	174
Separator	*On	UPAADS1	174
UPC-A/EAN-13 with Extended	*Off	CPNENAO	174
Coupon Code	Allow Concatenation	CPNENA1	174
	Require Concatenation	CPNENA2	174
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD#####	175
Coupon GS1 DataBar Output	*GS1 Output Off	CPNGS10	175
	GS1 Output On	CPNGS11	175
UPC-E0	Default All UPC-E Settings	UPEDFT	176
	Off	UPEENOO	176
	*On	UPEEN01	176
UPC-E0 Expand	*Off	UPEEXPO	176
	On	UPEEXP1	176
UPC-E0 Addenda Required	Required	UPEARQ1	176
	*Not Required	UPEARQO	176
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD#####	177
UPC-EO Addenda Separator	*On	UPEADS1	177
	Off	UPEADSO	177
UPC-EO Check Digit	Off	UPECKXO	177
	*On	UPECKX1	177
UPC-EO Leading Zero	Off	UPENSXO	178
	*On	UPENSX1	178
UPC-E0 Addenda	2 Digit Addenda On	UPEAD21	178
	*2 Digit Addenda Off	UPEAD20	178
	5 Digit Addenda On	UPEAD51	178
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	UPEAD50	178
UPC-E1	*Off	UPEEN10	178
	On	UPEEN11	178
EAN/JAN-13	Default All EAN/ JAN Settings	E13DFT	179
	Off	E13ENAO	179
	*On	E13ENA1	179

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Convert UPC-A to EAN-13	UPC-A Converted to EAN-13	UPAENAO	179
	*Do not Convert UPC-A	UPAENA1	179
EAN/JAN-13 Check Digit	Off	E13CKX0	180
	*On	E13CKX1	180
EAN/JAN-13 Addenda	2 Digit Addenda On	E13AD21	180
	*2 Digit Addenda Off	E13AD20	180
	5 Digit Addenda On	E13AD51	180
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	E13AD50	180
EAN/JAN-13 Addenda Required	*Not Required	E13ARQ0	180
	Required	E13ARQ1	180
EAN-13 Beginning with 290	*Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ2900	181
Addenda Required	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ2901	181
EAN-13 Beginning with 378/379	*Don't Require Addenda	ARQ3780	181
Addenda Required	Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ3781	181
	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ3782	181
	Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ3783	181
EAN-13 Beginning with 414/419 Addenda Required	*Don't Require Addenda	ARQ4140	182
	Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ4141	182
	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ4142	182
	Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ4143	182
EAN-13 Beginning with 434/439	*Don't Require Addenda	ARQ4340	183
Addenda Required	Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ4341	183
	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ4342	183
	Require 2 or 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ4343	183
EAN-13 Beginning with 977	*Don't Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ9770	183
Addenda Required	Require 2 Digit Addenda	ARQ9771	183
EAN-13 Beginning with 978	*Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9780	184
Addenda Required	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9781	184
EAN-13 Beginning with 979	*Don't Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9790	184
Addenda Required	Require 5 Digit Addenda	ARQ9791	184
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD#####	185
EAN/JAN-13 Addenda	Off	E13ADSO	185
Separator	*On	E13ADS1	185
ISBN Translate	*Off	E13ISB0	186
	On	E13ISB1	186

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
EAN/JAN-8	Default All EAN/ JAN-8 Settings	EA8DFT	186
	Off	EA8ENAO	186
	*On	EA8ENA1	186
EAN/JAN-8 Check Digit	Off	EA8CKXO	186
	*On	EA8CKX1	186
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda	*2 Digit Addenda Off	EA8AD20	187
	2 Digit Addenda On	EA8AD21	187
	*5 Digit Addenda Off	EA8AD50	187
	5 Digit Addenda On	EA8AD51	187
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda Required	*Not Required	EA8ARQO	187
	Required	EA8ARQ1	187
Addenda Timeout	Range (0 - 500) *120	DLYADD#####	187
EAN/JAN-8 Addenda	Off	EA8ADSO	188
Separator	*On	EA8ADS1	188
MSI	Default All MSI Settings	MSIDFT	188
	*Off	MSIENAO	188
	On	MSIENA1	188
MSI Check Character	*Validate Type 10, but Don't Transmit	MSICHKO	189
	Validate Type 10 and Transmit	MSICHK1	189
	Validate 2 Type 10 Chars, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK2	189
	Validate 2 Type 10 Chars and Transmit	MSICHK3	189
	Validate Type 11 then Type 10 Char, but Don't Transmit	MSICHK4	189
	Validate Type 11 then Type 10 Char and Transmit	MSICHK5	189
	Disable MSI Check Characters	MSICHK6	189
MSI Message Length	Minimum (4 - 48) *4	MSIMIN##	190
	Maximum (4 - 48) *48	MSIMAX##	190
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional	Default All GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional Settings	RSSDFT	190
	Off	RSSENAO	190
	*On	RSSENA1	190

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
GS1 DataBar Limited	Default All GS1 DataBar Limited Settings	RSLDFT	191
	Off	RSLENAO	191
	*On	RSLENA1	191
GS1 DataBar Expanded	Default All GS1 DataBar Expanded Settings	RSEDFT	191
	Off	RSEENAO	191
	*On	RSEENA1	191
GS1 DataBar Expanded Msg.	Minimum (4 - 74) *4	RSEMIN##	192
Length	Maximum (4 - 74) *74	RSEMAX##	192
Trioptic Code	*Off	TRIENAO	192
	On	TRIENA1	192
Codablock A	Default All Codablock A Settings	CBADFT	192
	*Off	CBAENAO	192
	On	CBAENA1	192
Codablock A Msg. Length	Minimum (1 - 600) *1	CBAMIN###	193
	Maximum (1 - 600) *600	CBAMAX###	193
Codablock F	Default All Codablock F Settings	CBFDFT	193
	*Off	CBFENAO	193
	On	CBFENA1	193
Codablock F Msg. Length	Minimum (1 - 2048) *1	CBFMIN####	194
	Maximum (1 - 2048) *2048	CBFMAX####	194
Label Code	On	LBLENA1	194
	*Off	LBLENAO	194
PDF417	Default All PDF417 Settings	PDFDFT	194
	*On	PDFENA1	194
	Off	PDFENAO	194
PDF417 Msg. Length	Minimum (1-2750) *1	PDFMIN####	195
	Maximum (1-2750) *2750	PDFMAX####	195
MacroPDF417	*On	PDFMAC1	195
	Off	PDFMACO	195
MicroPDF417	Default All Micro PDF417 Settings	MPDDFT	195
	On	MPDENA1	195
	*Off	MPDENAO	195
MicroPDF417 Msg. Length	Minimum (1-366) *1	MPDMIN###	196
	Maximum (1-366) *366	MPDMAX###	196
GS1 Composite Codes	On	COMENA1	196
	*Off	COMENAO	196

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
UPC/EAN Version	On	COMUPC1	197
	*Off	COMUPCO	197
GS1 Composite Codes Msg. Length	Minimum (1-2435) *1	COMMIN####	197
	Maximum (1-2435) *2435	COMMAX####	197
GS1 Emulation	GS1-128 Emulation	EANEMU1	197
	GS1 DataBar Emulation	EANEMU2	196
	GS1 Code Expansion Off	EANEMU3	198
	EAN8 to EAN13 Conversion	EANEMU4	198
	*GS1 Emulation Off	EANEMUO	198
TCIF Linked Code 39	On	T39ENA1	198
	*Off	T39ENAO	198
QR Code	Default All QR Code Settings	QRCDFT	199
	*On	QRCENA1	199
	Off	QRCENAO	199
QR Code Msg. Length	Minimum (1-7089) *1	QRCMIN####	199
	Maximum (1-7089) *7089	QRCMAX####	199
QR Code Append	*One Scan	QRCAPP1	199
	Swipe	QRCAPP2	199
	Point & Shoot	QRCAPP3	199
	Off	QRCAPPO	199
QR Code Page	QR Code Page (*3)	QRCDCP##	200
Prohibit QR Code with Web Link	*On	QRCWEB1	201
	Off	QRCWEBO	201
DotCode	Default All DotCode Settings	DOTDFT	201
	On	DOTENA1	201
	*Off	DOTENAO	201
Poor Quality DotCodes	Poor Quality DotCodes On	DOTEXS1	201
	*Poor Quality DotCodes Off	DOTEXSO	201
DotCode Msg. Length	Minimum (1- 2400) *1	DOTMIN####	202
	Maximum (1- 2400) *2400	DOTMAX####	202

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
Digimarc Barcode	Decoder Attempts (0-10) *3	DIGSTR##	202	
	Off	DIGENAO	202	
	On	DIGENA1	202	
	Uses ID Decoder then Both Decoders	DIGENA2	202	
	*Uses Digimarc Decoder then Both Decoders	DIGENA3	202	
	Uses ID Decoder then Alternates Decoders	DIGENA4	202	
	Uses Digimarc Decoder then Alternates Decoders	DIGENA5	202	
Data Matrix	Default All Data Matrix Settings	IDMDFT	202	
	*On	IDMENA1	202	
	Off	IDMENAO	202	
Direct Part Marking (DPM)	Dotpeen DPM Decoding	DPMENA1	204	
Decoding	*Disable DPM Decoding	DPMENAO	204	
	Reflective (Etched) DPM Decoding	DPMENA2	204	
Data Matrix Msg. Length	Minimum (1-3116) *1	IDMMIN####	204	
	Maximum (1-3116) *3116	IDMMAX####	204	
Data Matrix Code Page	Data Matrix Code Page (*51)	IDMDCP##	204	
MaxiCode	Default All MaxiCode Settings	MAXDFT	205	
	On	MAXENA1	205	
	*Off	MAXENAO	205	
MaxiCode Msg. Length	Minimum (1-150) *1	MAXMIN###	205	
	Maximum (1-150) *150	MAXMAX###	205	
Aztec Code	Default All Aztec Code Settings	AZTDFT	206	
	*On	AZTENA1	206	
	Off	AZTENAO	206	
Aztec Code Msg. Length	Minimum (1-3832) *1	AZTMIN####	206	
	Maximum (1-3832) *3832	AZTMAX####	206	
Aztec Append	*On	AZTAPP1	206	
	Off	AZTAPPO	206	
Aztec Code Page	Aztec Code Page (*51)	AZTDCP##	207	
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	Default All Han Xin Code Settings	HX_DFT	207	
	On	HX_ENA1	207	
	*Off	HX_ENAO	207	
Chinese Sensible (Han Xin) Code	Minimum (1-7833) *1	HX_MIN####	208	
Msg. Length	Maximum (1-7833) *7833	HX_MAX####	208	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
Postal Codes - 2D		1		
2D Postal Codes	*Off	POSTALO	208	
Single 2D Postal Codes	Australian Post On	POSTAL1	208	
	British Post On	POSTAL7	208	
	Canadian Post On	POSTAL30	208	
	Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL10	208	
	Japanese Post On	POSTAL3	209	
	KIX Post On	POSTAL4	209	
	Planet Code On	POSTAL5	209	
	Postal-4i On	POSTAL9	209	
	Postnet On	POSTAL6	209	
	Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL11	209	
	InfoMail On	POSTAL2	209	
Combination 2D Postal Codes	InfoMail and British Post On	POSTAL8	209	
	Intelligent Mail Barcode and Postnet with B and B' Fields On		209	
	Postnet and Postal-4i On	POSTAL14	210	
	Postnet and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL16	210	
	Postal-4i and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL17	210	
	Postal-4i and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL19	210	
	Planet and Postnet On	POSTAL12	210	
	Planet and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL18	210	
	Planet and Postal-4i On	POSTAL13	210	
	Planet and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL15	210	
	Planet, Postnet, and Postal-4i On	POSTAL21	210	
	Planet, Postnet, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL22	210	
	Planet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL23	211	
	Postnet, Postal-4i, and Intelligent Mail Barcode On	POSTAL24	211	
	Planet, Postal-4i, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL25	211	
	Planet, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL26	211	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page	
	Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL27	211	
	Planet, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet On	POSTAL28	211	
	Planet, Postal-4i, Intelligent Mail Barcode, and Postnet with B and B' Fields On	POSTAL29	211	
Planet Code Check Digit	Transmit	PLNCKX1	211	
	*Don't Transmit	PLNCKXO	212	
Postnet Check Digit	Transmit	NETCKX1	212	
	*Don't Transmit	NETCKXO	212	
Australian Post Interpretation	*Bar Output	AUSINTO	212	
	Numeric N Table	AUSINT1	212	
	Alphanumeric C Table	AUSINT2	212	
	Combination N and C Tables	AUSINT3	213	
Postal Codes - Linear	· ·			
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	Default All China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5) Settings	CPCDFT	213	
	*Off	CPCENAO	213	
	On	CPCENA1	213	
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	CPCMIN##	213	
Msg. Length	Maximum (2 - 80) *80	CPCMAX##	213	
Korea Post	Default All Korea Post Settings	KPCDFT	214	
	*Off	KPCENAO	214	
	On	KPCENA1	214	
Korea Post Msg. Length	Minimum (2 - 80) *4	KPCMIN##	214	
	Maximum (2 - 80) *48	KPCMAX##	214	
Korea Post Check Digit	Transmit Check Digit	КРССНК1	214	
	*Don't Transmit Check Digit	КРССНКО	214	
Imaging Default Commands				
Image Snap	Default all Imaging Commands	IMGDFT	215	
	Imaging Style - Decoding	SNPSTYO	216	
	*Imaging Style - Photo	SNPSTY1	216	
	Imaging Style - Manual	SNPSTY2	216	
	Beeper On	SNPBEP1	216	
	*Beeper Off	SNPBEPO	216	
	*Wait for Trigger Off	SNPTRGO	217	
	Wait for Trigger On	SNPTRG1	217	

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	*LED State - Off	SNPLEDO	217
	LED State - On	SNPLED1	217
	Exposure (1-7874 microseconds) *7874	SNPEXP	217
	*Gain - None	SNPGAN1	218
	Gain - Medium	SNPGAN2	218
	Gain - Heavy	SNPGAN4	218
	Gain - Maximum	SNPGAN8	218
	Target White Value (0-255) *125	SNPWHT###	218
	Delta for Acceptance (0-255) *25	SNPDEL###	218
	Update Tries (0-10) *6	SNPTRY##	219
	Target Set Point Percentage (1- 99) *50	SNPPCT##	219
mage Ship	*Infinity Filter - Off	IMGINFO	220
	Infinity Filter - On	IMGINF1	220
	*Compensation Off	IMGCORO	220
	Compensation On	IMGCOR1	220
	*Pixel Depth - 8 bits/pixel (grayscale)	IMGBPP8	220
	Pixel Depth - 1 bit/pixel (B&W)	IMGBPP1	220
	*Don't Sharpen Edges	IMGEDGO	221
	Sharpen Edges (0-23)	IMGEDG##	221
	*File Format - JPEG	IMGFMT6	221
	File Format - KIM	IMGFMTO	221
	File Format - TIFF binary	IMGFMT1	221
	File Format - TIFF binary group 4, compressed	IMGFMT2	221
	File Format - TIFF grayscale	IMGFMT3	221
	File Format - Uncompressed binary	IMGFMT4	221
	File Format - Uncompressed grayscale	IMGFMT5	221
	File Format - BMP	IMGFMT8	221
	*Histogram Stretch Off	IMGHISO	222
	Histogram Stretch On	IMGHIS1	222
	*Noise Reduction Off	IMGFSPO	223
	Noise Reduction On	IMGFSP1	223
	Invert Image around X axis	IMGNVX1	222
	Invert Image around Y axis	IMGNVY1	222

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
	*Rotate Image none	IMGROTO	223
	Rotate Image 90° right	IMGROT1	223
	Rotate Image 180° right	IMGROT2	223
	Rotate Image 90° left	IMGROT3	223
	JPEG Image Quality (0-100) *50	IMGJQF###	224
	*Gamma Correction Off	IMGGAMO	224
	Gamma Correction On (0-1000)	IMGGAM###	224
	Image Crop - Left (0-843) *0	IMGWNL###	224
	Image Crop - Right (0-843) *843	IMGWNR###	224
	Image Crop - Top (0-639) *0	IMGWNT###	224
	Image Crop - Bottom (0-639) *639	IMGWNB###	225
	Image Crop - Margin (1-238) *0	IMGMAR###	225
	Protocol - None (raw)	IMGXFRO	225
	Protocol - None (default USB)	IMGXFR2	225
	Protocol - Hmodem Compressed (default RS232)	IMGXFR3	225
	Protocol - Hmodem	IMGXFR4	225
	*Ship Every Pixel	IMGSUB1	226
	Ship Every 2nd Pixel	IMGSUB2	226
	Ship Every 3rd Pixel	IMGSUB3	226
	*Document Image Filter Off	IMGUSHO	226
	Document Image Filter On (0- 255)	IMGUSH###	226
	*Don't Ship Histogram	IMGHSTO	227
	Ship Histogram	IMGHST1	227
mage Size Compatibility	Force VGA Resolution	IMGVGA1	227
	*Native Resolution	IMGVGAO	228
ntelligent Signature Capture	Optimize On	DECBND1	228
	*Optimize Off	DECBNDO	228
Utilities			
Add Code I.D. Prefix to All Symbol	ogies (Temporary)	PRECA2,BK2995C80!	235
Show Software Revision		REVINF	235
Test Menu	On	TSTMNU1	236
	*Off	TSTMNUO	236

Selection	Setting * Indicates default	Serial Command # Indicates a numeric entry	Page
Application Plug-Ins (Apps)	*Decoding Apps On	PLGDCE1	236
	Decoding Apps Off	PLGDCE0	236
	*Formatting Apps On	PLGFOE1	236
	Formatting Apps Off	PLGFOE0	236
	List Apps	PLGINF	236
Reset the Factory Defaults	Remove Custom Defaults	DEFOVR	238
	Activate Defaults	DEFALT	238



Note: For Xenon Ultra accessory specifications, see the Xenon Ultra 196x Series Accessories User Guide on sps.honeywell.com.

Xenon Ultra Product Specifications

Parameter	Specification				
Mechanical					
Height	6.3 inches (160.2mm)				
Length	4.3 inches (108.2mm)				
Width	2.8 inches (70.4mm)				
Weight	147.2 g (5.2 oz.)				
Electrical					
Voltage Requirements (Corded Only)	4.75 to 5.25 VDC at input of the scanner				
Current Draw	Scanning MAX 500mA @ 5VDC				
Illumination LED:					
Peak Wavelength	442nm, 552nm (white LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"				
Aiming:					
Peak Wavelength LED	525nm <u>+</u> 18nm (green LED) IEC 62471: "Exempt Risk Group"				
Battery					
Lithium Ion	3300 mAHr minimum				
Number of Scans	Up to 80,000 per charge				
Expected Hours of Operation	22				
Expected Charge Time	4.5 hours				
Battery-Free Supercapacitor					
Number of Scans	450				
Radio					

Parameter (Continued)	Specification
Frequency	2.4 GHz (ISM Band) Frequency Hopping Bluetooth v 4.2
Range	33 ft. (10 m) typical with Adaptive Frequency Hopping. Class 1: 100m line of sight (default), programmable to Class 2: 10m line of sight. BLE is available.
Environmental	
Temperature Ranges:	
Operating	32°F to 122°F (0°C to 50°C)
Storage (Cordless with Battery)*	-4°F to 95°F (-20°C to 35°C) for storage up to 90 days
	-4°F to 68°F (-20°C to 20°C) for storage up to 365 days
Storage (Corded and Cordless without battery)	-40°F to 158°F (-40°C to 70°C)
Humidity	0 to 95% non-condensing
Mechanical Drop	Operational after 50 drops from 6 feet (1.8m) to concrete Corded: 10' MIL Drop Spec Cordless: 8' MIL Drop Spec
ESD Tolerance	Up to 15kV direct air Up to 8 kV indirect coupling plane
Sealant Rating	IP52
Image	
Image Size	1280 x 1080 pixels
Scan Performance	
Skew Angle	<u>+</u> 65°
Pitch Angle	<u>±</u> 65°
Motion Tolerance	Up to 4.0 m/s (157 in/s) for 13 mil UPC at optimal focus
Symbol Contrast	15% or greater (Grade A)
Scan Angle (Minimum) Retail SR Healthcare SR Healthcare HD Light Industrial XD	Horizontal: 42°; Vertical: 36° Horizontal: 42°; Vertical 36° Horizontal: 42°; Vertical 36° Horizontal: 30°; Vertical 25°

*Storage outside of this temperature range could be detrimental to battery life.

Depth of Field Charts

Retail/Healthcare Typical Performance

Focus		Standard Ra	ange	High Densit	У
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance
2 mil Code 39	mm	-	-	-	-
	in.	-	-	-	-
3 mil Code 39	mm	34	174	18	174
	in.	1.34	6.85311	0.71	6.85
5 mil Code 39	mm	23	311	7	295
	in.	0.91	12.24	0.28	11.61
10 mil Code 39	mm	0	697	0	548
	in.	0	27.44	0	21.57
13 mil UPC	mm	0	654	0	502
	in.	0	25.75	0	19.76
7.5 mil Code 128	mm	6	367	0	345
	in.	0.24	14.45	0	13.58
15 mil Code 128	mm	0	728	0	563
	in.	0	28.66	0	22.17
20 mil Code 39	mm	4	1115	4	814
	in.	0.16	43.9	0.16	32.05
5 mil PDF417	mm	45	176	22	173
	in.	1.77	6.93	0.87	6.81
6.7 mil PDF417	mm	22	249	8	237
	in.	0.87	9.80	0.31	9.33
5 mil Data Matrix	mm	-	-	35	113
	in.	-	-	1.38	4.45
7.5 mil Data Matrix	mm	34	188	16	183
	in.	1.34	7.40	0.63	7.20
10 mil Data Matrix	mm	12	273	2	249
	in.	0.47	10.75	0.08	9.8
4 mil QR Code	mm	-	-	-	-
	in.	-	-	-	-
10 mil QR Code	mm	11	262	1	230
	in.	0.43	10.32	0.04	9.06
20 mil QR Code	mm	0	495	0	392
	in.	0	19.49	0	15.43

Focus (Continued)	Standard Range		High Density	
Symbology (Continued)	Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance
Resolution (1D)	2.5 mil		2 mil	
Resolution (2D)	5 mil		5 mil	

Retail/Healthcare Guaranteed Performance

Focus		Standard Ra	ange	High Densit	y
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	Near Distance	Far Distance
2 mil Code 39	mm	-	-	-	-
	in.	-	-	-	-
3 mil Code 39	mm	52	154	28	144
	in.	2.05	6.06	1.1	5.67
5 mil Code 39	mm	30	283	13	258
	in.	1.81	11.14	0.51	10.16
10 mil Code 39	mm	0	651	0	427
	in.	0	25.63	0	16.81
13 mil UPC	mm	0	569	0	355
	in.	0	22.4	0	13.98
7.5 mil Code 128	mm	16	338	0	292
	in.	0.63	13.31	0	11.5
15 mil Code 128	mm	0	657	0	395
	in.	0	25.87	0	15.55
20 mil Code 39	mm	6	973	7	563
	in.	0.24	38.31	0.28	22.17
5 mil PDF417	mm	69	168	32	164
	in.	2.71	6.61	1.26	6.46
6.7 mil PDF417	mm	38	241	16	227
	in.	1.5	9.49	0.63	8.94
5 mil Data Matrix	mm	-	-	43	104
	in.	-	-	1.7	4.09
7.5 mil Data Matrix	mm	49	178	23	172
	in.	1.93	7.01	0.91	6.77
10 mil Data Matrix	mm	26	262	6	227
	in.	1.02	10.32	0.24	8.94
4 mil QR Code	mm	-	-	-	-
	in.	-	-	-	-
10 mil QR Code	mm	22	248	4	210
	in.	0.87	9.76	0.16	8.27
20 mil QR Code	mm	0	460	0	332
	in.	0	18.11	0	13.07

Light Industrial Typical Performance

Focus		Extreme De	nsity	
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance	
2 mil Code 39	mm	5	75	
	in.	0.2	2.95	
3 mil Code 39	mm	0	101	
	in.	0	3.98	
5 mil Code 39	mm	0	127	
	in.	0	5	
10 mil Code 39	mm	0	225	
	in.	0	8.86	
13 mil UPC	mm	26	199	
	in.	1.02	7.83	
7.5 mil Code 128	mm	0	129	
	in.	0	5.08	
15 mil Code 128	mm	25	222	
	in.	0.98	8.74	
20 mil Code 39	mm	32	354	
	in.	1.26	13.94	
5 mil PDF417	mm	11	96	
	in.	0.43	3.78	
6.7 mil PDF417	mm	5	113	
	in.	0.2	4.45	
5 mil Data Matrix	mm	3	81	
	in.	0.12	3.19	
7.5 mil Data Matrix	mm	0	109	
	in.	0	4.29	
10 mil Data Matrix	mm	3	121	
	in.	0.12	4.76	
4 mil QR Code	mm	6	63	
	in.	0.24	2.48	
10 mil QR Code	mm	8	111	
	in.	0.31	4.37	
20 mil QR Code	mm	11	179	
	in.	0.43	7.05	
Resolution (1D)	-	2 mil		
Resolution (2D)		4 mil		

Light Industrial Guaranteed Performance

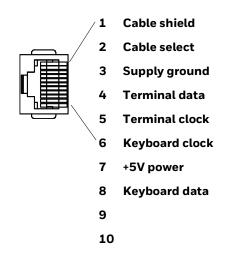
Focus		Extreme Density			
Symbology		Near Distance	Far Distance		
2 mil Code 39	mm	10	61		
	in.	0.39	2.4		
3 mil Code 39	mm	0	90		
	in.	0	3.54		
5 mil Code 39	mm	0	110		
	in.	0	4.33		
10 mil Code 39	mm	0	199		
	in.	0	7.83		
13 mil UPC	mm	30	180		
	in.	1.18	7.09		
7.5 mil Code 128	mm	0	104		
	in.	0	4.09		
15 mil Code 128	mm	28	196		
	in.	1.1	7.72		
20 mil Code 39	mm	35	323		
	in.	1.38	12.72		
5 mil PDF417	mm	20	81		
	in.	0.79	3.19		
6.7 mil PDF417	mm	10	95		
	in.	0.4	3.74		
5 mil Data Matrix	mm	6	61		
	in.	0.24	2.4		
7.5 mil Data Matrix	mm	0	90		
	in.	0	3.54		
10 mil Data Matrix	mm	8	102		
	in.	0.31	4.02		
4 mil QR Code	mm	9	54		
	in.	0.35	2.13		
10 mil QR Code	mm	17	98		
	in.	0.67	3.86		
20 mil QR Code	mm	20	164		
	in.	0.79	6.5		

Standard Connector Pinouts

Note: The following pin assignments are not compatible with some Honeywell legacy products. Use of a cable with improper pin assignments may lead to damage to the unit. Use of any cables not provided by the manufacturer may result in damage not covered by your warranty.

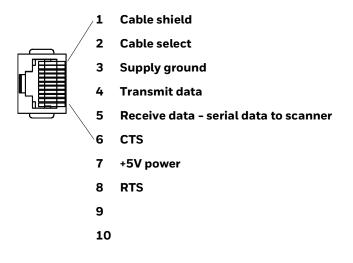
Keyboard Wedge

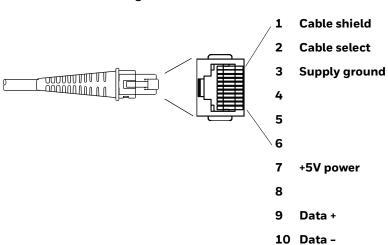
10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug - connects to the base



Serial Output

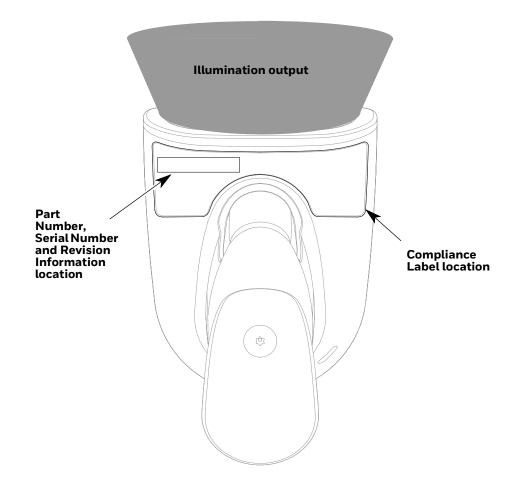
10 Pin RJ41 Modular Plug - connects to the base





10 Pin Modular Plug - connects to the base

Required Safety Labels



13 MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

Repairs

Repairs and/or upgrades are not to be performed on this product. These services are to be performed only by an authorized service center (see Customer Support on page xvii).

Maintenance

Your device provides reliable and efficient operation with a minimum of care. Although specific maintenance is not required, the following sections describe periodic checks to ensure dependable operation.

Clean the Scanner

The scanner or base's housing and scanner window may be cleaned with a soft cloth dampened with water or a mild detergent-water solution. If a mild detergent solution is used, wipe the scanner or base with a clean cloth dampened only with water to remove any detergent residue.

Note: Reading performance may degrade if the scanner's window is not clean. If the window is visibly dirty, or if the scanner isn't operating well, clean the window.



- Caution: Do not submerge the scanner in water or cleaning solution. Do not use abrasive wipes or cloths on the scanner's window. Abrasive wipes may scratch the window. Never use solvents (e.g., acetone) on the housing or window. Solvents may damage the finish or the window.
- Caution: Ensure all components are dry prior to mating the scanner with charging accessories or other peripheral devices. Mating wet components may cause damage not covered by the warranty.

About Disinfectant-ready Models

Xenon Ultra scanners are equipped with an external plastic housing that is designed to resist the effects of harsh chemicals and disinfectant-ready housings (DRH) for the healthcare and general-purpose markets.

Please refer to the General Purpose Disinfectant-Ready Housing Cleaning Guide located on your device's product page at sps.honeywell.com.

Please refer to the Healthcare Disinfectant-Ready Housing Cleaning Guide located on your device's product page at sps.honeywell.com.

Inspect Cords and Connectors

Inspect the interface cable and connector for wear or other signs of damage. A badly worn cable or damaged connector may interfere with scanner operation. Contact your distributor for information about cable replacement. Cable replacement instructions are on page 288.

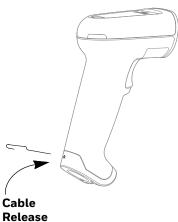
Replace Cables in Corded Scanners

The standard interface cable is attached to the scanner with an 10-pin modular connector. When properly seated, the connector is held in the scanner's handle by a flexible retention tab. The interface cable is designed to be field replaceable.

- Order replacement cables from Honeywell or from an authorized distributor.
- When ordering a replacement cable, specify the cable part number of the original interface cable.

Replace an Interface Cable

- 1. Turn off the power to the host system.
- 2. Disconnect the scanner's cable from the terminal or computer.
- 3. Locate the small hole on the back of the scanner's handle. This is the cable release.
- 4. Straighten one end of a paper clip.
- 5. Insert the end of the paper clip into the small hole and press in. This depresses the retention tab, releasing the connector. Pull the connector out while maintaining pressure on the paper clip, then remove the paper clip.



 Replace with the new cable. Insert the connector into the opening and press firmly. The connector is keyed to go in only one way, and will click into place.

Replace Cables and Batteries in Cordless Systems

Replace an Interface Cable in a Base

- 1. Turn the power to the host system OFF.
- 2. Disconnect the base's cable from the terminal or computer.
- 3. Turn the base upside down.
- 4. Pull the connector out while maintaining pressure on the connector release clip.
- 5. Replace with the new cable. Insert the connector into the opening and press firmly. The connector is keyed to go in only one way, and will click into place.

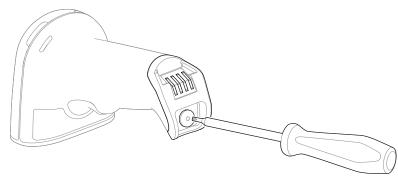


Horizontal CCB

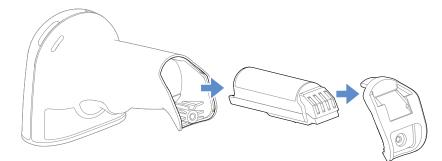


Change a Contact Battery or Battery-Free Supercapacitor

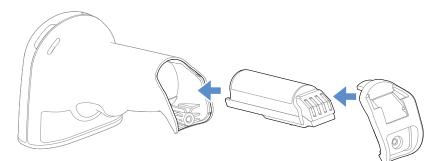
1. Remove the screw on the bottom of the scanner with a T10 torx. Keep the screw nearby.



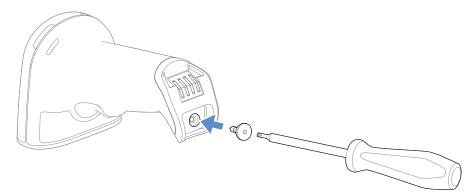
2. Remove the end cap and remove the battery or battery-free supercapacitor from the handle.



3. Insert replacement battery or battery-free supercapacitor.

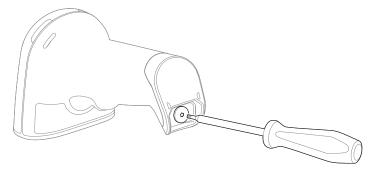


4. Replace end cap and screw together.

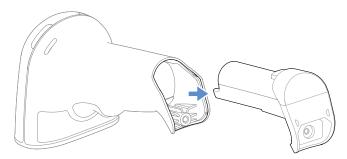


Change a Contactless Battery or Battery-Free Supercapacitor

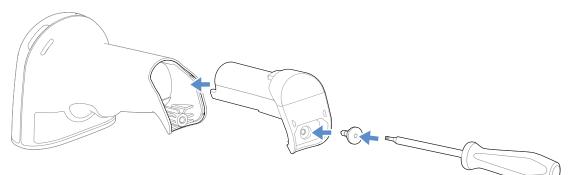
1. Remove the screw on the bottom of the scanner with a T10 torx. Keep the screw nearby.



2. Remove the end cap/battery or battery-free supercapacitor from the handle.



3. Replace end cap/battery or battery-free supercapacitor and screw together.



Troubleshoot a Corded Scanner

The scanner automatically performs self-tests whenever you turn it on. If your scanner is not functioning properly, review the following Troubleshooting Guide to try to isolate the problem.

Is the power on? Is the aimer on?

If the aimer isn't illuminated, check that:

• The cable is connected properly.

- The host system power is on (if external power isn't used).
- The trigger works.

Is the scanner having trouble reading your symbols?

If the scanner isn't reading symbols well, check that the symbols:

- Aren't smeared, rough, scratched, or exhibiting voids.
- Aren't coated with frost or water droplets on the surface.
- Are enabled in the scanner or in the decoder to which the scanner connects.

Is the barcode displayed but not entered?

The barcode is displayed on the host device correctly, but you still have to press a key to enter it (the Enter/Return key or the Tab key, for example).

• You need to program a suffix. Programming a suffix enables the scanner to output the barcode data plus the key you need (such as "CR") to enter the data into your application. Refer to Prefix/Suffix Overview on page 123 for further information.

If you aren't sure what programming options have been set in the scanner, or if you want the factory default settings restored, refer to Reset the Factory Defaults on page 238.

Troubleshoot a Cordless System

Troubleshoot a Base

Note: Go to sps.honeywell.com and then select **Support** > **Software and Downloads** to check for the latest software for both the scanner and the base.

If your base is not functioning properly, review the following troubleshooting guidelines to try to isolate the problem.

Is the red LED on?

If the red LED isn't illuminated, check that:

- The power cable is connected properly and there is power at the power source.
- The host system power is on (if external power isn't used).

Is the green LED on?

If the green LED isn't illuminated, check that:

- The scanner is correctly placed in the base.
- There is external power or 12 volt host power.
- Charge mode is turned on. (See Beeper and LED Sequences and Meaning on page 42)

• The battery/battery-free supercapacitor is not bad or deeply discharged. In some cases, the scanner's battery may trickle charge to bring it into an acceptable level and then transition to a normal charge cycle.

Troubleshoot a Cordless Scanner

Note: Make sure that your scanner's battery/battery-free supercapacitor is charged.

Go to sps.honeywell.com and then select **Support** > **Software and Downloads** to check for the latest software for both the scanner and the base.to check for the latest software for both the scanner and the base or Access Point.

Is the scanner having trouble reading your symbols?

If the scanner isn't reading symbols well, check that the symbols:

- Aren't smeared, rough, scratched, or exhibiting voids.
- Aren't coated with frost or water droplets on the surface.
- Are enabled in the base or Access Point to which the scanner connects.

Is the barcode displayed but not entered into the application?

The barcode is displayed on the host device correctly, but you still have to press a key to enter it (the Enter/Return key or the Tab key, for example).

• You need to program a suffix. Programming a suffix enables the scanner to output the barcode data plus the key you need (such as "CR") to enter the data into your application. Refer to Prefix/Suffix Overview on page 123 for further information.

The scanner won't read your barcode at all.

- Scan the sample barcodes in the back of this manual. If the scanner reads the sample barcodes, check that your barcode is readable.
- Verify that your barcode symbology is enabled (see Chapter 8).

REFERENCE CHARTS

Symbology Charts

Note: "m" represents the AIM modifier character. Refer to International Technical Specification, Symbology Identifiers, for AIM modifier character details.

Prefix/Suffix entries for specific symbologies override the universal (All Symbologies, 99) entry.

Refer to Data Edit beginning on page 123 and Data Format/Queue Busting beginning on page 129 for information about using Code ID and AIM ID.

	AIM			
Linear Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Codabar]Fm	0-1	а	61
Code 11]H3		h	68
Code 128]Cm	0, 1, 2, 4	j	6A
Code 32 Pharmaceutical (PARAF)]X0		<	3C
Code 39 (supports Full ASCII mode)]Am	0, 1, 3, 4, 5, 7	b	62
TCIF Linked Code 39 (TLC39)]L2		Т	54
Code 93 and 93i]Gm	0-9, A-Z, a-m	i	69
EAN]Em	0, 1, 3, 4	d	64
EAN-13 (including Bookland EAN)]E0		d	64
EAN-13 with Add-On]E3		d	64
EAN-13 with Extended Coupon Code]E3		d	64
EAN-8]E4		D	44

Linear Symbologies

	AIM		Honeywell	
Linear Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
EAN-8 with Add-On]E3		D	44
GS1				
GS1 DataBar]e <i>m</i>	0	У	79
GS1 DataBar Limited]e <i>m</i>		{	7B
GS1 DataBar Expanded]e <i>m</i>		}	7D
GS1-128]C1		Ι	49
2 of 5				
China Post (Hong Kong 2 of 5)]X0		Q	51
Interleaved 2 of 5]l <i>m</i>	0, 1, 3	е	65
Matrix 2 of 5]XO		m	6D
NEC 2 of 5]XO		Y	59
Straight 2 of 5 IATA]Rm	0, 1, 3	f	66
Straight 2 of 5 Industrial]S0		f	66
MSI]M <i>m</i>	0,1	g	67
Telepen]Bm		t	74
UPC		0, 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, A, B, C		
UPC-A]EO		С	63
UPC-A with Add-On]E3		С	63
UPC-A with Extended Coupon Code]E3		С	63
UPC-E]EO		E	45
UPC-E with Add-On]E3		E	45
UPC-E1]XO		E	45

Add Honeywell Code ID			5C80
Add AIM Code ID			5C81
Add Backslash			5C5C
Batch mode quantity		5	35

2D Symbologies

	AIM		Honeywell	
2D Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Aztec Code]zm	0-9, A-C	Z	7A

	AIM		Honeywell	
2D Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
Chinese Sensible Code (Han Xin Code)]h0		Н	48
Codablock A]06	0, 1, 4, 5, 6	V	56
Codablock F]O <i>m</i>	0, 1, 4, 5, 6	q	71
Code 49]Tm	0, 1, 2, 4	l	6C
Data Matrix]d <i>m</i>	0-6	W	77
Dot Code]JO			2E
GS1]em	0-3	У	79
GS1 Composite]em	0-3	У	79
GS1 DataBar Omnidirectional]em	0-3	у	79
MaxiCode]Um	0-3	х	78
PDF417]Lm	0-2	r	72
MicroPDF417]Lm	0-5	R	52
QR Code]Qm	0-6	S	73
Micro QR Code]Qm		S	73

Postal Symbologies

	AIM	AIM		
Postal Symbology	ID	Possible modifiers (m)	ID	Hex
All Symbologies				99
Australian Post	JXO		А	41
British Post]XO		В	42
Canadian Post]XO		С	43
China Post	JXO		Q	51
InfoMail	JXO		,	2c
Intelligent Mail Barcode]XO		М	4D
Japanese Post	JXO		J	4Α
KIX (Netherlands) Post]XO		К	4B
Korea Post]XO		?	3F
Planet Code	JXO		L	4C
Postal-4i	JXO		Ν	4E
Postnet]XO		Ρ	50

ASCII Conversion Chart (Code Page 1252)

In keyboard applications, ASCII Control Characters can be represented in 3 different ways, as shown below. The CTRL+X function is OS and application dependent. The following table lists some commonly used Microsoft functionality. This table applies to U.S. style keyboards. Certain characters may differ depending on your Country Code/PC regional settings.

Non-pr control	intable characters	SCII (CTRL+X)	Mode			
			Control + X Mode Off	Windows Mode Control + X Mode On (KBDCAS2)		
DEC	HEX Char		(KBDCASO)	CTRL + X	CTRL + X function	
0	00	NUL	Reserved	CTRL+@		
1	01	SOH	NP Enter	CTRL+ A	Select all	
2	02	STX	Caps Lock	CTRL+ B	Bold	
3	03	ETX	ALT Make	CTRL+ C	Сору	
4	04	EOT	ALT Break	CTRL+ D	Bookmark	
5	05	ENQ	CTRL Make	CTRL+ E	Center	
6	06	ACK	CTRL Break	CTRL+ F	Find	
7	07	BEL	Enter / Ret	CTRL+ G		
8	08	BS	(Apple Make)	CTRL+ H	History	
9	09	HT	Tab	CTRL+ I	Italic	
10	0A	LF	(Apple Break)	CTRL+ J	Justify	
11	0B	VT	Tab	CTRL+ K	hyperlink	
12	0C	FF	Delete	CTRL+ L	list, left align	
13	0D	CR	Enter / Ret	CTRL+ M		
14	0E	SO	Insert	CTRL+ N	New	
15	0F	SI	ESC	CTRL+ O	Open	
16	10	DLE	F11	CTRL+ P	Print	
17	11	DC1	Home	CTRL+ Q	Quit	
18	12	DC2	PrtScn	CTRL+ R		
19	13	DC3	Backspace	CTRL+ S	Save	
20	14	DC4	Back Tab	CTRL+ T		
21	15	NAK	F12	CTRL+ U		
22	16	SYN	F1	CTRL+ V	Paste	
23	17	ETB	F2	CTRL+ W		
24	18	CAN	F3	CTRL+ X		
25	19	EM	F4	CTRL+ Y		
26	1A	SUB	F5	CTRL+ Z		
27	1B	ESC	F6	CTRL+ [
28	1C	FS	F7	CTRL+ \		
29	1D	GS	F8	CTRL+]		
30	1E	RS	F9	CTRL+ ^		
31	1F	US	F10	CTRL+ -		
127	7F		NP Enter			

Lower ASCII Reference Table

Note: Windows Code page 1252 and lower ASCII use the same characters.

DEC	ble Chara HEX		DEC		Character	DEC		Character
-		Character		HEX	Character		HEX	Character
32	20	<space></space>	64	40	@	96	60	`
33	21	!	65	41	A	97	61	а
34	22	"	66	42	В	98	62	b
35	23	#	67	43	C	99	63	С
36	24	\$	68	44	D	100	64	d
37	25	%	69	45	E	101	65	е
38	26	&	70	46	F	102	66	f
39	27	'	71	47	G	103	67	g
40	28	(72	48	Н	104	68	h
41	29)	73	49	I	105	69	i
42	2A	*	74	4A	J	106	6A	j
43	2B	+	75	4B	K	107	6B	k
44	2C	,	76	4C	L	108	6C	1
45	2D	-	77	4D	M	109	6D	m
46	2E		78	4E	N	110	6E	n
47	2F	/	79	4F	0	111	6F	0
48	30	0	80	50	P	112	70	р
49	31	1	81	51	Q	113	71	q
50	32	2	82	52	R	114	72	r
51	33	3	83	53	S	115	73	S
52	34	4	84	54	Т	116	74	t
53	35	5	85	55	U	117	75	u
54	36	6	86	56	V	118	76	V
55	37	7	87	57	W	119	77	w
56	38	8	88	58	Х	120	78	x
57	39	9	89	59	Y	121	79	у
58	3A	:	90	5A	Z	122	7A	Z
59	3B	;	91	5B	[123	7B	{
60	3C	<	92	5C	١	124	7C	
61	3D	=	93	5D]	125	7D	}
62	3E	>	94	5E	^	126	7E	~
63	3F	?	95	5F		127	7F	

Extended ASCII Characters

DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code			
128	80	€	Ç	up arrow ↑	0x48			
129	81		ü	down arrow ↓	0x50			
130	82	,	é	right arrow \rightarrow	0x4B			
131	83	f	â	left arrow ←	0x4D			
132	84	"	ä	Insert	0x52			
133	85		à	Delete	0x53			
134	86	†	å	Home	0x47			
135	87	‡	ç	End	0x4F			
136	88	^	ê	Page Up	0x49			
137	89	%	ë	Page Down	0x51			
138	8A	Š	è	Right ALT	0x38			
139	8B	<	Ï	Right CTRL	0x1D			

Extend	led ASCI	l Character	s (Continı	Jed)	
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code
140	8C	Œ	î	Reserved	n/a
141	8D		ì	Reserved	n/a
142	8E	Ž	Ä	Numeric Keypad Enter	0x1C
143	8F		Å	Numeric Keypad /	0x35
144	90		É	F1	0x3B
145	91	4	æ	F2	0x3C
146	92	,	Æ	F3	0x3D
147	93	"	Ô	F4	0x3E
148	94	"	ö	F5	0x3F
149	95	•	ò	F6	0x40
150	96	_	û	F7	0x41
151	97	_	ù	F8	0x42
152	98	~	ÿ	F9	0x43
153	99	тм	Ö	F10	0x44
154	9A	š	Ü	F11	0x57
155	9B	>	¢	F12	0x58
156	90	œ	£	Numeric Keypad +	0x4E
157	9D		¥	Numeric Keypad -	0x4A
158	9E	ž	Pts	Numeric Keypad *	0x37
159	9F	Ÿ	f	Caps Lock	0x3A
160	A0		á	Num Lock	0x45
161	A1		í	Left Alt	0x38
162	A1 A2	¢	Ó	Left Ctrl	0x1D
163	A3	£	ú	Left Shift	0x1D 0x2A
164	A4	2 ¤	ñ	Right Shift	0x36
165	A4 A5	¥	Ñ	Print Screen	n/a
166	A5 A6		a	Tab	0x0F
167	A0 A7		0	Shift Tab	0x0F 0x8F
167	A7 A8	§ 			
169	A0 A9	©	<u>ن</u>	Enter Esc	0x1C 0x01
170	A9	a	- -	Alt Make	0x36
	AA		1/2		0x36 0xB6
171 172	AB	« -	1/2 1/4	Alt Break	
172	AC			Control Make	0x1D
173	AD		i	Control Break	0x9D
174	AE	® 	«	Alt Sequence with 1 Character Ctrl Sequence with 1 Character	0x36
175	B0	•	»		0x1D
177	B1	2			
178	B2	3			
179	B3	3 /			
180	B4		+1		
181	B5	μ	_		
182	B6	1			
183	B7	•			
184	B8	د 1	1		
185	B9	0			
186	BA				
187	BB	»	 		
188	BC	1/4			
189	BD	1/2	<u>Ш</u>		
190	BE	3⁄4	4		
191	BF	Ļ			
192	C0	À	L		
193	C1	Á			

Extend	ed ASCI	l Character	s (Contini	ued)	
DEC	HEX	CP 1252		Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code
194	C2	Â			
		Ã	<u>T</u>		
195	C3	Ä			
196	C4		-		
197	C5	Å	Í		
198	C6	Æ			
199	C7	Ç			
200	C8	È	L		
201	C9	É			
202	CA	Ê	<u> </u>		
203	CB	Ë	<u> </u>		
204	CC	Ì	F		
205	CD	Í	=		
206	CE	Î	#		
207	CF	Ï	⊥		
208	D0	Ð	Ш		
209	D1	Ñ	_		
210	D2	Ò	π		
211	D3	Ó	Π.		
212	D4	Ô	L		
213	D5	Õ	F		
214	D6	Ö			
215	D7	×	<u>∣ π</u> 		
216	D8	Ø	II ‡		
217	D0	Ù	1		
218	D3	Ú			
219	DB	Û			
219	DB	Ü			
	DD	Ý			
221					
222	DE	Þ			
223	DF	ß			
224	E0	à	α		
225	E1	á	ß		
226	E2	â	Г		
227	E3	ã	Π		
228	E4	ä	Σ		
229	E5	å	σ		
230	E6	æ	μ		
231	E7	Ç	Т		
232	E8	è	Φ		
233	E9	é	Θ		
234	EA	ê	Ω		
235	EB	ë	δ		
236	EC	ì	∞		
237	ED	Í	φ		
238	EE	î	ε		
239	EF	ï	Ω		
240	F0	ð	=		
241	F1	ñ	±		
242	F2	ò	2		
243	F3	ó	_ ≤		
244	F4	ô	†		
245	F5	õ			
245	F6	ö	÷		
240	F7	÷	÷ ≈		
2+1	17	•	-		

Extended ASCII Characters (Continued)							
DEC	HEX	CP 1252	ASCII	Alternate Extended	PS2 Scan Code		
248	F8	ø	0				
249	F9	ù					
250	FA	ú					
251	FB	û					
252	FC	ü	n				
253	FD	ý	2				
254	FE	þ					
255	FF	ÿ					

ISO 2022/ISO 646 Character Replacements

Code pages define the mapping of character codes to characters. If the data received does not display with the proper characters, it may be because the barcode being scanned was created using a code page that is different from the one the host program is expecting. If this is the case, select the code page with which the barcodes were created. The data characters should then appear properly.

Code Page Selection Method/ Country	Standard	Keyboard Country	Honeywell Code Page Option
United States (standard ASCII)	ISO/IEC 646-IRV	n/a	1
Automatic National Character Replacement	ISO/IEC 2022	n/a	2 (default)
Binary Code page	n/a	n/a	3
Default "Automatic National Character Page options for Code128, Code 39 and		ct the below Honey	well Code
United States	ISO/IEC 646-06	0	1
Canada	ISO /IEC 646-121	54	95
Canada	ISO /IEC 646-122	18	96
Japan	ISO/IEC 646-14	28	98
China	ISO/IEC 646-57	92	99
Great Britain (UK)	ISO /IEC 646-04	7	87
France	ISO /IEC 646-69	3	83
Germany	ISO/IEC646-21	4	84
Switzerland	ISO /IEC 646-CH	6	86
Sweden / Finland (extended Annex C)	ISO/IEC 646-11	2	82
Ireland	ISO /IEC 646-207	73	97
Denmark	ISO/IEC 646-08	8	88
Norway	ISO/IEC 646-60	9	94
Italy	ISO/IEC 646-15	5	85
Portugal	ISO/IEC 646-16	13	92

Code Page Selection Method/ Country	Standard	Keyboard Country	Honeywell Code Page Option
Spain	ISO/IEC 646-17	10	90
Spain	ISO/IEC 646-85	51	91

Dec	35 36 64 91 92 93 94 96 123 124 125 126													
Hex			23	24	40	5B	5C	5D	5E	60	7B	7C	7D	7E
US	0	1	#	\$	@	[١]	^	`	{	I	}	~
CA	54	95	#	\$	à	â	ç	ê	î	ô	é	ù	è	û
CA	18	96	#	\$	à	â	ç	ê	É	ô	é	ù	è	û
JP	28	98	#	\$	@	[¥]	^	``	{		}	-
CN	92	99	#	¥	@	[\]	^	``	{		}	-
GB	7	87	£	\$	@	[\]	^	``	{		}	~
FR	3	83	£	\$	à	o	ç	§	^	μ	é	ù	è	
DE	4	84	#	\$	§	Ä	Ö	Ü	^	`	ä	ö	ü	ß
СН	6	86	ù	\$	à	é	ç	ê	î	ô	ä	ö	ü	û
SE/FI	2	82	#	¤	É	Ä	Ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	ö	å	ü
DK	8	88	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	^	`	æ	ø	å	~
NO	9	94	#	\$	@	Æ	Ø	Å	^	``	æ	ø	å	_
IE	73	97	£	\$	Ó	É	Í	Ú	Á	ó	é	í	ú	á
п	5	85	£	\$	§	0	ç	é	^	ù	à	ò	è	ì
РТ	13	92	#	\$	§	Ã	Ç	Õ	^	`	ã	Ç	õ	o
ES	10	90	#	\$	§	i	Ñ	ć	^	`	o	ñ	Ç	~
ES	51	91	#	\$	•	i	Ñ	Ç	ć	``	,	ñ	Ç	
COUNTRY Country Countr														

Keyboard Key References

01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0F 4B 50 55 5A 5F 64 6 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 1D 4C 51 56 60 65 5C 61 66 66 67 5C 61 66 <td< th=""><th></th></td<>	
1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2B 5C 61 66	69
	61
	0A
2C 2E 2F 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 39 53 5D 62 67	~
3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 38 40 4F 54 59 63 68	90

104 Key U.S. Style Keyboard

6E 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 7A 7B	7C 7D 7E	
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09 0A 0B 0C 0D 0F	4B 50 55	5A 5F 64 69
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1A 1B 1C 2B	4C 51 56	5B 60 65
1E 1F 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 2A		5C 61 66
2C 2D 2E 2F 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 39	53	5D 62 67
3A 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F 38 40	4F 54 59	63 68 60

105 Key European Style Keyboard

SAMPLE SYMBOLS

















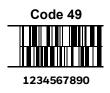
Matrix 2 of 5



Straight 2 of 5 Industrial





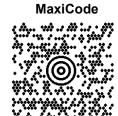


SAMPLE SYMBOLS (CONTINUED)

Postnet |...||..||...|| Zip Code Data Matrix

Test Symbol

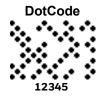




Test Message



Micro PDF417





₩₩**₩₩₩₩₩₩₩**₩₩ ĸ4ĸ **4**















PROGRAMMING CHART

0

K2K

2

PROGRAMMING CHART (CONTINUED)



KCK С

KEK Е













MNUSAV. Save

> Note: If you make an error while scanning the letters or digits (before scanning Save), scan **Discard**, scan the correct letters or digits, and **Save** again.

Xenon Ultra 196X Series User Guide

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